This take

790er

With Dates of Events. OS ANGELES THEATER—TONIGHT—

"The Two Escutcheons" FRAWLEY Theater Hit, COMPANY WIFE." Opportunity.

BARGAIN MATINEE SATURDAY, 25c, 50c, 75c

URBANK THEATER- EDWARD MALIM, Lessee and Man's ger SECOND WEEK OF OPERATIC SUCCESS. ATINEE TODAY AND TONIGHT—"LA MASCOTTE."
Special Request, "OLIVETTE." Friday, Saturday and Sunday
rday Matinee—"THE BEGGAR STUDENT." Pretty Girls—Funny
Costumes—The Frettiest Chorus in Los Angeles. Fine effects.
30c and 50c. Matinee prices—10c and 50c.

South Main St., Between First and Second. In Conjunction with San Francisco Orpheum

Mr. Lew Hawkins, America's Fremier Singing and Talking Comedian; Annie Suits, Botham's Favorite Comedienne and Vocalist; Eldors and Norine. Ferguson and Mack; Marguerite Ferguson: Vassar Quartette; Mile. Alma; Abdullah.

Performance Every Evening. Matinee Saturday and Sunday.

Evening Prices—10c, 25c and 50c. Single Box and Loge Seats, 75c.

Telephone 147.

SEVENTEENTH ANNUAL FAIR— DISTRICT AGRICULTURAL ASSOCIATION No. 6, RACES - - RACES - - RACES. Agricultural Park,..... October 18, 18, 14, 15, 16, 17, 1896,

Trotting, Pacing and Running Races. Grand Industrial Exhibition in the Pavilion at the Park, Tuesday, Ladies' day, Ladies admitted free.

J. C. NEWTON. President.

M. F. BROWN, Secretary.

C. T. U. HALL-Monday Evening, Oct. 12, at 8 p.m. MRS. L. B. CLEVELAND, The Famous Southern Lecturer, will deliver her great lecture on "Husbands. Wives and Sweethearts."

Admission 35c. Reserved seats 50c. No one can afford to miss it.

SOUTH PASADENA OSTRICH FARM— :-: 60 Gigantic Birds of all Ages:-: Open to the public Saturday next, October 17.

THRYSANTHEMUM FLOWER SHOW-

MISCELLANEOUS-ARBONS-

"Every Picture a Work of Art."

The Entire Display of Carbons that was awarded a Gold Medal at Chautauqua in June, and Special Silver Medal at Columbus in July, will be on Exhibition at

The Agricultural Fair This Week.

OLD AND SILVER REFINERS & ASSAYERSMining Experts and Consulting Total

REDONDO CARNATIONS_AND CHOICE ROSES: CUT FLOWER 256 S. Broadway, same side City Hall. Tel. 118 Flowers packed for estipping.

The Morning's Rews in The Times IN BRIEF.

The City-Pages 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11.

The murderers of Wong Chee on Stoermer in contempt of court.... Routine business transacted at the meeting of Presbytery A notable Republican rally at Lankershim.... Fred Cooper arraigned for embezzling....The Woman's Parliament in session....Ladies' day at Agricultural Park draws a big crowd....Results of sterday's races....A blue-blooded German jailed The coming charity ball....A lien suit against the Wilcox

nona....An Orange county editress on threatening....A silverite orator at Santa Barbara disgraces himself and man pleads guilty to receiving stolen goods....Riverside's electric-light sysdino's Supervisors improve the road to Virginia Dale district Vigorous campaigning in Ventura county....Great political gathering at San Diego.

Hartford, Wis.; Chillicothe, O.; Great Barrington, Mass.; Duluth, Cape May, N. J.; Portsmouth, N H., Lafayette, Ind., and other places.

Closing stocks at New York....Bond list....San Francisco mining stocks.... .Coinage of silver....San Francisco, Chicago and ence votes....Waterloo cup coursing meet.

SAN FRANCISCO, October 13 .- For Southern California: Fair Wednesday, except partly cloudy and foggy along the northern coast Wednesday morning; probably cooler at Los Angeles Wednesday afternoon; fresh westerly

GOODWIN PROTESTS.

Elliott's is Cruel.

Pacific Coast—Page 2.

A coach containing a High School trial....Italian parents contesting for football team overturned near Sathe custody of their child....W. E. linas-One youth killed and others injured....Mrs. Auzerais-Hoyt and husband in jail at Cannes for debt .. News from Americans mining in Korea....New results figured out in the California Associated Cycling Club's road race....A Chinese junk dealer stabbed by a highbinder in his own room-San Francisco police to break up the gambling houses....Discovery of the bones of long-missing Pine Fla man Failure of Co-operative Fruit Company of Newcastle.... A Sacramento woman found guilty of enticing Real-estate Agent Pscherhofer.... Sharkey going to New York to pull Corbett's nose if the latter won't fight.

on the 27th inst....Republicans in South Dakota claim the State will go for McKinley despite the efforts of Pettigrew and Popocrats....The Ohio standard-bearer addresses a big dele gation from Lehigh Valley....Bryan has an exclusive talk with the ladies ... The Populist Executive Committee issues an address to their party advising them concerning the Sewall-Watson mond, Wis.; Chicago, Janesville, Wis.; dispute....Bettle Tripp commits suicide at Butte....Mrs. Carrie Johnson and her children arrested for stealing.... A former government scout engaged Cuba....Secretary Morton says he would rather see McKinley elected than Bryan....The I. T. U. denounce the "efforts of corporations" to influ-

The Castles in court at London The woman nearly prostrated-Rebail ... Rebellion in Madagascar. Ex-Grand Vizier Diamie found dead in his cell at Tangiers.... Harcourt to resign the Liberal leadership....Tynan released from a French prison.

MEW YORK, Oct. 13.—The following cable message has been received at the New York office of the Associated Press:

"To the Associated Press: Just received press notices in which my name is mentioned in connection with Miss Maxine Elliott. Cruel injustice has been done her. We never contemplated matrimony, our relations being purely business ones. She was engaged by Mr. Appleton, my manager, as leading support in my company. That she should figure as co-respondent in my divorce suit is an outrage, and I request the American press to vindicate the lady from all accusations brought to bear.

(Signed) "NAT GOODWIN," "Sydney, N.S.W."

South Dakota Added to M'Kinley's List.

Pettigrew and Popocrats Peter Out at the Pinch.

Republicans Will Have Over Five Thousand Majority.

ecretary Morton Hopes to See the Ohioan Elected as Against Bryan The Standard-Bearer Addresses a Delegation from Lehigh Valley.

(BY THE TIMES' SPECIAL WIRE.) NEW, YORK, Oct. 13.—(Special Dis patch.) The Mail and Express correpondent telegraphs from Sioux Falls,

"It is only within the past thre weeks that the Republican national managers have encouraged the State leaders in the two Dakotas to make a vigorous fight, and in no place through so surprisingly favorable. I canno Dakota, for I have not had an oppor tunity to go there, but in South Da kota the prospects for a McKinley maority are so bright that 5000 is now regarded as a low estimate. This is by no means a narrow margin in the total vote of only 80,000, but National Chairman Kittredge and others are inclined to put McKinley's majority above that

"This is to happen, bear in mind, in tional Senate by two Populists-Kyle of office next March, and Pettigrew who got into the Senate as a Reput lican and bolted the St. Louis conven tion, taking the delegation with him Pettigrew lives in this city, but unless signs are most deceptive, he is going to find much to ponder over in the elec tion returns from Sioux Falls and the

ountry in November. "The bolting Senator started out in the summer to roll up a big Popocratic majority in this county, called by the euphonious name of Minnehaha, and he has made this the center of his fight. Last year the Republicans polled 2780 votes against 2025 of the combined opposition. Instead of giving a Popo-cratic majority, as Pettigrew fondly hoped, the county will undoubtedly give close to 1000 majority for McKin-

SECRETARY MORTON'S CHOICE. de Prefers the Election of McKinley to Bryan. (BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

WASHINGTON, Oct. 13.—Secretary Morton has returned to Washington and resumed his official duties, after an extended vacation in the West. He an extended vacation in the West. He announced today that he would take no part in the elections, but added that if he was to vote he would cast his ballot for Palmer and Buckner, whose platform he regarded as satisfactory. His reasons for not voting, he said, is the distance of his Nebraska home from Washington and the lack of necessity Washington and the lack of necessity for his vote, which, he said, he would cast if it were likely to make any es-sential difference.

sential difference.
"I personally hope for McKinley's election as between McKinley and Bryan," he said, "but I don't think any one of the candidates can rest on their oars with assurance. The Republican party is making a great mistake now in bragging of strength and not doing more work. There is no certainty until the election is an assured fact, and less noise and more work in convincing voters of the right principles and the right creed for them to support is needed. This failure to appreciate the strength of the opposition was evident when the election note was first sounded. I belong to a political party which belittled the extent of the free-silver craze in its own ranks. This is an unfortunate and mistaken idea and the sconer 'the party managers put forth all their efforts to bring out all the votes possible the better it will be."

CANTON, Oct. 13.—A special train of ten coaches arrived this morning with miners, mechanics and other citizens of Lehigh Valley, Pa. Inclement

miners, mechanics and other citizens of Lehigh Valley, Pa. Inclement weather still continues, so the visitors were taken to the Tabernacle, where Maj. McKinley went to receive their greetings. They gave him an enthusiastic reception and applauded his address to the echo. The visitors were introduced by ex-Congressman Charles T. Brumm. Maj. McKinley said:

"We have in this country more free trade than there is in any other country in the world. But it is free trade among ourselves. (Applause.) With forty-five States and seventy millions of people, we are constantly vying with each other in every section of our common country for the promotion of the highest interests of our respective population. The triumph of one section is the triumph of the other. All are working together for general good. When we have free trade with another country it should be in those products which we cannot produce and which we must have, and in exchange for which those countries will take the products we make and grow, and we should put a duty upon those foreign products that compute with American products sufficient not only to supply enough revenue for the uses of the government, but sufficient to protect American people in their own occupations against the products of the cheaper and under-paid labor of the world. That semes to be to me to be the dictate of enlightened patriotism, and it is certainly one of the greatest fundamental doctrines of the Republican party.

"If we ever needed a tariff, we need it now we have it in the set of the countries of the certain the countries of the centain the

"If we ever needed a tariff, we need it now, we need it for the Federal treasury, for this is in a condition of deficiency, and we need it for the peo-

Weary Willie to Dusty Rhodes, as the Democratic orator yawps about "American serfs," "suffering some of toll," and the "downtrodden laboring classes:" "Say, Dusty, that means us; we'se de people, an' no mistake." than we did, and had gone abroad for these products, could a thousand millions more of agricultural products have been sold abroad at the price which products brought here? We sold all the wheat and corn and meat products that Europe could take at the price that prevailed. Who can tell at what prices Europe would have taken five hundred millions or even one hundred millions more of our agricultural prod-

BUT ONE CLASS RESPONDS TO SUCH APPEALS,

ple of this country, for they, like the treasury, are generally in a condition of deficiency.

"Now whatever will put money into the public treasury and stop debts and deficiencies and bonds, I take it every-body would say would be a wise and patriotic policy, and no matter what pollitical party they have belonged to in the past, I take it that a policy that will encourage our own people to dig coal, to manufacture products, to employ labor, is a policy that ought to commend itself to every patriotic citizen, and if the tariff will do these things the tariff surely is what, by our votes, three weeks from today, we ought to sustain."

Shouting Republicans from Sandusky county, O., arrived from two directions today, the first detachment of several cars coming in over the Cleveland, Canton and Southern Railway; and the other coming in over the interurban line via Massillon. Clyde, Fremont, Bellevue and Green Spring were represented in the party of 800 or 1000. Their demonstration was held in the Tabernacle, where Thomas Dewey delivered the introduction, to which Maj. McKinley responded, saying, among other things:

"I know of no State in the Union."

ley responded, saying, among other things:

"I know of no State in the Union that has contributed more to the honor and glory of the Republic than the State of Ohio. I know of no country in the State that carries the ashes of more noble dead than Sandusky country, which you represent. (Applause.) Gen. Hayes was my friend; he was my boyhood friend; I met him for the first time on the field of battle when the country was engaged in the mightlest war of human history, and no braver men ever led a troop than Rutherford B. Hayes. (Continuous cheering.) He was not only my boyhood friend, but he was a constant friend until the day of his death, and I cherish his memory as an everlasting one."

Maj. McKinley also spoke feelingly of Gen. Ralph P. Buckland and Gen. James B. McPherson. Continuing, he said:

James B. McPherson. Continuing, he said:

"I read today in the North American Review an article from the Secretary of the Navy, Mr. Herbert of Alabama, whom I long knew as a member of the national House of Representatives. He has just visited Europe, and he describes the business condition of Germany and England and France as possessing a degree of activity and prosperity, the like of which they never enjoyed before. He closes by saying that the United States never was so unprosperous as it is today, and then he makes the inquiry: "Why is not the United States and its working people, with all our natural resources, enjoying a share of the prosperity that is enjoyed by England and Germany and France?" We all know, my fellowcitizens, why we are in the midst of depression now, and I think we know why these great nations of the world, our competitors, are prosperous. We are doing less of our own work, and they are doing less of our own work, and they are doing less of our own work, and they are doing less of our own work, and they are doing less of our own work, and they are doing less of our own work, and they are doing less of our own work, and they are doing less of our own work, and they are doing less of our own work, and they are doing less of our own work, and they are doing less of our own work, and they are doing less of our own work, and they are doing less of our own work, and they are doing less of our own work and they are doing less of our own work. See a protection State. James Buchanes

hundred millions or even one hundred millions more of our agricultural prod-ucts than she did take? The mere statement of the proposition is such as to disclose the error on which it is founded, and shows the importance of uniting manufacturers with agriculture, or, as Jefferson states it, putting the manufacturers by the side of the farmer.

manufacturers by the side of the farmer.

'In fact, both must depend almost exclusively on the home market. It is folly, if not a crime, to attempt to change it in these respects. It would bring ruin and bankruptcy without the possible of having such a result accomplished. The greater the diversity of industries in any country, the greater the wealth producing power of the people and the more there is for labor and capital to divide, the more independent the country becomes. Now, my fellow-citizens. I take it that on the matter of tariff you need no argument. It is said our trouble is not the tariff but the money, and the way to have prosperity is to set our mints to running. (Laughter and applause.)

''I do not believe they would employ any portion of the idle miners of the anthracite region if every mint in the United States was started. Now, I

any portion of the idle miners of the anthracite region if every mint in the United States was started. Now, I take it, whatever may be our employment, we want good money. A money that will buy all purchasable things wherever they are is better than a money that will not. Now is a money that is only current in the United States at its face value and which must stand a discount everywhere else as good as a money that is current in every civilized country?"

He Will Give McKinley Just Eighty one Sure Votes. (BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

CHICAGO, Oct. 13.—Chairman Jones, of the Democratic National Committee, gave out a statement tonight characterizing as absurd the figures showing the probable result of the election as given out by Senator Quay. Chairman Jones states that, in all the States classed by Senator Quay as doubtful, a complete and harmonious fusion be

complete and harmonious fusion be-tween the Democrats, Populists and Silver Republicans exists, rendering them certain for Bryan.

For the same 'reason he classes as doubtful the States of Iowa, Ohio and Wisconsin, and claims for Bryan the electoral votes of Illinois, Indiana, Kan-sas, Kentucky, Michigan, Minnesota, North Dakota and West Virginia, all of which are claimed for McKinley by Quay.

Quay.

The table given out by Chairman Jones gives 81 votes as certain for Mc-Kinley, 279 for Bryan, and 87 as doubt-

are doing less of our own work, and they are doing more of it for us."

(Great cheering.)

"Pennsylvania has always been a protection State. James Buchanan, a Democrat, when he was President of the United States, gave us some very good advice which is applicable to the present situation. He said: 'No statesman would advise that we should go on increasing the national debt to meet the ordinary expenses of the government. This would be a ruinous policy. In case of war our credit must be our chief resource, at least for the first year, and this would be greatly impared by having contracted a debt in time of peace. Our policy is to increase our revenues so as to equal our expenditures; it would be ruinous to continue to borrow."

"That is the position of the Republican party today. Mr. Randall, a Democrat of great distinction, a man of wonderful power, who was always for Pennsylvania and the people of Pennsylvania, and for the workingmen of Pennsylvania, and for the workingmen of Pennsylvania, declared in 1887, in the last speech that he made in the Congress of the United States, in opposition to the Mills bill: 'If the farmer ceases to buy the product of the manufacturers, he will certainly cease to sell to them, but he must sell his products on the market where he buys what he consumes himself.'

"Suppose last year we had manufactured a thousand millions worth less"

even though I was contesting myself against him.

"I believe this is the first meeting in which a candidate has addressed his remarks to ladies entirely in the discussion of an economic question, and yet I offer no apology. On the contrary, I deem it not only a great privilege, but a great honor. My experience teaches me that the mother and wife are important parts of the family. (Applause.) In fact, I would rather have the wife on my side in beginning a campaign than to have the husband, if I could only have one. (Applause.) And I will tell you why. Because if I have the wife, I am almost sure to have the husband before the campaign is over, and if I only have the husband, I am never sure of him. (Laughter and applause.)

"A lady who was canvassing down in Nebraska the other day, gave utterance to one of the best things which I think this campaign has enjoyed. She was canvassing, and called at our house to get some literature on silver to circulate as she went from place to place. She said she had a brother who was a gold man, without gold. (Laughter.) She said she could understand how a man could be a gold man who had gold, but she could only pity a gold man who was without gold. (Applause and laughter.) And understand, my friends, that is the condition in which the majority of the gold men are—gold men without gold. And when you find one whom you can convert, because while the gold standard is a good thing for a few in this country, the gold standard is

without gold. And when you find a gold man without gold, you find one whom you can convert, because while the gold standard is a good thing for a few in this country, the gold standard is a bad thing for the great mass of the people, and the reason that our cause grows from day to day is found in the fact that arguments in behalf of bimetallism appeals to the heads and hearts of the American people and the gold standard appeals only to the heartless. (Applause.)

"The reason that mothers are taking such interest in this campaign, the reason the wives are feeling a deeper interest than they usually do, is because they are becoming acquainted with the gold standard. They know that instead of being a just measure of deferred payments the gold standard has become a measure of deferred hope, and hope deferred maketh the heart sick."

irman

Bryan proceeded to explain the money States tful, a value of a dollar depends on the number of dollars. He said: "The gold standard means dearer money. Dearer money means cheaper property means hard times, hard times means more people destitute; more people destitute means more people desperate; more people desperate; more people desperate more criminals."

perate; more people desperate means more criminals."

He appealed to the women to strive to leave their children the richest heritage, "good government, that instead of giving favors to the few, will protect every one in the enjoyment and love of liberty and the pursuit of happiness." After vividly portraying the misery which, he said, had been caused by the gold standard, and appealing to his audience not to despise the common people nor question their capacity for self-government, Bryan declared:

"We have arrayed in this contest on either side the great forces of society. Against us are those forces which are called strong and which are considered influential—money, wealth, position; but on our side is simple justice. We are opposed to trusts, we want your children and our children to have an equal chance in the race of life, and not be crowded out by these great organizations of wealth which are trampling upon the rights of men. We want this nation to be what our forefathers intended.

"Show me the man who has confidence in the future of the human race and I will show you the man who, I care not where he lives, is offering up a silent prayer for our success. (Loud applause) Show me the Pharaoh of the world who could make those under them make bricks with straw, and you is show me an oppressor. Show me men entrenched behind the laws of favorities, and I will show you men who are, I care not what nation they live in, not only sympathizing with, but who will send money to help our opponents

REED'S VISIT.

California Will Give Him Rousing Welcome.

Touch of Sentiment Connected With His Trip West,

Thirty-five Years Ago He Was a Golden State Lawyer.

the Speaker Will Make the First of His Speeches in This City-Bou-telle Will Precede Him Here by Ten Days.

(BY THE TIMES' SPECIAL WIRE) NEW YORK, Oct. 13 .- (Special Dispatch.) Tom Reed of Maine is going to wind up the campaign in California. The trip, he said, contains a touch of sentiment. It was in California that he began the practice of law, but it is thirty-five years since he left California, and he has never returned to the State. People have repeatedly urged him to pay them a visit, but he has never found time. He has been told by citizens, irrespective of party, that when he did make a visit he would receive a rousing welcome such as no

other man could receive.

Mr. Reed's Republican friends in California recently showered letters in upon him, so Reed cancelled other engagements and decided on making the trip. He will be accompanied by his brilliant daughter, Miss Kittle, who says she is anxious to see the place where her father first started to make

fame and fortune.

LOS ANGELES "IN IT." CHICAGO, Oct. 13.—For the first time in any campaign the Republican National Committee has undertaken to supply the Pacific Coast with speakers, and a number of Republicans of na the close of the campaign.

During the last week Speaker Reed will go to California and make a number of addresses there, his first speech being at Los Angeles, October 27. Further details of the Coast tour of Congressman Boutelle of Maine have been agreed upon, that gentleman Sacramento, October 19, and San Francisco. October 20.

ENTHUSIASM AT BUFFALO. BUFFALO (N. Y.,) Oct. 13.—Great enthusiasm prevailed here tonight when Thomas B. Reed of Maine and the Republican gubernatorial candidate, Frank S. Black of Troy, addressed the voters at Music Hall. The lowering clouds and dismal weather did not dis-courage the voters, who made a dem-onstration such as Buffalo has not seen in years. Preceding the speech making at the hall, there was a parade

SUPREME COURT CASES.

umerous Motions for Their Ad-

«WASHINGTON, October 13.—In the United States Supreme Court today, thirty or forty motions were submitted for the advancement of cases on the docket and for writs of certiorari. Ten cases were dismissed, including that of pany against the city of Spokane

The Attorney-General moved to dis-miss the case of Judge Long of Michi-gan vs. William Lochren, late Commissioner of Pensions, on the ground that the cause has abated by reason of Commissioner Lochren's resignation and retirement from office. This was a test case pending before various courts here for several years, in which Judge Long sought to have his \$50 pension restored to the \$72 rating.

The case of the United States vs. Earl B. Coe, involving title to the Al-madones land grant in Arizona, was passed in order that it might be heard passed in order that it might be heard with other land-grant cases later. There are about twenty cases on the docket, appealed from the Appellate land court, to be heard during the term, involving several hundred thousand acres of land in the Southwest. They cover almost all points raised in the various cases presented to the land court, and a final decision on them will do much to expedite the work of that tribunal. The government will be represented in all these cases by Matt Reynolds of New Melco, who has been engaged as special counsel. engaged as special counsel.

TYNAN'S CASE.

The Minister of Justice Gives Read sons for His Release.

PARIS, Oct. 13.—(By Atlantic Cable.) Justice Darlan, at the Cabinet Council today, submitted reasons for refusing the extradition of P. J. P. Tynan, the Irish-American alleged dynamiter, now in custody in Boulogne-Sur-Mer. He

said the evidence that Tynan is the so-called "No. 1" is not conclusive, nor is it proven that Tynan was connected with the Phoenix Park murders. "Even had these premises been es-tablished," said M. Darlan, "the case is covered by the ten-year limit. Con-sequently Tynan will be released as soon as the decisions are submitted to the British officials at the British Em-bassy."

KANSAS CITY (Mo.) Oct. 13.—In the United States Circuit Court here this afternoon a receiver was asked for the Kansas City World, the only remaining United Press paper in this part of the Southwest. The appointment was asked for by the Manufacturers' Paper Company of New York, on a claim of 113,000 for paper furnished for the publication.

COAST RECORD,

THE FAMILY OF BUDD

IT IS NUMEROUS AND SOME OF IT ALWAYS AROUND.

Golden State to the Regents of the University.

THE GOVERNOR WAS WRATHY.

HAD RECEIVED NO NOTICE OF COMMITTEE MEETINGS.

Real Estate Agent Pscherhofer Dis pears—Masonic Grand Lodge. Skeleton of a Long-Missing Man Found — Foresters.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE) SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 13.—Gov. Budd was on the warpath today. The moment he entered the room in the Hopkins building where the regents of the State University were meeting, the bers saw the signs of a squall and

efed sails. That the Governor was angry was evident from the way in which he threw his military coat in a chair until every frog trembled. Before fifteen minutes had passed, the Governor had run afoul of no less than three of those august personages, the regents. He had passed the lie courteous on one or two; had hinted that another must have divided the spoils with a certain contractor, and was fast progressing

toward Touchstone's "lie direct."
The October storm was all over the affiliated colleges, that bone of contention which the regents have gnawed for so long. There were fourteen re for so long. There were fourteen regents present—twelve of them to look aghast, while Regent J. West Martin and the Governor talked at the same time and shook their fingers at each other from either end of the long table. After several matters of routine business had been disposed of, Regent Martin announced that all work on the affiliated colleges had been suspended because the Governor had said the contracts were illegal.

Gov. Budd thundered: "My brother never received notice of any committee

Gov. Budd thundered: "My brother never received notice of any committee meeting. Neither did I. There was no Budd present. Now, we are a large family. Sôme of us are always around. We have as much right to be notified as the citfied regents. I told Mr. Reinstein that no action of the committee was legal unless a general meeting had been called." been called."

The neglect of the Budds moved the Governor to wrath.

"But you were in the Yosemite," said Mr. Martin.

was there attending to my busi-and I think I attended to it pretty

'No doubt," said Mr. Martin. When the storm had lulled and the Budd wounded dignity had been soothed, the whole matter was referred to a joint meeting of the Law and Grounds and Buildings committees, which will take place next Monday Mr. Budd will be there. So will Mr Martin. Tuesday the regents will endeavor to close the entire matter. Meanwhile the contractors are break-ing ground on the Sutro lot, and no one knows whence their orders came. No one can be found to father the respon-

THE YOSEMITE COMMISSION. FRANCISCO, Oct. 13.-Gov Budd presided over the meeting of the Yosemite Commission in this city today. The burning of the Stoneman
House and the best means of replacing
the structure temporarily, in order to
accommodate the Christian Endeavor
Convention delegates and other visitors
next season, occupied much of the time
and attention of the members. It was
agreed that the new building should
be of a permanent character, probably
of granite; that an appropriation would
have to be obtained from the Legislature, and that several years must Yosemite Commission in this city to-

A letter was read from the guardian A letter was read from the guardian of the valley, in which he reiterated his belief that the fire was of incendiary origin, but acknowledged that his suspicions fell upon no particular person. George S. Sperry declared that he was glad the house had gone, and subsequently explained that, considering its inflammable character and that the State could not insure its buildings, it was a good piece of property to lose. was a good piece of property to lose.

J. J. Cook, the lessee, was present, and to him the Governor expressed incredulity about his statement that the fire was accidental.

ture, and that several years must elapse before the new hotel could be

NO VESSELS AVAILABLE.

The Disabled Linlithgow Will Re-

ceive no Relief.
(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.) SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 13.-The last hope of assistance for the British tramp steamer Linlithgow was dispelled to-day, when a letter was received by Hugh Craig, president of the Chamber of Commerce, from the British Consul whom a communication had been

In the letter the Consul says that upon receiving the communication from Craig he had written to Admiral Palliser, commander of the Pacific squadron, asking what could be done, and received answer that no vessels were available to go to the Linlithgow's re-

As the United States could offer no help, for the same reason, the disabled ship will probably remain adrift unless chance throws it in the course of some passing vessel capable of towing it into port.

MINING IN KOREA.

News from the Americans Operatin in That Country.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE)

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 13.—News has been received from the first party of American miners who departed for the gold mines of Korea. It comes in the form of a private letter from James A. Duff, the general superintendent of the American Trading Company, which the American Trading Company, which has a twenty-five years' concession to work a group of gold mines in that barbarous kingdom. Duff writes that he and his brother had arrived in safety at their destination. The letter was dated in the latter part of August, at which time the weather was so delightful as to lead the old Nevada and California miners to declare the climate unsurpassed in the world.

No trouble had been experienced from the natives, though about three thousand of them had been "gophering" the whites. Their peacefulness is accounted for in part by the fact that Mr. Ragsdale, one of the engineers, has a Chi-

for in part by the fact that Mr. Rags-dale, one of the engineers, has a Chi-nese wife, who is a superior woman, being, in addition to being a linguist of note, possessed of great diplomatic ability. There had been some depre-dations by the natives, but when Duff arrived on the scene he found that the local magistrates had acted, thereby showing that the friendly co-operation of the Korean authorities could be de-pended upon.

to the King was being put in position. A dwelling was also being erected for the Americans. They were obliged to send to Yokohama for the windows and doors, but the question of the lumber supply for timbering the mines was left unrouched. It is the intention to use the Koreans in the neighborhood as miners under white engineers and superintendents. The next mail, it is thought, will bring more details as to the work and prospects.

STABBED BY A HIGHBINDER.

Chinese Junk Dealer Attacked in HIS OWN ROOM.
(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 13.—Chung Luck Duck, a Chinese junk dealer, was seriously stabbed by highbinders last night. He was sitting in his room in Jackson street, when his assailants ontered by means of a skeleton key.
Without a word of warning, one of the
Chinese stabbed him in the left side, the blade penetrating the lung. In de-fending himself from further attack, Duck was also cut in the wrist and

Duck was also cut in the arm.

The screaming of the wounded Chinese for help attracted the attention of a special officer, but before he reached the scene, the highbinders had fied. It is doubtful if Duck will recover. The police have the names of his assailants and every effort will be made to apprehend them.

CULTING OFF REVENUE.

CUTTING OFF REVENUE. FRANCISCO, Oct. 13.-As a

means of quelling the disorder and means of quelling the disorder and vendetta spirit in Chinatown, the police have decided to do everything they legally can to cut off the revenue of the highbinders and hatchetmen, believing that once this is done the source of much of the trouble will be gone. It is notorious that the gambling-houses and other vicious enterprises pay heavily into the coffers of the highbinders. A determined effort to break these up, so far as possible, is being made. Evso far as possible, is being made. Ev-ery entrance to them is being guarded and the patrons are being arrested wherever it can be lawfully done.

A BAD SEASON.

The Co-operative Fruit Company of Newcastle is Insolvent.

NEWCASTLE, Oct. 13.-The Cooper ative Fruit Company of Newcastle has filed its petition of insolvency in the office of the County Clerk of Places county, showing an indebtedness of \$77,599, extending from California to Canada, the greater part of the indebtedness having been incurred eas of the Rocky Mountains. The state nent of assets shows an aggregate of \$68,259. At this early date it is im

possible to predict a final settlement of the business. A meeting of creditors will be held October 16 at the Courthouse at Auburn, when one or more assignees will be selected.

The failure is probably the result of arangements made earlier in the season for the handling of a large crop, but unpropitious weather caused a failure to the extent of perhaps two-thirds of the ordinary-sized crop. The same preparation during any year of the past history of the house would have secured to the firm the most flattering results, but they have struck the only results, but they have struck the only season during their business career that could have produced such an un-

DISCOVERY OF A SKELETON.

The Bones Supposed to Be Those o a Wealthy German. FRESNO, Oct. 13.—The discovery of a skeleton near Pine Flat, this county has caused much excitement in that vicinity, for the bones are believed to be those of Karl Peterson, a wealthy Ger man, who is believed to have been mur dered at that place fourteen years ago Peterson had come to Fresno county o search for government lands, o

which fich tracts abounded it that cality.

At that time Pine Flat was known as the "dark and bloody ground." A. J. Lafavre claimed it, and Eph and Jim Musick vigorously contested the claim. Either side had its hot-blooded partisans, and many affrays occurred. Lafavre and Capt. Johnson, one of the hottest of Lafavre's henchmen, are have last seen the German. known to have last seen the German. It is generally believed that Peterson was robbed and killed. Detectives are at work on the case. It is believed possible that Peterson's murderer may yet be brought to justice.

A DEPARTMENT OF MINES. dovement on Foot to Urge Action

Upon Congress. BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 13.-Secretary Julian Sonntag, of the State Miners' Association, is in receipt of a letter from the Northwest Mining Associa-tion asking the California body to favor the creation of a department of miner and to assist in bringing the attention of Congress to the subject upon con

The Northwestern association be-lieves that such a department would promote mining development and stim-ulate scientific research. It should embrace mining, geology, geography, irri-gation, botany, paleontology, archae-ology and ethnology. They point out that the various bureaus relating to mining are scattered through several departments, and assert that geogra-phy is as much neglected by the gov-ernment as any other science.

ramento Woman Convicted Enticing Small Girls to Ruin.
(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

SACRAMENTO, Oct. 13.—After being out only twenty minutes a jury in the Superior Court this evening brought in a verdict finding Mrs. Annie Elliott guilty of enticing little girls to ruin.
She was arrested at the instance of the Humane Society and the evidence presented against her was of the most appalling character. She had scoured the city and the suburbs for victims. the city and the suburbs for victims. Her patrons were white men. Chinese and boys. The punishment under the law is from one to five years. It is confidently expected that Mrs. Elliott will be given the extreme limit. The Humane Society intends to punish some men who visited the vile den of the Elliott woman, and its ofneers say there are other foul nests which they intend to break up.

A MASONIC EVENT.

Corner-stone of the Decoto Home to be Laid Today. (BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIFE)

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 13.—The Masonic Grand Lodge of California will convene in the Masonic Temple in this city for its forty-seventh annual con-vention at 10 o'clock this morning. To-

vention at 10 o'clock this morning. Today's sessions, morning and afternoon,
will be occupied in receiving the annual reports of officers. This evening,
Grand Orator J. Voorsanger will deliver the annual oration.

The present session is of more than
ordinary interest and will be numerously attended owing to the fact that
the corner-stone for the Masonic Home
will be laid tomorrow at Decoto, Alameda county, with all the pomp, rites
and ceremonies of the order. The occasion is regarded as the proudest and
most important in the history of the
order on this Coast. A home for aged,
feeble and disabled Masons and for the
widows and orphans of deceased
brethren has long been the fond hope

of the fraternity in California and it

of the fraternity in California and it is now to be realized.

The corporate name of the home leads to the erroneous supposition that it is intended for widows and orphans only. Its beneficence is to extend to aged and feeble members, who need a comfortable home in a healthy locality. Delegates to the Grand Lodge arresent, representing all the 262 subordinate lodges. The morning session was occupied with the opening ceremonies, and the reception and consideration of the grand master's address. This afternoon the other grand officers presented reports. This evening the grand orator, Rev. Jacob Voorsanger, delivered the annual oration. The delegates to the Grand Lodge will comorrow lay the corner-stone of the Masonic Home at Decoto, Alameda county. county.

NOT HYPNOTIZED.

Mrs. Hertwick's Charge Against Mrs

Lovell Falls Flat.
(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.) FRESNO, Oct. 13 .- The trial of Mrs Lizzie Lovell, charged with having hypnotized and robbed an elderly lady by the name of Herwick, was concluded this afternoon and a verdict of ac-quittal was promptly rendered. The defense was that the plaintiff had not been hypnotized, but had voluntarily given money and other valuables into the hands of the defendant to be sub-sequently returned, and that the agree-ment would have been kept had ofnot interfered. charge of hypnotism was evidently the excuse of a weak-minded woman who had been imposed upon by a crafty fortune-teller.

CALIFORNIA PRODUCTS.

Exhibits to Be Sent to Nashville an Hamburg. (BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

FRANCISCO, Oct. 13.—The State Board of Trade, at its regular meeting held today, decided to begin prepara tions for sending exhibits of California products to the Nashville (Tenn.) and Hamburg expositions next day. Chairman Chipman appointed the fol

committee to superintend the Directors McDonald, Maslin, Sharpe, Rowley and Manager Filche Sharpe, Rowley and Manager Flicher. The committee will send out a circular letter to growers of the State, asking them to contribute to the exhibits. The board also accepted the invitation of the Philadelphia Museum of Industrial Products to appoint a committee of two to represent the State at the meeting to be held in that city next month. Mark I. McDonald and Manager Flicher will act.

HIS WHEEL RAN AWAY. Thirteen-year-old Boy Killed by Striking a Telegraph Pole.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.) SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 13.—Benja-nin Asch, a boy 13 years old, whose parents reside at No. 608 Guerrero treet, was almost instantly killed on the Presidio Reservation this afternoon by running into a telegraph pole whil riding a bicycle down the steep grade of the road that winds around the hill

of the road that winds around the hill a short distance from the entrance to the military reservation.

The accident was due to the lad's losing control of his wheel, which be-came unmanageable at the steepest, and most dangerous point on the road. This place has been the scene of numer-ous similar, but fortunately less fatal, accidents recently.

High Court of Foresters

SAN JOSE, Oct. 13.—At the afternoon session of the Foresters, an organization of a high court was effected, and annual reports made. One thousand and seventeen members have been added to the order during the year, and six courts, one each at San Francisco, Oroville, Placerville, Jackson, San Luis Oblspo and Sacramento. Tonight a public reception was held, when Mayor Koch gave the visitors the freedom of the city, with a reply by G. O. McElfresh, high councillor, of Los Angeles. The session of the high court will continue for two days more. SAN JOSE, Oct. 13 .- At the aftern

JACKSON, Oct. 13.—James Riley, 21 years old, was driving a six-horse loaded wagon down Sutter Hill today, when the brake block gave way and when the brake block gave way and the wagon and six horses started down the hill at a rapid gait. Riley was thrown forward and carried with the wagon to the foot of the grade. He was mangled so badly that he died in two hours. Both wheel horses were killed. The deceased was employed as a teamster by Isaac Brothers of Ione and was taking a load of grain to Sutter Creek when he met his death. His parents live in Jackson Valley.

Broker Pacherhofer Disappears.
SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 13.—Charles
Pscherhofer, real estate agent and
broker, arrested a month ago charged
with swindling numberless victims, has
disappeared. His case was continued
several times in the Police Court, and
he was admitted to bail in bonds of
\$1000. The police have been searching
for him for a week, but he has not been
found. He was in similar trouble in
Rochester, N. Y., and in Portland, Or.
He served five years in Auburn State
Prison, New York, for his operations
in Rochester. Broker Pacherhofer Disappears.

Collided at the Wharf. SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 13.— Two river steamers, the San Lorenzo and the City of Stockton, collided at the Washington-street wharf today. The San Lorenzo was badly smashed, and will have to go on drydock for re-pairs. She is leaking badly.

GIVEN UP FOR LOST. Barkentine Thomas J. Stewart Ha

Not Arrived.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)
BOSTON, Oct. 13.—The owners of the parkentine Thomas J. Stewart, bound from Weehawken to this port, have given the vessel up for lost. The Stewart left New York September 8 via Sandy Hook. The vessel was loaded with over 1400 tons of coal. The presumption is that she was caught in the hurricane on September 8 and 9 and

the hurricane on September 8 and 9 and capsized.

The Stewart was commanded by Capt. T. C. Blake of Brewer, Me., and his first mate was Joseph Connors of North Castine, Me. The cook was Charles W. Gray of Orland, Me. Philip B. Brinton of Bangor, who was learning navigation, was also on board, making the entire ship's company eleven men. The vessel was valued at \$30,000 and owned by Isaac K. Stetson of Bangor, Me.

A Missing Man's Skeleton.

CHILLICOTHE (O.,) Oct. 13.—The mystery surrounding the fate of William Lee, who disappeared from this locality seven years ago, has been cleared up by the finding of his skeleton on the edge of the bay near Rochester, N. Y., with a bullet-hole in the head. He was identified by a "wolf" tooth, a knife, a pipe and a pair of boots. A revolver was found near, but it was not his. There is no doubt the man was murdered. His widow and children live here. A Missing Man's Skeleton

A Bank President Disappears JUNEAU (Wis.,) Oct. 13.—W. T. Rambusch, president of the Citizens' National Bank at this place and a prominent politician, has suddenly disappeared. He had a number of trust funds in his possession. An examination has revealed evidence of irregularity. The bank is not involved.

SPORTING RECORDA

DROVE INTO SPACE.

COACH LOAD OF STUDENTS GO OVER AN EMBANKMENT.

The Pacific Grove Football Tea Meets With Disaster Ten Miles from Salinas.

FRANK OYER DIES INSTANTLY.

THREE OTHER YOUTHS HAVE THEIR LEGS BROKEN.

Sharkey Going to New York to Pull Corbett's Nose—Road Race Re-sults Upset—Pall Mall Gazette on Gould's Protest.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.) SALINAS, Oct. 13.-A coach taining members of the Pacific Grove High-school football team was over-turned at a point between the Laguna Seco and what is known as the Leary place or the second of t place or the "half-way place" between Salinas and Monterey, ten miles from here, at 7 o'clock last night, with the result that Frank Oyer was killed, Otto Picket and James More had both legs broken and Eddy Rich had one leg broken. All with one exception were mangled and bruised more or less se-verely.

The Pacific Grove High-school foot ball team came to Salinas yesterday to play a match game with the High School. After the game, which resulted 8 to 0 in favor of Salinas, the Pacific Grove boys, in a coach drawn by four horses, started homeward about 5 o'clock. After passing Laguna there is a sharp curve in road running on an enbankment about

sixteen feet high.

Reports as to the cause of the disaster are conflicting, but it is sur Reports as to the cause of the disaster are conflicting, but it is supposed that in the dim light of the new moon the coach must have been driven over this embankment and rolled to the bottom. Three horses of the four were killed. The coach contained Will Needham, John Willey, Otto Picket, Fred Ellis, Charles James, H. Anthony, C. Holman, Frank Hart, John Tomassi, James Moi, L. Dangerfield, Frank Oyer and Eddie Rich. Frank Oyer and Eddie Rich. Frank Oyer, a wealthy and prominent cattleman of Pacific Grove. The Japanese, James Moi, who had both legs broken, is attending the Pacific Grove High School. All the boys came from prominent and respected families.

WATERLOO CUP COURSING. od Attendance at the Second Ar

mual Meeting.
(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.) HURON (S. D.,) Oct. 13.—The sec-nd annual American Waterloo cup coursing meet was begun today in fine weather. The card for the day consisted of the first round of the Water-loo cup, sixteen courses in all, there being thirty-two greyhounds nominated. Owing to the late start only

nated. Owing to the late start only thirteen courses were run. The last course was run after sundown.

The attendance was very good for the first day, a large number of ladies being out in carriages and on horse-back. The grass on the prairle was very long, and it made it difficult for the slipper to get the dogs sighted sometimes. It also handicapped the hares and gave a big, powerful greyhound some advantage over a small one. W. Stephenson of Bolivar, Mo., is judge. It cost \$25 to enter a greyhound for the American Waterloo cup and \$300 is added. The sixteen greyhounds beaten in the first round run in the Waterloo plate and the eight beaten in the second round run in the Waterloo purse.

in the second round run in the Waterloo purse.

The results today were: Lady Misterdon, Oakes, N. D., beat Dakota, St.
Louis; Bed of Stone, Oakes N. D., beat
Josephine, Brooklyn, N. Y.; Rochester,
Minneapolis, beat Lady Aberdeen,
Mitchell, S. D.; Slyvia, St. Louis, beat
Master Dennis, Chicago; Mona, Aberdeen, S. D., beat Good Cheer, Chicago;
Nana, Canton, S. D., beat Lady Falconer, Minneapolis; Mercy May, Huron,
beat Minnie, Minneapolis; Lightfoot,
Minneapolis, beat Gyp, Omaha; Pat
Malone, Cable, Ill., beat Moonshine,
Oakes; Royal Back, Santa Cruz, Cal.,
beat Snowbird, Mitchell; Robert C.
Diablo, Chicago, beat Wayfarer, San
Francisco; Glen Rosa, Cable, Ill., beat
Rory of the Hill, Chicago; Frank
Green Hawarden, Jowa, beat St. Hawarden, Iowa, Clair, Chicago.

- THEY FIGURED WRONGLY.

ew Results in the California Cy-eling Club's Road Race. (BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 13 .- As a re sult of closer inspection of the score cards of the California Associated Cy-ciling Club's road-race, the honors showered on Howard W. Squires and the other scratch men of the race were

the other scratch men of the race were swept away.

By an error in subtracting, in order to obtain the actual time of the riders covering the course, the crowd of scratch men were credited with time Im. 10s. faster than that to which they were entitled. This reverses the disposition of the four time prizes.

I. R. Lind of the Imperial Cycling Club takes first honors, his time being 24m. 58s., one minute faster than last years' time, but not touching Frank M. Byrne's Coast record of 24m. 27s. The second time prize goes to J. C. Williamson, Santa Rosa Wheelmen, 24m. 58 4-5s.; third, Ben Noonan, Santa Rosa Wheelmen, 24m. 59s.; fourth, R. Shearman, Garden City Cyclers, 25m.

CHESS SUMMARIES.

Pillsbury Draws With Janowski Tschigorin Beaten.
BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.

BUDA-PESTH, Oct. 13.—The seventh round of the international chess masters' tournament was played in this cers tournament was passed in this city today. Results: Charousek beat Tschigorin in a bishop's gambit, after 24 moves. Pillsbury and Janowski drew a queen's gambit, declined after 82

moves.

Winawer beat Marco in a king's bishops game, after 56 moves.

The game beween Tarrasch and Noa, a queen's gambit, declined, adjourned after 26 moves.

Albin beat Poplel in a French defense, after 27 moves.

Schlechter and Marczy drew a French defense, after 25 moves.

Walbrodt had a bye.

MIGHT HAVE DONE BETTER. The Pall Mall Gazette on the Reply

to Geuld.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

LONDON, Oct. 13.—(By Atlantic Caple.) The Pall Mall Gazette this afternoon, referring to the letter of the Yacht Racing Association in reply to the protest of Howard Gould against the examination of his yacht, says: "The point is, that after the scandals in connection with the America's cup. in connection with the America's cup, the Yacht Racing Asociation should

take every care to avoid the slightest semblance of friction, and they might have served Mr. Gould with a more handsome apology."

WILL PULL CORBETT'S NOSE.

Tom Sharkey is Going on a Ver Dangerous Mission. (BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE)

FRANCISCO, Oct. 13.—Tom y, the sailor pugilist, will leave w York on Saturday and will leave no stone unturned to make Corbett keep his agreement to fight. Shar-key says he will pull Corbett's nose if necessary to make him fight. If he cannot get a fight with Corbett or Fitz. simmons, Sharkey will go to South Africa, where he will be matched against Joe Goddard.

New Century Record. CHICAGO, Oct. 13.—Charles O. Las-ley has established a new century record by riding a bicycle 102 miles in seven hours flat, over a country dir

NINE ALMOST LIFELESS

MEN FROM THE ABANDONED BARK LOUISE PICKED UP.

Nearly Famished Crew to Phila-delphia—No Food or Water for Nine Days — Could not have Lasted Another Night.

(BY ASSOCIATED FRESS WIRE.)

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 13.—The British steamer Evelyn, Capt. Horner, from Huelva, Spain, anchored in the Delaware River this evening, having on board the almost lifeless bodies of nine seamen, the crew of the Norwegian bark Louise, who were picked up at sea after being adrift without food or water for nine days. Their condition was most pitiable, and so faint had they become that it was necessary to tie lines to them and haul them on board the steamship.

The Louise, in command of Capt. Andersen, left Mobile August 17 for Rosario with a full cargo of lumber. She experienced the September hurricanes; and was badly disabled. (BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE,)

of lumber. She experienced the Sep er hurricanes, and was badly disabled condition became so bad that all hand d to leave her in two small boats, and until e Evelyn hove in sight they had not seen a ssel for nine days. They could not have sted another night, such were their suffer-

RUSSIA GETTING READY.

Military and Naval Forces Mobilise at Sebastopol.
(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

he Herald from London says:
"The Daily Graphic will today publish

"The Daily Graphic will today publish a dispatch from Sebastopol saying that Russia is continuing her preparations for an emergency. The local military and naval forces at Sebastopol, Odessa and Batoul have been mobilized.

"Gen. Bobrickoff, chief of the war office staff, recently arrived at Sebastopol and has held important conferences with the local commanders.

"He has inspected the garrison and arsenal, and has picked out a company of submarine engineers who have been ordered to hold themselves in readiness to immediately embark upon a gunboat. This gunboat is already loaded with mines, shells and torpedoes. The interior garrison in Poland, Taurida and the Caucasus have received orders to be in readiness at a moment's notice to board special trains for ports on the Euxine."

Euxine."

ITALY'S DEMAND.

NEW YORK, Oct. 13.—A dispatch to the Herald from Rome says the Italian government has addressed a peremptory note to the Porte in reference to a young Italian subject who was murdered in the recent massacres. The note says that the young man was beaten on the head and felled to the ground by a man in Turkish uniform until he a man in Turkish uniform until he killed him. The note concludes by demanding the punishment of the guilty persons and the payment of indemnity for the murder of an Italian subject.

A PECULIAR CAREER.

Salvation Army Lassie Kills Her

BUTTE (Mont.,) Oct. 13.—Bertle Tripp, whose right name is supposed to be Helen Forest, a member of the Salvation Army, committed suicide by taking poison. No couse for the act is known. The girl has had a remarkable career. She was about 23 years of age and the daughter of a farmer living near Spokane. Years ago she ran away from home and fell in with a gambler and highwayman, and together they worked and robbed all through the States of Washington, Montana, Idaho, Wyoming, Utah and Colorado. This girl, having assumed male at-BUTTE (Mont.,) Oct. 13.-Bertie Idaho, Wyoming, Utah and Colorado.
This girl, having assumed male attire, passed under the name of Charles Miller. At different times she acted as bartender and placer miner. Three years ago she became involved in a shooting scrape in Butte through jealousy of a girl who had been in love with the supposed youth. From Butte she and her partner went to Helena, where they committed numerous highway robberies, some of which she carried out herself. She held up a merchant and was finally arrested and wrote to her partner, thus betraying him. His arrest followed.

In resisting, he shot a policeman. At the trial he testified in favor of his companion, whose sex had been discovered, and took all the blame upon himself. He was sent up for forty years, and she was acquitted. She

covered, and took ait the blame upon himself. He was sent up for forty years, and she was acquitted. She then went to Portland and joined the Salvation Army, and has been engaged in army work all over the coast and western States.

THE TYPOS.

Resolution on Corporation Influence—The Machinists' Protest.
(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

COLORADO SPRINGS (Colo.,) Oct. COLORADO SPRINGS (Colo.,) Oct. 13.—The second day of the meeting of the International Typographical Union was given over to the transaction of routine business. The subject of the coercion of the labor vote in various parts of the country was brought up, and the following resolution unanimously adopted:

and the following resolution unanimously adopted:

"Resolved, that the International Typographical Union denounces the efforts being made by certain corporations to coerce or influence their employés in their votes, as a defiance of the most sacred rights of the citizens as guaranteed to them by the Constitution of the United States, and, believing that the permanency of Republican institutions depends upon an honest ballot, we demand that the laws relating to the intimidation of voters, no matter to which class, rich or poor, the offender belongs, be rigidly enforced. A communication was received from the International Association of Machinists, protesting against the International Typographical Union undertaking to control the machine-tenders and printing offices all over the land.

Steamer Spartan Ashore CAPE MAY, Oct. 13.—Steamer Spar-tan of the Windsor line, from Boston to Philadelphia, is ashore on Hersford Bar, a few miles above this city. She lies easy. The sea is heavy, and the life-saving crew will board her as soon as possible. The steamer was due at Philadelphia Monday morning, and was probably detained by heavy weather.

weather.

An effort to move the vessel was unsuccessful today, and more assistance was secured. It is probable the steamer will have to be lightened before she will float

MEN OF EAGLE EYE.

FIFTY AMERICAN SHARPSHOOT ERS ENROLLED FOR CURA.

HIDING FROM THE DETECTIVES. WELL SUPPLIED WITH NECESSAR

Conflicting Reports Concerning
New Expedition—Hungry People
Allowed by the Spaniards to
Beg from the Rebels.

(BY THE TIMES' SPECIAL WIRE) NEW YORK, Oct. 13.—(Special Dispatch.) George E. Bartlett, formerly United States government scout at Wounded Knee, S. D., and one of the wounded knee, S. D., and one of the best sharpshooters in the country, has been engaged by the Cubans to take a band of fifty sharpshooters to Cuba to aid the insurgents. The party in-tended to sail for the West Indies yesterday, but owing to the failure of a number of sharpshooters to arrive in the city Sunday, the departure has been

There are in New York awaiting transportation to Cuba, thirty-two men who have been engaged by the Federal government in subduing In-dians in the Western States. The Cuban managers have engaged these Indian fighters to assist the insurgents. The sharpshooters are in hiding in different parts of the city, where they will remain until they receive instruc ions from their leader to be ready o sail from a port a short distance rom New York.

Bartlett and two of his companions

have been in the city several weeks, preparing for the expedition. They have been hiding in East Side boarding-houses to avoid Spanish detectives. Each of the men has several rifles which will be taken with them to Cuba. Bartlett's companions are Seth Hath-away, another government scout, and Harry B. Williams, who says he is a 'scout, guide, interpreter, sharpshoote and sandwich eater." Both men be-longed to Gen. Cook's command in 1876 when that warrior had his greates fight with the redskins in the Dakotas When the ghost dances of the In dians culminated in a collision with dian's culminated in a collision with the government forces at Wounded Knee, S. D., December, 1890, Bartlett was Gen. Miles's chief scout and had charge of the Indian police who helped to rout the redskins. Bartlett is reticent concerning his trip to Cuba. He simply says he and his party will go to the island, unless they are prevented from doing so by the government au-thorities. He has obtained all the guns and ammunition that his men will re

HAVANA NOTES. NEW YORK, Oct. 13.—A dispatch to the Herald from Havana says Gen. Gonzales Munos, in command of a divi-sion of reinforcements, left Havana on board of the transport Aviles yesterday for Pinar del Rio to resume operation

for Pinar del Rio to resume operations in the field.

Matanzas official advices indicate that insurgent parties are advancing from the east through Santa Clara province. They have been repulsed by Col. Molinas's columns on the Matanzas border.

The Herald's correspendent in Villa Clara says it is rumored there that an engagement occurred near Esperanza between Spanish troops in the districts and insurgents from the East, moving toward the Matanzas border, under Rabi or Mayia Rodriguez.

The Herald's correspondent in Clenfuegos reports the rebel chief Ancieto Hernandez as having been court-martialed and sentenced to death. Several foreigners have been expelled from the district.

district.

Official reports of field operations in Havana province announce today the surprise and capture of Juan Delgado's rebel camps near Managua, by Maj. rebel camps near Managua, by Maj-Perez's troops. Fourteen insurgents were killed. Perez lost one killed and four wounded. Maj. Fondevil's column defeated the insurgents under Valen-

four wounded. Maj. Fondevil's column defeated the insurgents under Valencia in two successive engagements on the Neupomenco and San Joaquin estates. It is reported that Valencia lost nineteen killed and many wounded. Fondevil's loss was small.

Surgeon-General Losada has ordered the confiscation of the great sugar watch houses of Regla, in Havana Bay, opposite the city, wherein new hospitals will be established sufficient to care for six hundred patients. The barracks buildings in Guanabacca will also be transformed into hospitals. Modesto Nurego, José Castillo, Manuel Suretto and Juana Gonzalez, a woman, were court-martialed in Havana yesterday, charged with verbally insulting soldiers. The sentences were not announced.

The transport Montevideo, which left Spain for Cuba with reinforcements

not announced.

The transport Montevideo, which left Spain for Cuba with reinforcements under Col. Rafael Echuage, encountered a storm, lost her rudder and after eight days drifting, was picked up by a British steamer and towed into Cape Verde. A NEW EXPEDITION LANDED.

NEW YORK, Oct. 13.—A dispatch to the Herald from Gibara, Cuba, says: NEW YORK, Oct. 18.—A dispatch to the Herald from Gibara. Cuba, says:
"The Herald's correspondent in Baracoa reports the landing of a new fill-bustering expedition in Marlvi, Eastern Cuba. I understand that the party brought 1000 rifles and a proportionate quantity of munitions. The men disembarked from a Haytian schooner between two Spanish forts, neither of which was a mile and a half away. The war material was all transported into the interior before any alarm was raised.
"Such is the state of suffering among the poorer classes in Baracoa that the local Spanish commandant is now permitting women and children to go through the government lines to beging issued daily. The women are being issued daily. The women are

subjected to a rigid search as they go outside the walls of the town, to pre-vent any medicines being taken to the insurgents and also upon their return for correspondence."

DENIES THE REPORT.

NEW YORK, Oct. 13.—The Spanish
Daily Novedades of this city publishes
a denial of the reported landing of a
new filibustering expedition in Cuba.
The Novedades says: "There is not a
word of truth in all this. It is pure
fiction and nothing more. The Dauntless not only has failed to reach Cuba,
but up to this date (October 12) has
not embarked the expedition which she
is trying to do, and for which purposa
she is coasting along the southern border of Florida. What has been announced is what the filibusters intend
to do if they can. The programme is
difficult to execute, and difficult to
carry to a successful termination." DENIES THE REPORT.

YOUTHFUL THIEVES.

Mrs. Carrie Johnson's Children Had an Eye for Pickings.

chicago, oct. 13.—Mrs. Carrle Johnson, or Mrs. Meyer, who was arrested with her two children, Charles, aged 7, and Agnes, aged 10, at her home, No. 403 North Clark street, by the policeman from the East Chicago-avenue station, is said to have confessed that the little ones are kleptomaniacs. Her arrest was due to complaints made by arrest was due to complaints made by residents of Rogers Park and Evan-ston of numerous thefts committed

John Herron, an operator from the

there.

John Herron, an operator from the East Chicago-avenue station, who identify the station of the constant of the constan

ARMY DETAILS. ransfers Announced from the War

WASHINGTON, Oct. 13.-Lieut. C. P. Townsend of the Fourth Artillery has been detailed for duty as recorder of the army retiring board, at the gov-ernment asylum for the insane here, in place of First Lieut. G. L. Anderson, Fourth Artillery, First Lieut. W. A. Holbrook, Seventh Cavairy, has been relieved from duty at the military academy by First Lieut. Faiser, First In-

emy by First Lieut. Faiser, First Infantry, and ordered to join his troop.
Lieut. T. C. Gallup, Third Artillery,
has been transferred to the Fifth Artillery, has been transferred to the Fifth Artillery, has been transferred to the
Third Artillery.
Lieut.-Col. John T. Haskell, Seventeenth Artillery; Capt. Henry A. Green,
Twentieth Infantry; Capt. Arthur L.
Wagner, Sixth Infantry and Capt.
William D. Beach, Third Cavalry, have
been ordered to Fort Riley, Kan., as instructors of Kansas National Guard
from October 19 to 24.

AN EX-SLAVE'S SUIT.

he Asks for Several Thousand Dol-

lars of Back Wages.
(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)
LOUISVILLE (Ky..) Oct. 13.—The rial of an interesting suit has begun in the Law and Equity Court. Annie Wier, an ex-slave, sues to recover \$3744 from William Wier, a sheet-iron pro-prietor, for twenty-four years' services. She was born in slavery and adopted

her master's name. She says that, after her emancipa-tion, she agreed with Wier to remain with him as his servant, with the understanding that she was to be clothed, fed and lodged for the rest of her life. She says she remained with him and reared his children, but that, after his second marriage, she was dis-charged. This occurred November 14, after his accurred November 1s, 1895. She seeks to recover judgment against Wier now at the rate of \$3 per week for twenty-four years. The defendant pleads the statute of limitation, and also filed an answer making

DU MAURIER'S FUNERAL. Attended by a Large Crowd of Noted People.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE) LONDON, Oct. 13 .- (By Atlantic Cale.) Hampstead Church was crowded today with friends and relatives of the late George du Maurier, the artist au-thor, who died on Thursday last and whose remains were cremated at Woking on Saturday. This was the day set apart for the funeral services and it attracted a large crowd of the and it attracted a large crowd of the artistic and literary men and others, including the entire staff of Punch, Bernard Lucy, Furness, Sir Walter Besant, Bancroft Pointer, Alfred Glibert, Henry James, Prof. Lankester and many others. The mourners were headed by the widow, sons and daughters of the deceased.

Canon Ainger officiated. The gold casket was smothered in flowers, and after the funeral ceremonies was interred in the church yard under a yew tree. The floral wreaths included several from actresses who have played the part of "Trilby."

Prince Khilkoff's Journey, Prince Khilkoff's Journey.

CHICAGO, Oct. 13.—The Russian Minister of Railroads, Prince Khilkoff, the first public man to make the trip from St. Petersburg to this country. over the new Siberian railroad, arrived at Chicago at 11 o'clock today on the Santa Fé road. He is engaged in a tour of inspection of the railroads of the United States. He was entertained at the Chicago Club at noon, and will be given a dinner this evening at the Auditorium. He will sail for Europe, November 1.

HOTELS-

RANDEST SUMMER RESORT On the Pacific Slope,
BEAUTIFUL SANTA BARBARA, Never Closes, The Arlington Hotel. Never Closes. Cusine unequaled in the state. Is open every day in the year, thus insuring guests first-class accommodations in every detail. SUMMER SEASON OPENS MAY I. Fishing, Yachting, Surf Bathing, Beautiful Romantic Drives, Famous, Veronica Springs one mile from hotel. SPECIAL SUMMER RATES. Write or telegraph E. P. DUNN.

SANTA CATALINA ISLAND and the Hotel Metropole. Open All The Year. Very low Fall and Winter Rates Regular service between Los Angeles and Avalon. No grander or more picture esque spot on the globe. Excellent Hunting and Fishing. (Wild Goats, Quail and Doves in countless numbers.) An "Isle of Summer" in winter time: a gent through all the year. Full information from BANNING & CO., 222 South Spring St., Los Angeles.

WILSON'S PEAK—OVER A MILE HIGH. FIRST-CLASS HOTEL ACCOMMOdations at Martin's Camp, 8:00 per day: 810 per week. Camping privileges at the Peak. Camp among the Pines 6000 feet up. Tents by the day
week or month, furnished or unfurnished. Daily Mail and Telephone connection
Fare. Round Trip. 8:30: parties of 6 to 10, 33; 10 and over, 8:50. Stage leaves 8:30
a.m. For transportation by way of Toil Road or Sierra Madre Trail apply to
Tel Main 56. L. D. LOWRY, 44 S. Raymond Ave-, Pasadenn, Cal.

NOTEL LINCOLN SECOND AND HILL PAMILY HOTEL; APPOINTMENTS

TO DEFY THE TURK.

THE BANGROFT ORDERED TO FORCE THE DARDANELLES.

If Any Obstacles Interposed Admiral Selfridge Must Bring Up the Mediarranean Fleet.

NO MONKEY BUSINESS ALLOWED

POWERS WILL SUPPORT UNCLE SAM IF NECESSARY.

of the Litte Craft and See That She Goes Through—No Firman Ha Been Issued.

BAN FRAICISCO, Oct. 13.—A Chron icle special from New York says that the Sun's Vashington correspondent

telegraphs as follows:
"The Unied States practice ship Bancroft, whose departure for Euro-pean water has been the subject of profound mestery, is to play an impor-tant part is the effort of the powers to bring alout a settlement of the Turkish question. The little vessel is to force the Dardanelles with Minister Terrell standing on her deck, and if any obstaces are placed in the way by the Turkish forts, the Mediterranear fleet under Admiral Selfridge, now 140 miles away, will come to her assist ance The British fleet will no doubt American commander, if occasion

"From the highest authorities, it is to the programme, and not only will objection or resistance to the entrance of the Bancroft to the Golden Horn, but will aid her if necessary.
"The decision to send the Bancroft to

Constantinple was reached some weeks ago, just before her departure from Annapolis as a training ship, but received its eal today, after the Cabinet meeting, when orders were sent to her commande to report at once to Minister Terrell on arival at Smyrna, and there follow his instructions.

"Admira Selfridge has been informed by cable that he may expect the Bancroft in the next few days, and to cable Constantiople when he arrives. Capt. Mr. Terrel on board, is to sail for Constantinope and pass the Dardanelles, no matter what will happen. Minister Terrell is to take up his residence on the vesse, which will become the official guarship of the United States.

"The American fleet under Admiral consists of the San Francisco flagship; Minneapolis, Marblehead and Cincinnal and Bancroft now on the way fros Gibraltar to Smyrna, where Selfridge awaits them. These vessels reach Trkish waters before the end of the west. If Minister Terrell is not already at Smyrna, he will be there by the me the Bancroft arrives there. No fornal request is to be made for the privileg of entering the Sea of Marmora, and no opportunity will be given the Pote to exercise the power of

"The report that a firman had been refused by the officials at Constanti-nople is itaccurate. No authority has been sought recently and none will be The statement from Minister Terrell will be msitive, and will leave no or a discussion of the subject. This course, the importance of

Dies from a Wound Received from

Ca-ded the au-and

guesta IAY 1, ronica

INN.

Camp-ne day nection res 8:33

Policeman's Revolver.
(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE) JANESVILLE (Wis.,) Oct. 13.-John JANESVILLE (Wis.,) Oct. 13.—John Sutton, who was shot in an attempt to rescue a frend from the Edgertown night watchman a few weeks ago, is dead. Sutton's mother was a cousin of Chauncey M Depew. The young man stood high in Edgerton business circles. The night watchman at Edgerton had arrested a man and was locking him up; Sutton and a friend tried to rescue the prisoner and lock up the watchman. They had he watchman inside the building whin he fired through the door the builet breaking Sutton's leg. Sutton became insane and died from a breaking lown of the nerve forces. The watchman says that he acted solely in self-deferse.

A Hanford, Wis., Mystery. A Hariford, Wis., Mystery.

HARTFORD (Wis.,) Oct. 13.—The bodies of two men, who had evidently been dead several weeks, have been found in lome underbrush near this city. They were well-dressed. A bottle containing morphine and another containing laudanum were found in a valise near the bodies. Whether it is a case of murder or double suicide is not knows. There was nothing on the bodies by which they could be identified.

Two Normon Elders Switched. Two Normon Elders Switched.
CHICASO, Oct. 13.—A special to the
Journal from Perry, Okla., says two
Mormon elders, named Sawan and
Burch, were dragged from their homes
at Shaner, twenty miles west of Perry,
by a band of citizens, and beaten with
switches. They were run out of the
neighborhood. The Mormons had been
located at Shaner for some time, proselyting, and had been repeatedly warned
to leave

LONDON, Oct. 13.—It is rumored in political circles that Sir William Harcourt intimated a wish to resign the leadership of the Liberal party in the House of Commons, and has written a letter to Gladstone to show that no ignoble ambition guided his action, which is said to be due to his failing eyesight. At Likeral headquarters nothing is known of the report, which is not believed to be true.

A Washington dispatch says the President has made the following appointments in the army to fill existing vacancies: To be captain and assistant quarter-master. Lieut, Arthur Murray, Lieut, Daniel B. McCarty, Lieut, John T. Knight; to be captain and commissary of subsistence, Lieut, William H. Bashwin, Lieut, David L. Brainderd.

ANOTHER ONE.

(Continued from first page.)

fasten the gold standard upon the American people. (Applause.)
"I have no doubt that in this great crisis, whether it be settled now or hereafter, the judgment and conscience of our people will be sufficient to make our government better and make our people happier and give all people that joy which the gold standard has tried to confine to such a small portion of our people. (Loud and prolonged applause.)"

RESUMES HIS TRAVELS. RESUMES HIS TRAVELS.
ST. CLOUD (Minn...) Oct. 13.—The special car Idler left Minneapolis with the Bryan party about 8 o'clock, and in a short time the citizens of small towns on the Northern Pacific road between the Twin Cities and Duluth wer

towns on the Northern Pacific road between the Twin Cities and Duluth were listening to free-silver doctrines as proclaimed by the Democratic standard-bearer. Accompanying Mr. and Mrs. Bryan was Charles A. Towne, candidate for Congress. Shortly after 9 o'clock the little city of Anoka was reached, and Bryan in a three-minute speech told several hundred people gathered about the car steps that he believed in the Democratic platform from one end to the other.

A similar stop was made at Elk River, where many of those gathered about the depot cheered long and loud for McKinley. Bryan spoke from a stand erected a few feet from the railroad train. The majority of the crowd cheered him, and tried to overcome the demonstration of their political opponents. At the little station of Big Lake a few farmers welcomed the nominee. A flag of large proportions with a shovel handle as a staff was waved enthusiastically in front of Bryan by an excited stalwart farmer.

BY-PLAY AT ST. CLOUD.

LITTLE FALLS (Minn.) Oct. 13.—

handle as a staff was waved enthusiastically in front of Bryan by a excited stalwart farmer.

BY-PLAY AT ST. CLOUD.

LITTLE FALLS (Minn.) Oct. 13.—
The little city park of St. Cloud was well filled when Bryan arrived at 10 o'clock. In a speech delivered there, Bryan took occasion to tell the peopie that they had a splendid opportunity to help bimetallism by voting for Towne for Congress. He said, in part.

"For twenty years, the same influences have controlled both political parties. The financial influences of New York have written "a platform that leaned toward bimetallism, and nominated candidates who leaned toward the gold standard, and in the few miner has been been a seen that the partorns of the platform that leaned toward bimetallism, and nominated candidates who leaned toward the gold standard. Wy friends, I think Bismarck, a year ago, gave expression to a very important sentiment. Talk, in go the farmers of Germany, he said the gold standard will be seen the farmers of Germany, he said the gold standard will be seen the farmers of Germany, he said to the farmers of Germany, he said to the farmers of Germany he said to the farmers of Germany, he said to the farmers of Germany he said the fa

SIDE SHOTS AT REPUBLICANS. STAPLES (Minn.,) Oct. 13.—Yellow badges with the name of the Republican candidate for the Presidency were much in evidence when Bryan emerged from his special car at Little Falls and began to speak from the platform, a hundred yards from the railroad track. Bryan said:

which is apparent to those familiar with the ituation, has been determined upon after a judicial inquiry into the circumstances by the Washington authorities Advices from Minister Terrell have all lately been of such a character that there has appeared no better plan to pursue than the one which vould place the Bancroft, the armed epresentative of this government, ir the Golden Horn."

Jehn Sutton's Fate.

hundred yards from the raliroad track. Bryan said:

"You talk to a Republican about bimetallist as anybody. To the People's party voters of the United States: Your National Committee induspes the hope that the patriotic action of the People's party in national convention, in subordinating the interests of party to the success of the vital issue involved in this campaign, would be met by equally unselfish devotion to a common interest on the part of the Democratic party and that all the condition of the man from Nebraska, being gold men without any gold.

(Wild applause.)

OTHER STOPS.

DULUTH, Oct. 13.—Staples was the next stop, and Bryan expounded his doctrine to a crowd of several hundred. Among other things he said:

"The gold papers always say there were no men of prominence on the platform. They call attention to the absence of the bankers and railroad presidents and say somehow these interests are against the candidate. My friends, they overlook the fact that a big man does not vote any further than a little man. A big man has only one vote and sometimes he is so connected with business interests that he caunot control that. According to the Constitution and the Declaration of Independence, all men are equal. You can't judge a cause by asking whether a man is prominent or not. Truth is truth and right is right, even if they don't have bankers and railroad presidents on their side."

At Brainerd, where Bryan spoke from a stand to a large and enthusiastic crowd, he said in part:

"Ladies and gentlemen: I do not know what arguments are most familiarly advanced here against free coin-

tution and the Declaration of Independence, all men are equal. You can't judge a cause by asking whether a man is prominent or not. Truth is truth and right is right, even if they don't have bankers and railroad precidents on their side."

At Brainerd, where Bryan spoke from a stand to a large and enthusiastic crowd, he said in part:

"Ladies and gentlemen: I do not know what arguments are most familiarly advanced here against free coinage. I was going to say coercion was the argument that is being resorted to now by our opponents more than eny other. But there is one advantage about the voting in the States where they have the Australian ballot, and that is that while a man may wear a badge in order to save his employment, he has a right to use his vote in order to save his country. I do not find it in my heart to criticise the man who wears the Republican badge under compulsion.

"These are hard times and they will be harder than this if the gold stand-"Following this line of policy, your

CHICAGO, Oct. 13 .- A meeting of the CHICAGO, Oct. 13.—A meeting of the Executive Committee of the People's party was held at the Sherman House today. All members were present with the exception of John S. Dore of California. After hearing reports from members present and especially from M. W. Reed of Georgia, who spent several days with Thomas E. Watson, the committee decided to issue the following manifesto:

metals and is a gold-standard man, you will find his yellow will crop out on all occasions, and most of them are in the condition of the man from Nebraska, being gold men without any gold.

"Our opponents say the real reason why gold is so scarce now is because there is agitation about silver. They are telling us the silver craze is dying out, and yet it is so much alive that it has scared gold out. My friends, isn't it a frail financial system that crumbles in the presence of discussion? Isn't the gold standard a failure if it can't live in a campaign where free coinage is discussed? If you will give us silver, we will give them a foundation that won't step out the moment you talk about a gold standard.

"The trouble is, my friends, the gold-standard advocates dare not proclaim the results of the policy trey advocate. Let them, instead of wearing yellow badges, print on the card, 'We are American citizens, but we think this nation not big enough to attend to its own business,' and go out and face the condemnation of their fellow-men."

OTHER STOPS.

DULUTH, Oct. 13.—Staples was the next stop, and Bryan expounded his doctrine to a crowd of several hundred. Among other things he said:

"The gold papers always say there were no men of prominence on the patform. They call attention to the absence of the bankers and railroad presidents and say somehow these interests are against the candidate. My friends, they overlook the fact that a big man does not vote any furtler than a interests are against the candidate. Any friends of the population of prominence on the absence of the bankers and railroad with business interests that he caunot control that. According to the Constitution and the Declaration of Independence, all men are equal. You can't first and men and party second. But the form a first of the proposing the machinations of the constitution and the Declaration of Independence, all men are equal. You can't first and men and party second. Brave, enlightned voters, who constitute the rank and file of the People

stated that no such letter was expected.

"This cause should be accomplished only by arranging for a division of the electoral vote in every state possible, securing so many electors for Bryan and Watson and conceding so many to Bryan and Sewall At the opening of the campaign, this, under the circumstances, seemed the wisest course for your committee; and it is clearer today than ever that it was the only safe and wise course if our votes were to be cast and made effective, for the relief of an oppressed and outraged people.

"Following this line of policy, your"

stated that no such letter was expected.

"We are all pulling to defeat McKin-ley," and while there is some friction over the division of electors for Bryan and Constitution over the division of electors in the several States, no action will be taken that will in the least comproduct over the division of electors for Bryan and Constitution over the division of electors for Bryan and Consti

ard continues, and it is no wonder a man who has a job does not like to risk having his job taken away from him because he insists upon being an American citizen, but i do rejoice that the laboring men of this country were instrumetal in getting an Australian ballot to protect them in just such a critical as we are passing through. The protection of the American workingmen and tyranny waits outside while he goes in to vote. Someone has said a man wears the Republican badge to save his employment and votes; for free silver to make his job worth saving."

At Alken Bryan explained from the car platform the workings of the bond syndicate deal. Brief stops were also made at Carlton and West Superior, where the candidate made short addresses to good-sized crowds.

WINDS UP AT DULLUTH.

DULUTH (Minn.,) Oct. 13.—The private car Idler, bearing William J. Bryan and his party rolled into the Northern Pacific station in this city shortly after 6 o'clock, and the candidate made two speeches here tonight. The day's campaigning tour had covered the route from Minneapolis to Duluth, and at every station of worthy size along the line Bryan spoke to goodly crowds. Upon his arrival in Committee and with Mrs. Bryan poke to goodly crowds. Upon his arrival in Committee and with Mrs. Bryan was packed to the structure of the structure of the structure of the correct of the

nally supporting Mr. Bryan while secretly and in a very underhanded way are trying to accomplish his defeat, are advising against the joint electoral tickets, and failing in this they advise Democratis to scratch People's Party electors and already a few so-called Populist leaders are advising the rank and file of our party to strike back by refusing to support the Democratic electors of the joint electoral tickets. This is a trap set by the gold bugs who are rejoicing that a few honest men have fallen into it. These reports to-day are the only ones that buoy up the hopes of the Republican managers and the Democrats and Populists who are the only ones that bouy up the hopes of the Republican managers and the Democrats and Populists who are thus engaged in the doing of what the gold men most desire.

"Therefore we appeal to every Populist who may have been misled by such mistaken or false pleas of pretended loyalty to the People's Party into refusing support to such joint electoral tickets, to stop and consider the results of such conduct and refuse to be influenced by either misguided or corrupt men.

"There are but two sides in the con-

men.
"There are but two sides in the conflict that is being waged in this country today. On the one side are the
alided hosts of monopolies, the money
power, great trusts and railway corporations who seek the enactment of
laws to benefit them and impoverish
the people. On the other side are the
farmers, laborers, merchants and all
others who produce wealth and bear
the burden of taxation. The one represents the wealthy and powerfly resents the wealthy and power classes who want the control of

resents the wealthy and powerful relasses who want the control of the government to plunder the people. The other represents the people, contending for equality before the law and the rights of man. Between these two there is no middle ground.

"The one and only hope of the Republican party to win in this campaign and fasten the gold standard upon the country is the correct use of an unlimited supply of money for bribery, corruption and intimidition. The patrictic action of the People's party in forming and supporting these joint electoral tickets has shattered that hope. Already they are alarmed at the impotency of a boodle campaign, when all of the great moral forces of the people are solidly united in the defense of American institutions. The revulsion of the last ten days has so united them that victory is now assured.

"The People's party made this revo-

sured.
"The People's party made this revo-lution possible. Let every one do his duty and fall not. Let our boast be that we are American citizens and that American citizens are more than parti-

"This done, the cohorts of domestic and foreign greed will be driven from our legislative councils and the domiour legislative councils and the domination of American institutions; this done and the betrayed Republic will be redeemed and American prosperity restored. The men and the party that achieve such grand and patriotic results in this crisis will be the men and the party of the future.

"It has been left for the People's party and the silver Republicans to make the party sacrifice, and to do the patriotic work necessary to accomplish

make the party sacrince, and to do the patriotic work necessary to accomplish this result. The People's party must do it, for no other party will; the People's party will do it. Therefore the People's party will be the party of the future. The American people will recognize it as the agency that saved the day when their interests were at stake; day when their interests were at stake; the American people will rally round its banner as the party to contend against the enemy of good government in the future. Every man to his post, and the victory is won.

(Signed) "MARION BUTLER,
"Chairman.

"MARION BUTLER,
"Chairman.
"J. R. SOVEREIGN,
"H. W. REED,
"GEORGE F. WASHBURN,
"JOHN W. BREIDENTHAL,
"M. C. RANKIN,
"C. F. TAYLOR,
"J. A. EDGERTON,
"Sparentage"

"J. A. EDGERTON.

"Secretary."

The members of the committee admitted after the meeting that this statement is in the nature of a rebuke to Thomas E. Watson, who has been calling on all Populists to keep in the middle of the road without paying attention to either of the old parties.

Early in the afternoon Senator Marion Butler said that Watson would remain on the ticket, and that his relief had not been discussed. A different story was given out after the meeting, when it was said Watson had been the chief subject under discussion during the day.

FUSION AND FRICTION.

More or Less Valuable Ideas of the Populist Chairman.

CHICAGO, Oct. 13.—A meeting of the Populist National Executive Committee was held at the Sherman House today to consider the question of fusion in Kansas and Colorado, over which con-siderable friction has arisen. It is probsiderable friction has arisen. It is probable that action will be taken looking toward the displacement of some of the Democratic electors in the States named, and putting Populist electors in their places. All members of the National Executive Committee are present except Secretary Edston of the National Committee and Chairman Dorr of California.

Senator Butler of North Carolina, chairman of the National Populist Committee, when asked if Watson would come out in a letter opposing the fusion arrangements made in the West, stated that no such letter was expected.

the strongest factors of the Republican campaign until recently is now one of its greatest weaknesses, and that is the prodigal use of money."
"What do you think of Illinois?"
"Illinois is doutbful. Bryan, however, can be elected without Illinois, Michigan or Iowa. Ohio is hanging in the balance. If the sentiment of the campaign grows in our favor in that the balance. If the sentiment of the campaign grows in our favor in that State at the rate it is now growing there is no doubt the Statee will go for Bryan by a large majority. In Kentucky three is a hard fight, but fusion makes it safe."

Chairman Butler sent out word at 12:30 o'clock that the committee would probably remain in executive session until this evening.

PERSONAL POLITICS.

Two Kentucky Democrats on the Verge of a Duel.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 13.—A special to the Times-Star from Lexington, Ky., says: "It is stated here today that State Senator Bronston and ex-Chair-man of the Democratic Central Com-mittee John Carroll are on the verge of a duel. At the late Frankfort convena duel. At the late Frankfort convention, Carroll caused Bronston's defeat by throwing his strength to Evan Settle. The report says that Bronston cursed Carroll roundly. Carroll coolly told him to think over the matter, and apologize. Letters have passed between them, but it is stated by friends of Bronston that he does not intend to retract what he said, and they see no way out of the trouble except in accordance with the code."

ANOTHER PATRIOTIC CHURCHMAN. Bishop Williams Declares Against

the Chicago Platform.
(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.) MARQUETTE (Mich.,) Oct. 13.-Bishop G. Mott Williams of the Protestant Episcopal diocese of Marquette said to-

"The Episcopal Church was mos largely represented among the signers the Declaration of Independence and framers of the Constitution of the and framers of the Constitution of the United States. She has never encour-aged her clergy to be personal parti-sans, yet I would be a dumb guardiar of my people should I hesitate to say that any member of the Episcopa Church who supports the Chicago plat so in the teeth of the form will do so in the teachings of his church.

teachings of his church.
"I have never been a party man, and
do not declare for any personal pref-erence in this election, but I do declare for patriotism, mutual charity and confidence between the rich and poor, anti-sectionalism and honest money."

erence in this election, but I do declare for patriotism, mutual charity and confidence between the rich and poor, anti-sectionalism and honest money."

MR. HOBART SPEAKS.

His First Speech of the Campaign Made at Paterson.

(BY ASSOCIATED FRESS WIRE.)

NEW YORK, Oct. 13.—Garret A. Hobart was to preside, but the latter's townspeople demanded a speech from him. He was given a most enthusiastic reception. He talked principally of the tarift, but also apoke briefly of the tarift, but also apoke briefly of the tarift, but also apoke briefly of the carret financial standard.

THE OLD VETERANS.

INDIANAPOLIS, (Ind.,) Oct. 13.—The Old Veterans party, under the charge of Gen. Alger, arrived at Indianapolis at 6:30 o'clock. A large parade was reviewed by the generals from the Hotel Dennison. The crowd that gathered to hear the speakers was a wide to audiences aggregated 900 people, who applauded the utterances of the generals in behalf of the gold standard and the Republican cause.

The speakers of the evening were Gen. Russeil A. Alger, Gen. Daniel Sickles, Gen. O. O. Howard, Gen. Stewart of Pennsylvania and Corporal Tanner.

An INDIANA DEMONSTRATION.

LAFAYETTE (Ind.,) Oct. 13.—The visit of Gen. Alger and party here was the occasion for one of the largest political demonstrations ever held in this city. The speeches were delivered in an immense tens. There was a parade of business men and weterans. The party left for Indianapolis this evening.

AN Saraioga. N. T., dispatch says the first precipt was a first as a grace with the campaign to the says the first reception to the first arise in the first format metering here this afternoon. Over twenty thousand strangers were present, and the parade was two miles long.

Want A First format meeting of the President and the Republican cause.

Want A First formation dispatch says the derivation of the generals in behalf of the gold standard and the Republican feeting the process of the evening service of the present of the process of the evening service of the process of the e

WANT A FULL VOTE.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 13.—The National Association of Democratic Clubs today issued an appeal to all members to do all within their power to bring out the full Democratic vote on election day. Members are urged to heed the request of Bryan that they remain at the polls all election day, that each appoint himself a missionary, and that as far as able, each furnish a conveyance to bring to the polls Democrats who otherwise would not vote.

THE ST LOUIS FUROR WANT A FULL VOTE.

THE ST. LOUIS FUROR. ST. LOUIS, Oct. 13 .- Attorney Charles G. Nolan applied for two warrants this afternoon against Dugald Crawford, a Broadway merchant, charging him with attempting to influence the vote of T. D. Porcher and Phil Gradwohl, two of the twelve salesmen whose discharge for political reasons caused a furor.

CRAWFORD CRAWFISHES. ST. LOUIS (Mo.,) Oct. 13.-Dougald

CRAWFORD CRAWFISHES.
ST. LOUIS (Mo.,) Oct. 13.—Dougald Crawford, the big dry goods merchant, who discharged a baker's dozen of his men last Saturday because they announced their intention to vote for Bryan and Sewall, has repented his action and today, over his signature, in a public letter, he says he will take the men back.

In part he says: "I have invited all of the men to return to my store and to occupy their former positions without prejudice as regards the future and without loss of salary since they left my employ. A man in anger often makes mistakes, but I do not believe he loses any of his manhood by admitting his error. I desire every man in my employ to vote as he pleases, but I believe that every man who carefully studies existing conditions should vote for McKinley. To allow all of my employés to vote as they please and have ample time to do so, I have decided to close the store of D. Crawford & Co. at I p.m. on November 3."

INDIANA GOLD TICKET.

INDIANAPOLIS (Ind.,) Oct. 13.—The

INDIANAPOLIS (Ind.,) Oct. 13.—The State Board of Elections today decided that the electoral ticket of the National Democrats should be called the Gold Standard ticket. The board had previously notified S. O. Pickens, the chairman of the State Central Committee of the National Democrats, that it could not go on the ballot under the name of National Democrats and had requested him to send in another name.

This Pickens declined to do, stating that the name had been advisedly chosen and that there was nothing in the law to forbid its use. In his formal reply to the board's request. Pickens declared that the party which herepresented was the only National Democratic party and that the name was descriptive as well as legal.

BOWERS AT HANFORD. INDIANAPOLIS (Ind.,) Oct. 13 .- The

meeting was one of the best of the

HOW THE KNIGHTS "SIZE IT." WASHINGTON, Oct. 13.—The gen-eral executive board of the Knights of Labor is in session here at their head quarters, looking after the routine business of the order. At the close of the session tonight, T. B. McGuire of New York and H. B. Martin, editor of

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 13.—Registrar Hinton today recognized the Citizens' Republican party and accepted its nominations. The Registrar also

trar Hinton today recognized the Citizens' Republican party and accepted its nominations. The Registrar also gave his official sanction to the Anti-Charter Democratic party, the United Labor party and the Citizens' Independent party, whose petitions had been previously filed.

M. Babcock filed a petition with 13,000 signatures and another with 8000 is to be filed later, nominating him for the office of Superintendent of Public Schools. He calls himself an Independent Republican.

It is estimated that there will be fully 500 names upon the ballot. Allowing for the requisite space between cach name, the official headings and spaces for stamping, the ballot promised to be about 4x2½ feet.

The nominations filed thus far embrace those of the Citizens' Republican, Citizens' Independent, People's, Socialist Labor and United Labor parties. Besides these are those of the Taxpayers' Water party and the Free Silver and Protection party, whose petitions have been rejected, but which may be presented again, and a large number of independent candidates.

FLASHES FROM THE WIRES.

A London cablegram says the Marquis of Salisbury and Sir Julian Pauncefote the British Ambassador at Washington, had a long conference yesterday afternoon.

The President yesterday recognized Leon Guisiann as Consul of Belgium; Adolo Canal, Consul of Venezuela, and José Maria Tinoco, Consul of Costa Rica, all at San Francisco.

An Omaha dispatch says the semi-annual meeting of the Railway Special Agents' Association of the United States was held there yesterday. The proceedings were not important.

A Scripts N. V. dispatch says Wood &

portant.

A Saratoga, N. Y., dispatch says Wood & Fembers' nevelty works and the Carner manufacturing plant at Granville have been destroyed by fire. The loss is \$50,000; insurance \$15,000.

CLINEBROS.

Cash Grocers.

WE Becoming fa-ARE Cut-rate Gro-

Los Angeles, and we strive to deserve the fame. We want every housekeeper in the city to know that this is a Cut-rate house. We want them to know that we handle only the

Specials

Wednesday, Thursday Oct, 14 and 15.

Maple Syrup, gallon......75c Imported French Peas 15c Young Hyson Tea, Ib.....15c English Breakfast Tea, 1b.. 20c Hamburger Eels, per can 25c Rex Soap, 13 bars for 25c Leader Soap, 13 bars for. . 25c Castile Soap, per bar.....5c Our Mother's Mush, 4 pkgs.25c

Gen. Imp. Swiss Cheese, Ib . . 25c Chiradelli's Shield Brand Chocolate, per cake......5c

142-144 N. Spring St.

WHERE TO BUY **GORHAM** SILVER:

Don't look for it among the "Silvery" silver of the dry-goods stores, offered at half the price of Bullion. Suspicion instantly attaches to all such wares. no matter what they are stamped, or by whom they are sold. essessesses On the contrary, the proprietor of any first-class jewelry store in the U.S. will stake his personal reputation upon the sterling quality of GORHAM Silver. 444444444444



Too good for Dry Goods Stores-

THE WASHINGTON SOMETHING ABOUT EYES &

A great many people, espe-cially young and middle-aged, suffer more or less from apparently unaccountable headache, which may exist every day or occur at short intervals, and which medical treatment fails to relieve. T. T.

Persons desiring to know whether they should not wear glasses can have the benefit of our experience and receive full information.—When glasses are ordered, they will be furnished at reasonable prices.

LISSNER & CO. 235 South Spring Street, Los Angeles. Broadway and 13th St., Oakland.



THE BEER THAT MADE MILWAUKEE

famous. WORLDS FAIR AWARD FOR

PURITY. FOR SALE BY THE TRADE

THROUGH THE AGENTS SHERWOOD



Old highland Whisky. Whisky.
This is an elid friend to very many, and is by its merits gaining new friends every day. It is recommended by the Medical Profession, and its purity and age render it a wholesome drink to

Napier

Johnstone's

An opportunity is now given to procure at a moderate price in Los Angeles the above whisky, which is one of the very finest of Scotch whiskies, and is known in England as the Square Bottle Whisky. It is used largely in many of the leading London clubs and is shipped in large quantities to India, where it is perhaps the best known brand. It is particularly adapted to a warm climate, and when taken with food possesses valuable dietetic properties. It can be obtained at "The Oxford" Bar Cellars, 202 Commercial street, Los Angeles, (James Hefner, manager.) Price per dozen case (including case and bottles,) \$13.15; per bottle \$1.26. A sample case will be forwarded on remittance.

Your \$5.55 Should be spent economically, and you will find it practical economy to trade at the Broadway Harness Co., 252 S. Broadway.



\$5 BELTS FOR \$30
Old fashioned and poorly made, can be had by paying your money to electric belt "quacks" and traveling "fakers" For a first-class article, write or call for free copy of our free book PIERCE & SONS, 704 Sacramento street, sorner Kearney, San Francisco, Cal.

South HETAILOR Spring Street.

C. F. Heinzeman, Druggist an

Prescriptions carefully compounded day

THE TIMES' CIRCULATION.

A SHOWING OF FIGURES IN FULL

Weekly Circulation Statement by City Routes, Towns, Localities, etc., for the Week Ended Satur-day, October 10, 1896.

th	e week.	average
City and suburban routes de-		
livered direct from the of-		
fice by carriers	51,982	7,42
Alhambra	755	10
Azusa and Covina	990	14
Anahelm	239	. 4
Bisbee	217	. 3
Colton	419	5
Colton	416	. 8
Chino	312	4
Catalina	140	
Elsinore	210	3
Elsinore	200	2
Fullerton	375	6
Glendora	195	2
Garden Grove and Buena		
Park	970	13
Park Hueneme	216	. 3
Highlands	301	- 4
Long Beach	995	14
Lamanda Park	309	- 4
Los Nietos	474	
Monrovia	645	
North Ontario	174	1 3
Outario	865	12
Orange	586	45
Pasadena and South Pasa-		
dena	9, 536	1,31
Pomona	2,057	20
Prescott	253	3
Phoenix	1.033	13
Riverside	2,170	31
Redlands	1.810	90
	299	- 1
Rivera, Downey and Whit-		
ther	1.376	13
Soldiers' Home	1,250	1
San Jacinto	217	- 3
Santa Paula	359	- 1
San Bernardine	1.770	21
Santa Ana and Tustin	2,979	4
San Pedro	465	1
South Riverside	368	
Santa Barbara	1,430	2
San Francisco	469	
San Dimas	255	3
San Diego	. 950	/ 1
Santa Anita	372	
Santa Monica	2,000	. 2
Vantura	66-4	1
*Eighty-two other towns (summarized)		
(summarized)	5,642	8
Mailed to California sub-	-	
scribers		7
Mailed to eastern subscribers		2
Free copies and exchanges		2
City newsboys	3,880	
Railroad news companies	5.210	7
Office use, counter sales, etc.		2
All other circulation		
All other circulation		-

..... 119,215

Amdavit of Superintendent of Cir-

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES, SS. Personally appeared before me, Harry Chandler, superintendent of circulation of the Los Angeles Times, who, being duly swon, deposes and says that the foregoing is a cor-rect exhibit of the circulation of the Los An-geles Times for the week ending October 10, 1896.

HARRY CHANDLER. ribed and sworn to before me this 10th October, 1896. (Seal)
J. C. OLIVER,
otary Public in and for Los Angeles County,
State of California.

Affidavit of the Pressman.

ATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF LOS Personally appeared before me, George W. Crawford, foreman of the pressroom of the Los Angeles Times, who, being duly sworn, deposes and says that the daily editions of The Times were as follows for the week ending October 10, 1896; unday, October 4.

(Seal)

J. C. OLIVER,

Notary Public in and for Los Angeles County

State of California.

The Law in the Case.

The Law in the Case.

Section S3 of the Penal Code, approved March 10, 1882, "relating te misrepresentations as to circulation by proprietors of newspapers and periodicals, for the purpose of obtaining patronage."

It is not provided the proprietors of newspapers are the procession of the paper misrepresenting the circulation of his paper can be proceeded against by law circulation books are open for the inspection of newertisers at all times. We also refer any advertisers or others who may desire to make further inquiry, to our agents (who are also agents for other Los Angeless papers,) at the places named in the above list, for a verification of our statements in each case.

The subscription price of The Times is inavariably 75 cents per month. No class or
clique are furnished it at a lower rate, no
copies are given away, and no unwilling readers are subsidized to take it.

The net daily average paid circulation of
The Times is equal to twice that of any other
Los Angeles paper. Sworn statements of net
paid circulation are made monthly.

Sworn Net Average Daily Cir-culation for 12 months of 1895..... Sworn Net Average Daily Cir-culation for 8 Months of 1896.....

THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY.

LINERS.

One cent a word for each insertion.

SPECIAL NOTICES-

GOLD! GOLD! WE PAY THE HIGH est cash price for all miners' gold; also old gold and silver in any form. LONERGAN & CALKINS, gold and silver refiners and assayers, Widney Block, 127 W. First at.; of-

AN ELEGANT SHAW PIANO, AS DISplayed at the SOUTHERN CAL. MUSIC
CO. WAREROOMS. You may win it. See
particulars in Times guessing contest.
LADIES—HAVE YOUR DRESS SKIRTS
cleaned, irebound and pressed just like new
occes; prices moderate. BOSTON DYE
WORRS, 226 New High st. Tel. 454. 14

MISS A. PUERTA WILL TEACH THE SPAN-ish language for \$2 a month; graduate from the Spanish Academy, City of Mexico. 433 E. THIRD ST.

MAY STORAGE IN LARGE LOTS AT LOW rates. Address X, box 60, TIMES OFFICE.

MEW SEWING MACHINES. RENT 12 PER month. 427 S. B'DWAY. Tel. 1419 main.

WALL PAPER. 3c PER ROLL; 48 FEET border, 16c. WALTER. 218 W. Sixth st.

MRS. J. A. DONAHUE, 222 S. HILL, ROOM 9. Fastionable dressmaking.

14 IRON WORKS—BAKER IRON WORKS, 939 to 586 BUENA VISTA ST. A. B. DAVIS-CANDIDATE FOR SUPER-

GENTLEMEN'S CLOTHING CLEANED dyed and renovated by a new process which does not shrink or put the clothes out o shape: all work guaranteed. BOSTON STEAM DYE WORKS, 256 New High at Telephone main 454. Telephone main 454.

IF YOU WISH TO BUY OR SELL REAL EState in this city, or loan or borrow money on mortgage, call on R. ALTSCHUL, real estate agent, 408 S. Broadway.

LADY FROM THE EAST WILL GIVE MAS-sage and other baths at your homes. Ad-dress 221 N. BROADWAY. 16 CASH PAID FOR GENTS' CAST-OFF clothing. PAISNER, 1114 Commercial st.

WANTED-

HUMMEL BROS. & CO., EMPLOYMENT AGENTS. California Bank Building,

A strictly first-class, reliable agency. All kinds of help promptly furnished.
Your orders solicited.

300-302 W. Second st., in basement.

(Office open from 7 a.m. to 7:30 p.m., except Sunday.)

MEN'S DEPARTMENT.

Four experienced pruners for deciduous

MEN'S DEPARTMENT.
Four experienced pruners for deciduous orchard, \$\frac{1}{2}\$ per day, etc.; stout boy to learn painters' trade, \$\frac{3}{2}\$ per week; man to work ranch on shares, Antelope Valley; chief cook, Arizona, \$\frac{3}{2}\$ etc.; dishwasher, \$\frac{3}{2}\$ per week; restaurant waiter, \$\frac{3}{2}\$ per week.
HOUSEHOLLD DEPARTMENT.
Housegirls, Hope st., Union ave., 28th st., 11th st. and Orange, \$\frac{3}{2}\$ etc.; housegirl, family of 4, washing sent out, country, \$\frac{3}{2}\$ or indide-aged woman, housework, \$\frac{3}{2}\$ per week; second girl, city, \$\frac{3}{2}\$0.

HOTEL DEPARTMENT. HUMMEL BROS. & CO. 14 HUMMEL BROS. & CO.
WANTED—A REPRESENTATIVE, SALES
man, office man, delivery man, mechanica
and unskilled assorted situations. ED
WARD NITTINGER, 3134, S. Broadway. 1

WARD NITTINGER, 3334 S. Broadway. 17
WANTED—A GOOD MAN; THAT 18, NOT
afraid of hard work, and can put \$250 and
services in business that is paying well. Address X, box 72, TIMES OFFICE. 14
WANTED—430 WEEKLY AND EXPENSES;
beat inducements to dealers. FOLK,
RITCHIE & CO. St. Louis. 11-14
WANTED—6RANITE PAVING CUTTERS.
Apply to CONRAD SCHERER, 237 W. First
st. Office hours 10 to 10:30 s.m.
WANTED—FIRST-CLASS BRASS MOULD—
C. Call between 6 and 8 in the evening at
573 WOLFSKILL AVE. 15

WANTED-YOUNG MAN; SOME WHOLE-sale house and office experience; small sale ary. Call 451 S. HOPE. 14 WANTED-ACTIVE SOLICITORS TO TAKE orders for talloring company. Address X, box 71, TIMES OFFICE. 14 WANTED— A GOOD SALESMAN. 216 S. BROADWAY. Apply bet. 8 and 9.

WANTED-

Help, Female. WANTED - OPERATOR, ATTENDANT, housekeeper, saleslady, companion, office work, nursegirl, assorted situations. ED-WARD NITTINGER, 3134, S. Broadway. 17 WANTED—GIRL ABOUT 14 YEARS OLD
to do up bundles in store and learn to
make change. Address in own handwriting, X. box 68, TiMES OFFICE. 14
WANTED—HOTEL AND HOUSEHOLD
help. MRS.SCOTT & MISS M'CARTHY, 1074
S. Broadway. Tel 819.

S. Broadway. Tel 819.

WANTED— LADY TO FOLD CIRCULARS
for instruction. PITMAN SHORTHAND
SCHOOL, Wilson Block. 14 WANTED STRONG WOMAN TO DO COOK-ing and general housework. Apply at 1341 S. HOPE ST.

S. HOPE ST.

WANTED— GOOD HOME FOR HELP IN
housework. Inquire 651 S. BROADWAY.

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL IN SMALL FAMily: no washing. 1625 SANTEE ST. 14

WANTED-A MAGNIFCENT SHAW PIANO

there is none better; the guess on the Presidency wins it. See ad. for particulars

WANTED—
Situations, Male.

WANTED—BY MARRIED MAN. AGED 37, a position as surveyor or draughtsman, or will take charge of large ranch; 15 years' experience on this Coast; speaks Spanish, French and German. Address V. box 65, TIMES OFFICE.

15

TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED-PERMANENT POSITION IN A respectable family by intelligent Japanese chaving long experience and best references, city or country. FRISCO, 613 New High st. WANTED-SITUATION IN GOOD FAMILY

First. 16
WANTED — SITUATIONS; RANCHMAN, waiters, salesman, porter, man and wife, PEOPLE'S FREE BUREAU, 313½ S. Broad-

WAN.

WANTED— SITUATION BY COACHMAN;
best local references; will work cheap. Address X, box 74, TIMES OFFICE.

14 WANTED — SITUATION BY JAPANESE, first-class cook; wages \$30 up. Address TA-CO, 327 N. Main st. 15 WANTED—SITUATION BY A JAPANESS family cook; wages \$25 up. TAUU, 249 S. Main st.

WANTED-Situations, Female.

WANTED—COMPETENT, RELIABLE, EX-perienced lady desires position as house-keever or companion; would take entire charge of family of children, aged couple or delicate and backward child; references. Address W, box 17. TIMBS OFFICE, 18 WANTED— SITUATIONS: DRESSMAKER, hospital nurse, chambermaid, traveling companion, housework. PEOPLE'S FREE BUREAU, 3134 S. Broadway. 17 WANTED-POSITION BY ELDERLY LADY, good dressmaker, experienced housekeeper or any place of trust. Apply MERCY HOME, 326 Boyd st. 14 HOME, 326 Boyd st.

WANTED — A POSITION TO DO LIGHT
housework by young woman with child of
8 years. Call KAWEAH BLOCK, room 14,
254 S. Broadway.

WANTED-STUATION BY A COMPETENT Scandivanian girl, cooking, second or gen-eral work, city or country. 652 S. BROAD-WAY.

WAY.

WANTED—SITUATION BY MIDDLE-AGED
lady; good housekeeper and cook; refences. Address X, box 63, TIMES OFFICE. WANTED — A SITUATION AT GENERAL housework, small family, Call MAT-THEWS HOUSE, 223 E, Fifth, room 26, 14 WANTED-SITUATION BY A COMPETENT German cook, worker, city, country, Ad.

WANTED— BY WIDOW WITH CHILD, A position as housekeeper in widower's family. GLASS, box 24, Ventura, Cal. 14 WANTED — BY WOMAN, SITUATION TO do general housework, city; wages \$20; ref-erences. Call 241 S. MAIN. WANTED—BY YOUNG GIRL, SITUATION in private family, to assist with housework.

Please call 326 BOYD ST.

14 WANTED— DRESSMAKING BY THE DAY, or plain sewing. Call or address H., 518 S. GRAND AVE.

WANTED-SITUATION BY A FIRS-CLASS cook, or general housework. Call 237 E. WANTED-SITUATION BY GERMAN GIRL to do general housework. Address 746 MA-PLE AVE. WANTED-SITUATION BY: A COMPETENT girl, cooking or housework. 1612 N. MAIN.

WANTED-POSITION AT SECOND WORK by German girl. Call 237 E. FOURTH. 14

WANTED-AGENTS; X-RAY PENETRATES everything, latest novelty; prompt attention gives you the cream of the business; send Ec for sample and particulars. Royal Novel-ty Co., 37 Merchants' Ex., San Francisco. WANTED-BIG MONEY IN LATEST CAM-paign and comic buttons: 500 kinds; bottom prices: box samples for dime. CAMPAION SUPPLY CO., 34 Arch st. Boston. Mass. WANTED-4 MORE AGENTS, OUTSIDE 1993a. HOLLAND, SI Breadway, room 2, 14

To Purchase.

WANTED-BRING YOUR OLD AND WORNout jewelry to us and get U. S. mint price
for it; lady customers will find our offices
next and pleasant to transact business in.
LONERGAN & CALKINS, 127 W. First at.
upstairs, Widney Block.

upstairs, Widney Block.

WANTED — TO PURCHASE FOR SPOT cash, a nice home in Bonnie Brae tract; price not to exceed \$4500, Address, with location, description and price, X, box 56, TIMES OFFICE. TIMES OFFICE. 14

WANTED-FRUIT RANCH OR LAND FOR \$2000 or less; send definite description of soil, exposure, water, location, title, etc., to CARLETON, 132 S. Hill st. 15

WANTED-REMEMBER TO VOTE YOUR Times coupon, you may be the lucky winner of a matchless Shaw plano. WANTED-A GOOD STAMP COLLECTION or stamps from old correspondence. Address G, box \$5, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED-

WANTED-TO RENT NICE 6 OR \$-ROOM house, furnished, good location; furniture must be good; small family; no children; must be reasonable. Address W., 201 N. LOS ANGELES ST. References exchanged.

WANTED-YOU WOULD LIKE A MATCH-less Shaw plano; fill out your guessing coupon in The Times.

WANTED-PARTNER WITH \$200 IN SAFE and profitable business; no risk. Address X, box 67, TIMES OFFICE. 14

WANTED — THE SHAW PIANO HAS THE most perfect action; get one, for a guess in The Times.

WANTED-

WANTED—
Miscellaneous.

WANTED—A SNAP IN RANCHING; WILL
give to right man with good team, for term
of years, the use of house, fuel, pienty
water, 10 acres cleared land; as much more
as you want, not cleared; in return, ask
only use of team for 10 days per month; if
desired, would sell piece on long time, payable in work; beautiful location, fine land,
at Temescal, between South Riverside and
Elsinore. See OWNER, 651 S. Broadway. 14
WANTED— A FEW MORE PERSONS TO
join us on a pleasure trip to St. Nicholas
island after Indian relics and shells. For
particulars address H. MEYER, Avalon,
Catalina Island.

Catalina Island.

WANTED-PARTY TO JOIN IN SHIPPING carload household furniture to Colorado Springs, Denver, Pueblo, middle of November. DR. M'COY, Orange, Cal.

17 ber. DR. M'COY, Orange, Cal. 17

WANTED-PARTY WITH A PHONOGRAPH
outht for a 2-months' touring; large profits
assured. Address X, box 62, TIMES OF-

FICE.

WANTED — GUESS EARLY AND OFFEN
if you desire to win the lovely Shaw piano
offered in The Times guessing contest.

WANTED—A LOAD OF 5 OR 6 PROSPECtors for Randsburg. Apply 1702 S. MAIN
ST.

COR SALE-

City Lots and Lands.

City Lots and Lands.

FOR SALE—GRIDER & DOW'S
ADAMS STREET TRACT.
—THE TRACT OF HOMES—

64 choice residence lots unsold are now offered at \$300 to \$1000 on easy payments; 600 lots have been sold and over 250 homes built in the past 18 months; a school building that cost over \$17,000 and a fine church are located in this tract; five miles of streets graded, curbed and sidewalked, and lined with 2000 lovely shade and paim trees; city water; electric lights: modern street cars, with 10-minute service; only 12 minutes' ride from business center; four 80-foot streets and one 100-foot street; lots 50x150 to aliey; high and sightly location; rich loam soil; no mud. Don't buy for a home nor for an investment until you see the "Adams-street tract." Free carriage from our office. Telephone 1299. For maps, prices and views of this tract call on or write to

GRIDER & DOW, POR SALE—410 DOWN, 410 PER MONTH.
will buy a lot in C. A. Smith's third addition, located close in; on Eighth and Mateo
sts.; prices \$240 and \$250; call for map. C.
A. SMITH. 213 W. First st.
FOR SALE—4400 WILL BUY A LARGE
building lot near the corner of Pico st.
and San Pedro; price only \$400; see it at
once. GRIDER & DOW, 139 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE-BEAUTIFUL LOT WITH EAST front in South Bonnie Brae tract will be sacrificed for \$1150. G. C. EDWARDS, 230 W. First.

W. First. 14 FOR SALE—AT A SACRIFICE, LOT 50x199, Grand ave. and 21st st., \$1700; this lot is worth \$2500. FRANK M. KELSEY, 235 W. Third st. FOR SALE-A 50-FOOT LOT ON E. SEVenth, near Maple, at \$50 a front foot; worth double. G. C. EDWARDS, 230 W. First. 14 FOR SALE—BEAUTIFUL LOT, 52 FEET front on Scharff st., only \$1000. E. A. MIL-LER, 237 W. First.

COR SALE-

FOR SALE—A BEAUTIFUL HOME OF 7 acres, ½ mile from Downey; 5 in alfalfa; a new 5-room house, with 3 porches; 100-foot well, windmill, tank and tankhouse; a good barn, crib, stable, chicken-house, corrals; water piped to house, corrals and front yard; fruits in bearing for family use; bluegrass lawn and all kinds of flowers: 7 hours run of ditch water for irrigating; ranch cost the owner 1 year ago \$3000; he is going out of the State and will take \$2000. There is more clear money in alfalfa, cows, hogs, corn, pumpkins, citrons, chickens and turkeys than anything in California. Some of the farmers have cut their alfalfa ens and turkeys than anything in California.

Some of the farmers have cut their alfalfs
9 times this year. Our creamery pays \$1 per
100 lbs. for 4 per cent. milk; 16 to 1 you wil
want a ranch here if I show you this valley
I can suit you in any size home you want.

B. M. BLYTHE, Downey, Cal.

B. M. BLYTHE, Downey, Cal.
FOR SALE—50,000 ACRES OF LAND, SUBdivided to suit, in San Luis Oblapo and
Santa Barbara counties; suitable for fruit,
regetables, dairying and diversified farming;
climate delightful; soil fertule; water abundabt; rail or ocean transportation; price from
§5 to \$50 per acre; don't buy until you have
seen this part of California. For full particulars address PACIFIC LAND CO., San
Luis Oblapo, Cal., or DARLING & PRATT,
210 and 212 Wilcox Bidg., Los Angeles, Cal.
FOR SALE—OR RENT—RANCH OF 160 FOR SALE—OR RENT—RANCH OF 160 acres, all under fence and free water, 34 under plow, 15 hill pasture, 15 acres bearing deciduous orchard; stock and implements to run the place; house furnished; barn full of hay. Apply to ROBERT DUNN, Bordeaux Fruit Ranch, Fillmore. FOR SALE-CHEAP LANDS, RIVERSIDE county, HEMET LAND CO., 244 S. Br'dway.

COR SALE-

FOR SALE-LOVELY HOME: NEW 5room cottage, finished in yellow pine; has
large bathroom, marble washstand, fine
mantel and grate, and every modern convenience; house is piped for gas, hot and
cold water; lot 180 feet deep to alley; only
10 minutes' ride from our office; price \$1850,
on easy installments. GRIDER & DOW,
139 S. Broadway.

10 minutes' ride from our office; price \$1850, on easy installments. GRIDER & DOW. 139 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE— \$5500; BEAUTIFUL 9-ROOM house, 1224 ingraham st., just beyond Pearl st.; 50-foot frontage; fenced; splendidly decorated; coment cellar; furnace; lawn, cement walks neven coupled proceiain bath; close LAND & CO., 207 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE— A 4-ROOM COTTAGE, S.W., less than a block from Washington st.; good barn and carriage-bouse; chicken corrai; lot 50 feet front, fenced; house partly furnished; \$800 part cash, baiance monthly. W. L. SHERWOOD. 235 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE— \$5500; BRAND-NEW HOUSE

FOR SALD — \$5500; BRAND-NEW HOUSE near Westlake; (a beauty:) you can pay \$50 per month rent, and at end of year purchase at original price, applying \$600 rent to same; this is a bargain. W. M. GARLAND & CO. 207 S. Broadway. FOR SALE-THE GRANDEST CORNER ON Grand ave.; fine 12-room residence, nice grounds, etc., \$1000 less than value, before Nov. 1; see this quick. J. L. PATTERSON, 419 S. Broadway.

PATENTS FOR INVENTIONS OBTAINED, bought and sold, by DAY & DAY. Established 1849. Offices 84-85, Bryson Block, Los Angeles, Cal. KNIGHT BROS., PATENT SOLICITORS— Free book on patents. 434 BYRNE BLDG

CHIROPODISTS-VACY STEER CURES DANDRUFF-HAIP without pain, 1974 & BROADWAY.

FOR SALE-

FOR SALE — THE FURNITURE OF IS rooms, with lease of house, on Broadway, central; will be sold at your own price; come and see me about it. MRS. C. S. HEALD, 336 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE— BIG SACRIFICE: LODGING-bouse of 9 rooms, close in: richly furnished; going sway; must be sold; price \$350. I. D. BARNARD, 111 N. Broadway. FOR SALE—SEVERAL BIG BARGAINS IN rooming-houses. Call today. W. H. DECK ER. 447 S. Broadway. 14 FOR SALE 20 ROOMS ON S. HILL, CLOSE in; very desirable; cheap rent. 326 BROADWAY. 15

COR EXCHANGE-

FOR EXCHANGE — ONE OF THE SHOW places of Southern Californis; modern 6-room house, bath, etc., barn, driving sheds, and outhouses; 3 acres set to navel oranges, lemons, peaches, assorted fruits, small and and large; best quality; oranmental palms and shrubs, cypress hedges; close to city; price \$3500, mortgage, \$1000; wan house in city about equal value. GOWEN, EBERLE & CO., 147 S. Broadway.

FOR EXCHANGE—HAVE YOU SOME CASH and good city equity to exchange for fine 30-acre ranch, with abuddant free water, 10 miles from city in east sharts and condity and the sharts and the sharts and sharts and provements. TODD, German-American Bank Bidg., room 5.

FOR EXCHANGE—10 AGRES OF THE BEST land in Clearwater, near the big sugar factory, all clear; will trade for one or two vacant with the sharts with the sharts with city. Address C. H. CRECIAT, 33 Wall st.

FOR EXCHANGE—WANT SAN FRANCIS—

cant lots in city. Address C. H. CRECIAT, 553 Wall st. 14

FOR EXCHANGE— WANT SAN FRANCISco property for 2 houses, close in, and acreage near Los Angeles city limits. J. ROBERTS, 136 S. Broadway. 7

FOR EXCHANGE— 48 LOTS (5 ACRES,)
clear, in Seabright, near Long Beach, for
city property; will assume. Address X, box
75, TIMES OFFICE. 15

FOR EXCHANGE—10 ACRES OF PRUNES
and oranges, 5 years old, situated at Rialto,
for business of some kind. Address W, box
31, TIMES OFFICE.

FOR EXCHANGE—BEARING ORANGE
and lemon orchard, South Riverside, for alfalfa land or city property. R. D. LIST, 212
W. Second.

FOR SALE-

Miscella peous SALE-BARGAINS IN SLIGHTLY

FOR SALE-CANOPY-TOP SURREY; ALSO

for horse. 523 PATTON ST., off Temple. 14
FOR SALE — A FIRST-CLASS UPRIGHT
plane, used only 3 months; beautiful walnut
case and lovely tone; great sacrifice. 146 S.
FLOWER, cor. Second. FOR SALE— AT AUCTION, 222 W. FIRST st., furniture and carpets, damaged on Union Pacific Railroad; sold on Wednesday, Oct. 14, at 10 o'clock.

FOR SALE NEARLY NEW UPRIGHT plano, wainut case; great bargain if bought at once. Address S, box 50, TIMES OF-FICE. FOR SALE-BEAUTIFUL UPRIGHT PIANO, first-class make, with stool and scarf; must sell; cheap for cash. See it at 544 S. HOPE ST.

ST.

FOR SALE—MARCH WHEEL, '95 MODEL, slightly used; owner must sell at once. Call at N. STRAUSS & CO., 425 and 427 S. Spring st. at N. STRAUSS & CO., 425 and 427 S. Spring st.

FOR SALE — THE TIMES MAKES A LISeral offer to its readers; do you wan it? a fine Shaw piano for a guess. See add.

FOR SALE — BUY. SELL, RENT TYPE-wilters; good Reminstons, real 33 month. E. C. CRIBB & CO., 127½ W. Second at.

FOR SALE—BOILER AND ENGINE. INquire CENTRAL-AVE. PLANING MILL, bet. Second and Third, Central ave. 19

FOR EXCHANGE— A NEW HOUSE OF 31 rooms; \$6000; mortgage \$2000; for ranch. EDWARD FRASER, \$16 Broadway.

FOR SALE — BURKE BROS. NO. 456 S.

FOR SALE — BURKE BROS., NO. 456 S
Spring, have \$100 wheels for \$35, \$40, \$45
guaranteed 1 year.
FOR SALE — 2-STORY BARN. 756 S
BROADWAY.

SWAPS-All Sorts, Big and Little. FOR EXCHANGE—HIGH-GRADE WHEEL for pony or horse and rig; buggy preferred. Inquire Wednesday or Thursday morning, about 9 o'clock, 147 W. 23D ST. 14 about 9 o'clock, 147 W. ZSD ST. 14 FOR EXCHANGE—OR SALE; WINDMILL, tank, stand-pipe, etc. Address X, box 69, TIMES OFFICE. 14

FOR EXCHANGE— GENTS' HIGH-GRADE Orient wheel for ladies'. 335 N. MAIN. 15

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES-WANTED—LADY OR GENTLEMAN PART.
ner; if you want to get into a nice little
business it will pay you to investigate this;
only a few hundred dollars required, and if
you are the right party and have not got all
the money, will give you a chance to pay
balance as you make it out of the business.
Address P. O. BOX 906, city.

FOR SALE—\$500 WILL BUY MY INTEREST
in a 4-year-old established business; good

in a *-year-old established business; good trade, central location; low rent and splen-did opportunity; good reason for selling out; will bear thorough investigation; no experience needed. Address X, bx 78, TIMES OFFICE.

TO LET— ONE OF THE BEST-LOCATED hotels in the city, close to business center, completely furnished; call at once; 24 rooms, in new building; 2 upper floors; best location in town. WILDE & STRONG, 228 W. Fourth st.

FOR SALE - AN UNUSUAL BUSINESS opening through disincorporation: the well-

opening through disincorporation; the well-known fish, game, poultry and oyster business in Mott Market. Apply at office HANI-MAN FISH COMPANY. MAN FISH COMPANY.

FOR SALE—A STOCK OF DRY GOODS, Notions, stationery and fixtures; will invoice from 350 to \$500; good location, low rent and a splendid opportunity. M. C. BEYMER, 108 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE—DAIRY, CLOSE TO CITY; 20 cows. 5 horses, wagons, complete outfit; 350 month milk sold; \$200 clear; bargain; \$1800, part cash. EDWARD FRASER, 216 Broadway.

FOR SALE-FUEL AND FEED YARD WITH good trade; old established; a bargain; owner going East. Address R, box 54, TIMES OFFICE: 16 885 AVERAGE WEEKLY NET INCOME
with \$250 invested; safe, conservative; prospectus, profs, free. F. DALY, 1293 Broadway, New York.

way, New York.

FOR SALE - GROCERY ON BROADWAY;
owner will discount invoice price 20 per
cent.; a bargain. W. H. DECKER, 447 S.
Broadway. TO LEASE-BUILDING FOR STEAM LAUN-

dry, with well, etc.; also plant of laundry, machinery. Address X, box 49, TIMES OF-FICE. FICE. 15

FOR SALE—AN ELEGANT CIGAR STAND near Hollenbeck Hotel; great bargain; \$350. 14

I. D. BARNARD, 111 N. Broadway.

FOR SALE—FINE BUSINESS FOR LADY; old stand; offices richly furnished; \$450. 14

I. D. BARNARD, 111 N. Broadway. FOR SALE—CHOICE FRUIT AND CIGAR store on Broadway; positive bargain; \$150. 14 I. D. BARNARD, 111 N. Broadway.

FOR SALE— AN ELEGANT CHOPHOUSE on Broadway; see this; a sure bargain; 330. 14 I. D. BARNARD, III N. Broadway. FOR SALE— CHOICE GROCERY STORE, close in; living-rooms; a real bargain; 350. 14 I. D. BARNARD, III N. Broadway. FOR SALE—16 INTEREST IN GOOD BUSI-ness. CENTRAL REAL ESTATE CO., cor. Tenth and Grand ave. 14 SHOULD YOU WISH TO SELL OUT, SEE I. D. BARNARD, 111 N. Broadway. 14

EXCURSIONS-

FOR SALE-DRUG STORE. ADDRESS X, box 70. TIMES OFFICE. 17

PHILLIPS'S PERSONALLY CONDUCTED excursions, via the Rio Grande and Rock Island route, leave Los Angeles every Tuesday, crossing the Sierra Nevadas and passing the entire Rio Grande scenery by daylight. Our Boston car stops one day at Niagara Falls. Office 135 S. SPRING ST. NINGATA FAIR. UMCC 100 C. SPRINU ST. UDSON'S POPULAR PERSONALLY CONducted excursions, via the Rio Grande Route leave Los Angeles every Monday; newly upholistered cars through to Chicago and Boston; scenery by daylight, flaset equipment, best service; quick time. Office 123 W. EBCOND ST.

TO LET — CHEAPEST AND MOST ELE-gantly furnished rooms in the city; strictly first-class house; during the races. Get your rooms at the WESTERN, 327 S. Main st. 14

TO LET—ELEGANTLY FURNISHED FOR Seventh and cold water, also I rooms, kitchen, bathroom, hot and cold water, also I rooms, kitchen, and rooms, are rooms, and rooms, are rooms, and rooms, and rooms, and rooms, and rooms, are rooms, and rooms, and rooms, and rooms, and rooms, are rooms, a

TO LET - FURNISHED ROOMS AND suites: new, clean, best in city; FREEMAN BLOCK. 595 S. Spring st. TO LET — FURNISHED ROOMS, varieties of housekeeping; man and preferred. Call at 2140 SANTEE ST.

TO LET — FURNISHED ROOMS; LARGI verandas; \$1.25 per week and up. HIGH LAND VILLA, First and Hill sts. 14 TO LET- 2 FRONT ROOMS, FURNISHED or unfurnished; housekeeping, or separately; cottage, central. 716 S. MAIN.

TO LET - ROOMS IN VICKERY BLOCK, 5034 N. Mein st. Apply to R. G. LUNT, 227 W. Second st.

TO LET — 3 FURNISHED ROOMS, FUR-nished completely for housekeeping. 930 85. FLOWER ST. 15 TO LET—DESIRABLE FURNISHED ROOM or suite; board optional. 136 S. BUNKER 17

TO LET — CHEAP, NEWLY FURNISHED rooms, with use of kitchen. 8271/4 S. SPRING ST. TO LET-A FLAT OF 4 ROOMS, FURNISH-ed completely for housekeeping. 347 S. HILL ST.

TO LET — ELEGANTLY FURNISHED rooms. BROTHERTON, 3154, W. Third. TO LET-319 N. BROADWAY, NEAR COURT house: pleasant furnished rooms, \$7 up. TO LET—319 N. BROADWAY, NEAR UOURI-house; pleasant furnished rooms, \$7 up. TO LET—NICE, FURNISHED ROOMS, THE PIEDMONT, 117 E. First, near Main. 14 TO LET — CHEAP, FURNISHED ROOMS, with use of kitchen. \$27\forall, \$8. PRING. 14 TO LET—"HOTEL MENLO;" FURNISHED rooms; low rates. 420 S. MAIN ST. 4 TO LET — FURNISHED, SUNNY ROOMS, close in; save car fare. 636 S. HILL. 15.

TO LET - PURNISHING SONN HOUSE, close is; save car fare. 636 S. HILL. 15
TO LET-THE STANFORD, 350 S. HILL. Furnished rooms, single or en suite. 15
TO LET-3 HOUSEKEEPING ROOMS, FURnished, \$10. 515 W. SEVENTH ST. 16
TO LET-HOTEL FLORENCE ROOMS, PRIvate baths. 308 S. MAIN ST. TO LET — 3 ROOMS, SUITABLE FOR housekeeping. 27 N. HILL. 14

TO LET — NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS, close in. 75 S. HILL ST. 15 TO LET - HANDSOMELY FURNISHED rooms, 953 BROADWAY. 15 TO LET-FURNISHED ROOMS; PRIVATE family. 1016 S. HOPE. 15 TO LET-FURNISHED ROOMS, \$4 TO \$8, 227 N. BROADWAY.

TO LET-PLEASANT, FURNISHED ROOMS, 1019 S. OLIVE.

TO LET-

TO LET-BEAUTIFUL COLONIAL FLATS, Broadway, corner of Eighth st.; references

That swell Moorish residence in the Bon-nie Brae tract, N.E. cor. Westlake ave. and Ninth sts., can be rented only to a private family with references; sans children. W. M. GARLAND & CO., W. M. GARLAND & CO.,
207 S. Broadway.

TO LET — TO A RESPONSIBLE TEXANT
without small children, 1035 W. Seventh st.,
an elegant new 3-room house, beautifully
decorated; large closets, sideboard, porcelain wash trays, 3 fireplaces and furnace;
up to date in all imodern conveniences and
artistic in all its appointments; rent \$45 per
month. HINTON & WHITAKER, 123 W.
Second st.

TO LET-8-ROOM FLAT, 6341/2 S. GRAND

TO LET-8-ROOM FLAT, 634½ S. GRAND ave., \$22.50 with water.
5-room house, 722 S. Los Angeles st., \$15 with water.
6 houses, 510 with water.
17 Let -450½ Temple St., WALTON,
18 Let -450½ TEMPLE ST., NICE, SUNNY
4-room modern flat, one block from Courthouse; reat cheap. D. C. BURREY, room
88, Temple Block.
17 TO LET-4 NICE TROOM HOUSE, CLOSE in, convenient to High School, only \$20, water paid. Inquire room 38, WILCOX BLDG.
17 TO LET-5 ROOMS OF FURNITURE MOVED.

BLDG.

TO LET—6 ROOMS OF FURNITURE MOVED for \$4: 4 rooms for \$3. SUNSET EXPRESS CU., Chamber of Commerce Bidg. Tel. 1569.

TO LET — LARGE LIST OF FURNISHED and unfurnished houses. BRANDIS, room 14. Cal. Bank Bidg., Second and Broadway.

TO LET— THREE-ROOM FLAT; PRIVATE house, near High School; references required. 601 BELLEVUE, cor. Hill. TO LET-S-ROOM HOUSE; STABLE, LAWN, flowers, fruit; Flower near Adams; \$25 per mouth. R. D. LIST, 212 W. Second.

TO LET — 6-ROOM COTTAGE, COR. 21ST and Lovelace; sewer connection; pleasant home. Key, OWNER, 923 Pearl. 15 TO LET-5-ROOM COTTAGE, DECORATED,

TO LET— 7-ROOM HOUSE, ALL MODERN conveniences. Cor. SECOND and BOYLE AVE., Boyle Heights. TO LET— 7-ROOM COTTAGE NEAR CAR line, south, \$12.50, JNO. M'ANANY, 110 N. Los Angeles st. 16 TO LET— NICE ROOMS, FURNISHED OR unfurnished, with kitchen; gas and bath. 314 N. HILL.

TO LET- CONVENIENT COTTAGE OF 3 rooms, 1½ blocks of Central ave., on 27TH ST. TO LET - PRETTY KENSINGTON FLAT, 443 TEMPLE ST. Every convenience. 15 TO LET-HOUSE OF 3 ROOMS, BARN AND wagon shed, \$8. 1308 E. NINTH ST. 14

TO LET—5-ROOM HOUSE, WITH BATH.
See OWNER, 347 San Pedro st. 14 TO LET - FLAT, 4 ROOMS, HILL; FINE view. 144 S. GRAND AVE. TO LET - FLAT, to view. 14 S. GRAND AVE. 15
TO LET-MODERN 6-ROOM COTTAGE. 238
N. OLIVE, near Temple. 16
TO LET- 5-ROOM HOUSE. INQUIRE AT
802 W. SEVENTH ST. TO LET-FURNISHED HOUSE, 6 ROOMS. 621 S. FLOWER ST. TO LET- A 3-ROOM TENEMENT, 214 E. Third. 216 BOYD. TO LET-5-ROOM HOUSE, 215 E. EIGHTH

Furnished Houses

TO/LET-TO MAN AND WIFE ONLY, A completely furnished 8-room cottage, including plano, on Traction line, 1 block from Adams st.; owner is a business man and wishes to reserve one room and board with tenant. Address X, box 73, TIMES OF-

FICE.

TO LET — A COMPLETELY FURNISHED house of 7 rooms, all modern conveniences, 5 minutes' walk from Courthouse; reasonable rent. Inquire 224 N. FLOWER ST. 14

TO LET — 7-ROOM FURNISHED HOUSE, bath, gas, modern; furniture for sale, \$375; rent \$30; no children; 656 S. Hill st. J. R. RICHARDS, 102 S. Broadway. TO LET-FINE HOME, GRAND AVE.; 12 rooms, furnished or unfurnished; also 9 and 7-room houses. J. L. PATTERSON, 419 S. Broadway. 10-12-14-16

Broadway.

TO LET-FINELY FURNISHED HOUSE OF 9 rooms, plano and all modern improvements. 1502 S. GRAND AVE. 15 TO LET-5-ROOM FURNISHED FLAT, IN exchange for board for 2 adults. Inquire mornings, 600 COURT ST. 14
TO LET - BY YEAR, 9-ROOM COTTAGE, completely furnished. 1216 S. HILL. 17 TO LET-FURNISHED AND UNFURNISH ed house. Call 323 W. 23D ST. 14

Miscellageous TO LET-30 ACRES ALFALFA LAND more, with house and barn; for cash, quire 101% S. BROADWAY, room 6

TO LET-2 STORES, CENTRAL AVE., OPP. electric power-house; well situated for general business; rent \$20 and \$25.
3 stores, cor. 28th and Main sts.; rent \$10 with water.
Store 2514 S. Main st.; rent \$12 with water.
All of above stores have ample space for living-rooms. FRED A. WALFON,
17 426 S. Main st.

17 426 S. Main st.
TO LET—ELEGANT FRONT OFFICES IN
Gordon Block, 2644 Broadway; very low
rent to permanent tenants. G. W. CONNELL, room 28.
17
TO LET—SHOW-WINDOW AND PART OF
store. GARDNER & ZELLNER PIANO
CO., 249 S. Broadway. Florist or jeweler
preferred.

TO LET-PART OF FINE LARGE STORE, 506 S. Broadway; electrical business occupying one side; rent \$15. GRIFFEN & SUMNER.

NER. 18
TO LET— A FINE STORE ON S. BROADway. Inquire at office of R. B. YOUNG,
425 S. Broadway. Reasonable rent to right party.

TO LET-\$12 EACH, 2 GOOD STOREROOMS
in good locations for business. POINDEXTER & WADSWORTH, 308 Wilcox Bidg. 14 TO LET-FROM OCTOBER 1. STOREROOM No. 307 W. Second st. COOK & PEARSONS, 244 S. Broadway.

TO LET-LARGE, SUNNY FRONT ROOM; east and south bay-window, beautifully fur-nished; bath, flowers; \$25 for one, \$45 two; also fine front room, \$20. 311 S. GRAND AVE. AVE.

TO LET—2 SUNNY ROOMS WITH BOARD, in private family; good location and convenient to car line, bath, gas, etc. Address S, TIMES OFFICE, Peasadens.

TO LET—DESIRABLE HOME FOR FAMily of 3, southwest; superior references required. Address X, box 64, TIMES OFFICE.

TO LET-BEST TABLE BOARD IN CITY; pleasant rooms; prices to suit; "barn." 834
W. TENTH ST., near Pearl.

TO LET—A NICELY FURNISHED, SUNNY
room: also single room, with board; bath,
parlor, etc. 420 W. SIXTH.

14

TO LET—2 DESIRABLE ROOMS, WITH
board. Inquire at 600 W. PICO, corner of
Flower st.

TO LET-LOVELY ROOMS; EXCELLENT day board. 627 S. GRAND AVE. 15 EDUCATIONAL-

ST. HILDA'S HALL-SCHOOL FOR GIRLS. Incorporated. Los Angeles. Tenth year. Rt. Rev. J. H. Johnson, D.D., special visitor. At the request of its patrons, this school is removed to Los Angeles for convenience of access, and will reopen in one of the most beautiful and healthful parts of the city; excellent teachers in all departments, with specialists in music, art and the modern languages; circulars on application. Principal now at 1961 Grand ave., and at home daily from 2 to 4.

MISS K. V. DARLING, Principal.

home daily from 2 to 4.

MISS K. V. DARLING, Principal.

NOW IS A VERY GOOD TIME TO ENTER
upon a course of study at the Los Angeles
Business College, 212 W. Third st.; school in
seasion the entire year; large, new, clean
and delightful rooms; first-class elevator
service; large corps of teachers; intensely
practical courses of study. Do not delay,
but begin at once if you are ready, so as
to finish by the time business revives. Call
at the COLLEGE, or write for superb new
catalogue giving full information.

SCHOOL FOR PHYSICAL TRAINING, ELOcution and dancing, 226 S. Spring st.; physical department a speciality; separate
classes for boys, girls and women; careful
attention to the delicate, stooped and awkward; istest in society and stage dancing.
NAOMA ALFREY, principal.

ST. VINCENT'S COLLEGE, GRAND AVE.,

ST. VINCENT'S COLLEGE, GRAND AVE., Los Angeles, Cal. A boarding and day school for boys and young men; course classical and commercial; empowered to confer de-grees; terms, boarders, \$250, and day schol-ars \$50 a year. Fall term will begin Mon-day, September 7. day, September 7.
FROEBEL INSTITUTE, CASA DE ROSAS,
Adams st., cor. Hoover. Fall term begins
September 22. All grades taught from kindergarten to college. Training-school for
kindergartens a specialty.
PROP, AND MME. LOUIS CLAVERIE.

PROS. AND MME. LOUIS CLAVERIE.

MISS MARSH'S SCHOOL FOR GIRLS AND young ladies, 1340 and 1342 S. HOPES ST.; oldest incorporated school in the city; able corps of teachers; specialists in every department. Kindergarten under the charge of Miss Ada Bixby. Carriage service free.

BOYS' BOARDING SCHOOL IN FAIREST part ef Southern California; military discipline; primary, grammar and high school; an ideal home; Los Angeles Academy; 2256 a year; no extras; send for new catalogue. W. R. WHEAT, P. O. box 193, L. A.

WOODBURY BUSINESS COLLEGE (INCORporated.) 226 S. Spring st., will continue in session during the entire summer; thorough commercial, shorthand and English courses; special work in penmanship. Write or call for handsome catalogue.

GIRLS' COLLEGIATE SCHOOL, 1918-23-24 S.

for nandsome catalogue.

GIRLS' COLLEGIATE SCHOOL, 1918-22-24 S.

Grand ave. Home and day school; college
work to kindergarten; attractive buildings;
open-air gymnasium; carriage service,
MISS PARSONS and MISS DENNEN. CUMNOCK SCHOOL OF ORATORY. 2703
Hoover st., reopens Oct. 5. Three departments of work—elocution, English and physical culture. Miss A. L. Murphy, principal. PRIVATE SCHOOL FOR BOYS REOPENS Sept. 15, 25 and 25 Potomac Block, 217 S. Broadway. A. B. BROWN, A.M. (Yale.) BOYN TON NORMAL—PREPARES FOR received at any time. 525 STIMSON BLK. MISS O'DONOUGHUE AND MISS WINSTON plane and vocal studio, room 70, BRYSON BLOCK, October 1: 9 a.m. to 4 p.m.

SCHOOL FOR PHYSICAL TRAINING, ELO-cution and dancing, 226 S. Spring st. NA-OMA' ALFREY, principal. LOST-CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT OF THE Farmers' and Merchants' Bank of Los Angeles; No. 23006, of date July 9, 1896; for eighty-two and ninety-six hundredths (\$2.29) dollars, favor Jessie L. Clark; payment stopped. JESSIE L. CLARK, Piru City, Cal.

City, Cal.

LOST—A PAIR OF GOLD-RIMMED SPEC-tacles, with small chain and pin, between First Congregational Church and Flower st. on Second-st. car line. A suitable reward given if left at 724 W. SECOND ST. 15 LOST-SUNDAY, BET. 3 AND 4 P.M., DRIV-ing toward University place, one black silk-lined cape. Liberal reward if returned to POLASKI BROS., Stimson building, cor. Spring and Third. Spring and Third.

LOST-OCT. 13, A BLACK LACE-TRIMMED cape, near power-house and Seventh st.; he same was picked up by a man on a bicycle. Please return to 937 WESTLAKE AVE. Reward.

ward.

LOST-BETWEEN UNION AVE. AND TELegraph st., Pico Heights, a ladies' watch,
Sunday evening. Finder
reward by returning to 618 S. BROADWAY. STRAYED OR STOLEN-A SMALL BLACK mare, in good condition. Any information regarding same thankfully received by OWNER, cor. Constance and 16th sts. 14 FOUND— THE PIEDMONT, 117 E. FIRST

st., purse with some money. Owner can have by proving property and paying adver-tising. M. O'NEIL, Prop. tising. M. O'NEIL, Prop. 14

LOST-OSTRICH FEATHER BOA AT AGRIcultural Park, Sunday afternoon. Finder
please bring to 289½ S. SPRING ST. Liboral reward. 14 FOUND— SAM, THE CHAMPION HORSE-clipper, 129 N. Broadway. Gentle horses, \$1; terms cash. terms cash.

TRY YOUR LUCK IN GUESSING FOR A fine Shaw piano; only until November 3, STRAYED-TO LLEWELLYN IRON WORKS bay colt; white feet and nose.

MINING AND ASSAYING

WM. T. SMITH & CO., GOLD AND SILVER refiners and assayers; the largest and most complete establishment in Southern Cali-fornia and 25 years' experience back of it. 128 N. MAIN ST. 128 N. MAIN ST.
ASSAYERS AND GOLD AND SILVER REfiners, mining experts and promoters. United
States mint prices paid for gold and silver
in any form. LONERGAN & CALKINS,
127 W. First st.
THE BIMETALLIC ASSAY OFFICE AND
Chemical Laboratory, 124 S. Main st.
R. A. PEREZ, R.M., manager.

STOCKS AND MORTGAGES

CITY, COUNTY AND SCHOOL WARRANTS discounted at reasonable rates. W. R. TEALE & CO., brokers, 34 Wilcox Block, Tal, red 601.

MONEY TO LOAN-

UNION LOAN COMPANY, STIMSON BLOOK, cor. Third and Spring, loais money on all kinds of collateral security watches, diamonds, furniture and planos without removal; low interest; money al condential; private office for ladies, CLARK A. EHAW, manager, rooms III and III, first floor. Telephone 1651.

PACIFIC LOAN COMPANY OANS IN ANY amounts on all kinds of collateral security, diamonds, Jeweiry and seliskins; also on planos, furniture and household goods in private, lodging, boarding-louses or hotels, without removal; partial payments received; mouey quick; business condential; private office for ladies. W. E. D. GROOT, Manager, rooms 2, 3 and 4, 114 S. Spring st.

\$30.000 TO LOAN-MONEY LOANED FOR private parties. Apply to Agent the Cermans Saving and Loan Society, 227 W. Second st. GOLD OR SILVER, UST ASYOU PREFER; we have both to loan on god collateral or really security; large or imail amounts; low interest. THE SYNICATE LOAN CO., 1334 S. Spring st., roms 6, 7 and 8. Tel. main 583. Geo. L. Mils, manager

Tel. main 583. Geo. L. Mils, manager

MN NEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE,
watches, diamonds, planos, sealskins and
live stock; interest reasonalle; private office for ladies; busines condential.
C. C. Lainb, 226 S. Spring, expanse room 67.

MONEY LOANED ON DIAMONDS, WATCHes, jewelry, planos, sealskins warehouse receipts, livestock carriages,
blicycles, all
kinds of collaterial security; oldest in city;
established 1855. LEE BROS, 402 S. Spring.
POINDEYUED. POINDEXTER & WADSWORTH, BROKERS, room 308, Wilcox Bidg., lend noney in sums to suit at reasonable rates. lend or borrow, call on us.

lend or borrow, call on us.

TO LOAN—AN UNLIMITED MOUNT FOR loans of 3500 of leas; no commissions; light expense. SECURITY LOAN 4 TRUST CO., 228 S. Spring st.

TO LOAN — PRIVATE LOAIS ON DIAmonds, watches, jewelry, furfure; everything confidential. Address P. O. BOX 381.

MONEY TO LOAN UPON EASY TERMS OF repayment. STATE MUTUAL BUILDING AND LOAN ASS'N, 151 S. Brodway. MONEY TO LOAN IN SUMS TO SUIT AT reasonable rates. Inquire WM F. BOSBY-SHELL, 107 S. Broadway. TO LOAN-MONEY ON MORTG GE. ERN-EST G. TAYLOR, real estate, bans, insur-ance, 412 Bradbury Bldg.

WANTED— TO BORROW \$176 ON FINE improved Avalon property. Adress L, box 86, TIMES OFFICE.

TO LOAN — MONEY ON MOTGAGES IN sums of \$1000 to \$100,000. J. I LANKER-SHIM. 426 S. Main. TO LOAN — 6 TO 8 PER CEIT. MONEY. BRADSHAW BROS., 346 S. Bbadway. TO LOAN-\$1 UP ON ANYTHINS, D. L. AL-LEN, 237 W. First, next to Times Bldg. MONEY TO LOAN ON MORTGARE, MORTI-MONEY TO LOAN AT CURRENT RATES. S. K. LINDLEY, 106 Broadway

MONEY WANTED-WANTED—TO BORROW 50 FR THREE months on good security. Address X, box 77, TIMES OFFICE.

3000 TO LOAN-B. F. FIELD, 204 NEW

IVE STOCK FOR SALE And Pastures to Le.

FOR SALE—BAY PACING FILL, 4 YEARS old, a picture; untrained, but paced full mile out at Agricultural Park ing. 22%; has shown 2:08 gait; A. W. Richmondstock, and first dam is by Lord Russell, \$11 brother to Maud S., and sire of Kreminh, 2:0%; was never entered in a race; she is considered by many trainers as the best been pacer in the city; she was trained to only two weeks as a 2-year-old and pacedan eighth in 0:16%, a 2:13 gait, within 10 days from time she was put on the track; he owner, who is no race-horse man, will sil her for 400, and if that; "more than yi want to put in a horse," don't waste you time and mine by coming around. See Ofner, at 145 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE—FINE LOT, LOS NGELES near Washington; street graded and sewered; a bargain at \$50; the street improvements and electric railroad on Man st. will largely increase its value. G. E. EWARDS, 250 W. First.

FOR SALE—A STYLISH PAIR BAS, FULL brothers, perfectly matched; no triks; sold for no fault. Address 537 ORANGI GROVE AVE., Pasadena.

FOR SALE—A LARGE, SOUND, ENTLE young horse and 2-seated canopy-to wagon at ½ value, or will exchange for is, 220 S. HILL ST.

HILL ST.

FOR SALE — ALLEN & DEZELL HAVE for sale any kinds of horses and males you want at 404 RAMIREZ ST. FOR SALE— A FIRST-CLASS PROSPECT-ing outfit, mules, wagon and camp kit. Ap-ply 211 S. SPRING ST.

ing outfit, mules, wagon and camp kit. Apply 211 S. SPRING ST.
FOR SALE — ONE OR TWO AI WATER spaniel pups, right age for training. 627 S.
GRAND AVE.
FOR SALE—BLACK MARE 6 VEARS OLD. cheap; good roadster. 1802 S. MAIN ST. 14
FOR SALE—CHEAP. GOOD GEITLE FAMily horse, 1623 CENTRAL AVE. DERSONAL-PERSONAL—RALPHS BROS.— GPLD BAR Flour, \$1.05; City Flour, 90c; browl Sugar, 20 lbs, \$1; Granulated Sugar, 22 lbs, \$1; 6 lbs. Rice, Sago or Taploca, 25c; 3 ans Corn Beet, 25c; 7 bars German Family Soap, 26c; 2 pkts. Breakfast Gem, 25c; 10 is. Rolled Wheat or Oats, 25c; 3 cans Salmin, 25c; 3 cans Corn, 25c; 7 boxes Sardines, 5c; 5 gal. Gasoline, 75c; Coal Oll, 75c; 3 can Oysters, 25c; Lard, 10 ibs. 60c; 15 ibs. Bean, 25c. 60i S. SPRING ST., cor. Sixth. Tel. 416.

PERSONAL—MRS. PARKER. PALMIST: life reading, business removals, lawsuits, mineral locations, all affairs of life. The Third-st. electric car to Versiont ave. and Vine st., second house on Vine west of Vermont ave. mont ave.

PERSONAL—A NEW MAP OF SAN DIEGO
city, 25c, and county, 50c, prepaid. Order
of EDWARD M. BURDECK Fifth and D
sts.. San Diego.

PERSONAL—DR. RISTORI'S DELEBRATED
bust developer for sale by MIS. C. DOSCH,
313 S. Spring st.; mail orders promptly filled,
\$1 per bottic.

FERSONAL — CASH PAID FOR LADIES' and gents' second-hand clothing. LADIES' MISFIT STORE, 622 S. Sprint. Send postal. PERSONAL—JUST WHAT YOU ARE LOOK-ing for, a beautiful Shaw piano. See piane guessing contest for particulars.

DR. REUM, 2854 S. OLIVE — THROAT, chest and allied diseases; fitt argistant is the Philadelphia Polyclinic, the Rush Hospital for consumption and allied diseases. Hours 10 to 12 and 2 to 4.

DR. REBECCA LEE DORSEY, ROOMS 133-124-138 Stimson Bik. Special attention given to obstetrical cases, and all diseases of women and children. Consultation hours, 1 to 5 p.m. Tel. 1227.

DR. DORA KING'S SANITARUM — DISeases of women; surgical and medical cases a specialty, with best physician in attendance. 527 W. SEVENTH.

RETURNED-DR. MINNIE WELLS, SPE-cialist, 745 S. Main st. Hours it to 4.

Cialist, 745 S. Main st. Hours fi to 4.

DENTISTS—
And Dental Rooms.

ADAMS BROS.' DENTAL PARLORS, 2294 S.
Spring st.; all work guaranteed; established
10 years; plates, 56 to 510; fillings, 51 and
up; Sundays, 10 to 12. Tel. 1272 black.

DR. F. E. STEVENS—OPEN SUNDIPLE AND
evenings (electric light.) 3244 S. SPRING.

DR. H. D. REQUA, OFFICE NO. 54 W. 22D
st. Tel. west 25. University car line. 16

DR. CHAS. E. RHONE, DENTIST, 254 WILcox Block, cor. Second and Spring.

DR. C. V. BALDWIN, DENTIST, ROOMS 1
and 2, 1254, S. SPRING ST.

DR. URMY, DENTIST, 1244 S. SPING ST. DR. URMY, DENTIST, 1241/4 S. SPRING ST. Painless extracting, 50c.

DR. B. G. COLLINS, OPTHALMIC cian, Eyes examined free, 213 S. 1

BATHS—
Vapor, Electrical and Massage,
MRS. M. E. STALMER, 131 N. SPRING ST.,
rooms 103-104, scientific massage, electric
and vapor baths; references, Dr. Geo. Lasher, Dr. E. R. Smith, Dr. Jos. Kurti.
MISS C. STAPFER, 211 W. FIRST St.—CHiropody, massage, electricity and baths.
MRS. L. SCHMIDT EDDY, 111 S. BROADway. Massage, electric and vapor baths.

Mrs. Rosie S. Thompson Finds a Cure for Her Sickness.

She Suffered Intensely for Yearshysicians Prescribed Without the Patient No Good-She Doctors Herself and in a Few Weeks is a

Mrs. Rosie S. Thompson, No. 319 East First street, Los Angeles, Cal., is one of the many people who have found relief from seemingly incurable liliness in the use of Dr. Williams's Pink Pills for Pale People. After years of suffering and after consulting physicians and using numerous remedies, she at length determined to try the Pink Pills, which she had seen advertised. The result is best told in her dwn sworn statement, made to a reporter of the Los Angeles Times, which is as follows:

with female complaint. I could not go about, I suffered intense pain and at times I was bardly able to raise myself up in bed. I was then living it San Bernardine and I consuited a physician who thought he could a physician who thought he coulhe. For seven months I was under his
king his prescriptions, but he did me
d at all, and I grew worse instead of
Finally I tried another physician and
under his care for several months, but
me ne more good than the first one.
d all sorts of remedies without any
isla effects.

Pills for Pale People and I resolved to try them. My doctor told me not to do so, and said the pills would do me no good, but as the doctors had done me no good I resolved not to follow their advice. I began taking not to follow their advice. I began taking the pills. The effect was wonderful. Almost immediately I began to improve. I had taken only a few doses when I began to feel better, and soon I feit that I was a well woman. "I have taken these pills now for six or seven months and I am entirely cured. I had previously tried every sort of remedy that I could think of, besides consulting many dectors, and nothing helped me until I took Pink Pills. They are the best remedy I ever used, and the only one I would recommend. I am now as well as I ever was in my life and have had no return of my complaint. "I have recommended these pills to my riends whenever I have had a chance, for I wanted them to know about them. Mrs. Jennie Watchers of Oakland used them at my recommendation. She had been very sick and was ghastly pale. I told her about the pills. The doctor said she must not use them, but she did so. She took about three boxes and now she is as well and strong as she ever was. She said to me that the pills were file than she does now. The pills seemed to help her right away.

"I have told others of my friends about this remedy. I think it brings a lasting chronic for any three was chronic were evere, yet I am now thoroughly well and able to go about anywhere and do anything.

"I make this statement voluntarily and in the hone that it ment was and in the hone that it ment w

suffering as I suffered to try this wonderful remedy.

"I have not received any reward or compensation for making this statement nor any promise of reward or compensation. It is given solely with a view to helping others and directing their attention to the greatest medical discovery that I know of—Pink Pilis for Pale People.

(Signed) "MRS. ROSIE S. THOMPSON, 319 East First street."

Subscribed and sworn to before me this lith day of August, 1896.

J. C. OLIVER, Notary Public, in and for Los Angeles county, State of California.

in and for Los Angeles county, State of Chi-fornia.

Dr. Williams's Pink Pills contain, in a condensed form, all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are an unfailing specific for such diseases us loco-motor- atexia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, solatica, neuraigia, rheumatism, nerv-ous headache, the after effect of is grippe, pal-pitation of the heart, pale and sallow com-plexions, all forms of weakness either in male or female. Pink Pills are sold by all dealers, or will be sent post paid on receipt of price, 50 cents a box, or six boxes fo \$2.50 (they are never sold in bulk or by the



4.50 DINNER SET.
7.25 DINNER SET.
6 DINNER SET.
7.25 DINNER SET.
8 DINNER SET.
8 DINNER SET.
9 DINNER SET.

5.25 DINNER SET.

decorated, for 6 persons, 60 pieces. 5-25 decorated, for 6 persons, 60 pieces.
8-25 DINNER SET.
Georated, for 12 persons, 100 pieces Guaranteed very best quality. Pretty decoration. Will cost you double elsewhere-

Fruit Jars.

45c per dozen, Pints. 55c per dozen, Quarts. 7oc per dozen, Half Gallons. 35c per dozen, Jelly Glasses.

BIG PRESENTS FREE.

Profits divided with customers who come direct to

Great American Importing Tea Go's MONEY SAVING STORES

135 NORTH MAIN LOS ANGELES

Take No Substitute... Gail Borden

33-of of

IS-ses nd-

E-

ND NG. 23D 16

3 1

ST.

_

CHI-

AD-= Eagle Brand CONDENSED MILK

Has always stood FIRST in the estimation of the American People. No other is "just as good." Best Infant Food.

Do You **Know Terry?**

Call and see him, 811 West Sec ond St., near Broadway, for best groceries at low prices.



WHY SCOTT'S EMULSION CURES weak throats," weak lungs makes rich blood, and strengthens puny and delicate children is because all its parts are mixed in so scientific a manner that the feeblest digestion can deal with it. This experience has only come by doing one THING for Syears. For sale by all druggists at soc. and \$2. Pook on the subject sent free.



AFTER PHYSICIANS FAILED. ADMITTED TO BAIL.

MR. AND MRS. CASTLE BROUGHT BEFORE A BRITISH COURT.

ome Damaging and Sensation Evidence Adduced Against the Woman by Shopkeepers.

FASHIONABLE CROWD PRESENT ALSO GUILTY.

Dr. Scott, the Jail Physician, Testi fies That any Further Imprison-ment is Dangerous — Big Se-curity is Offered.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE LONDON, Oct. 13.-(By Atlantic Ca-

LONDON, Oct. 13.—By Atlantic Cable.) At the Marlborough-street Police Court today, Mr. and Mrs. Walter A. Castle of San Francisco, arrested at the Hotel Cecil on Tuesday last, charged with stealing a quantity of furs, etc., from various dealers in this city, were arraigned on remand, and after a short hearing were again remanded for a week, bail being allowed in the sum of \$150,000.

In anticipation of hearing a most interesting and extraordinary case, the Marlborough-street Police Court was packed with spectators today, long before Mr. and Mrs. Castle were called to the bar. James R. Roosevelt, secretary, and H. Hobsen, under secretary of the United States Embassy, were seated on the reserved bench. Castle secretary is the United States Embassy, were tary, and H. Hobsen, under secretary of the United States Embassy, were seated on the reserved bench. Castle walked calmly to the dock, and a moment later Mrs. Castle was led in by two policemen. She was stylishly dressed in dark brown, with a biue cloth cape, having the collar of the cape turned up to partially hide her face. She sobbed violently while in the dock, her face buried in her handker-chief. She became hysterical when the first witness was called, and the police brought a bench, upon which both prisoners were allowed to sit together. Castle put his arm around his wife, supporting her and trying to pacify her. Mr. Avery prosecuted for the treasury. He detailed the circumstances of the arrest, saying the officials of the United States Embassy had informed him the Castles bore a high reputation in San Francisco. He said this was not the case of wealthy purchasers ordering goods for which they did not intend to pay, but was a plain case of ordinary shop-lifting. Avery read the following list of articles found among the prisoners' effects, said to have been stolen: Eighteen tortoise-shell combs.

prisoners' effects, said to have been stolen: Eighteen tortoise-shell combs seven hand mirrors, two sable boas two muffs, two necktles, seven gold watches, nine clocks, seventeen valuable fans, sixteen brooches, seven tortoise-shell eye-glasses, two plated toast racks marked "Hotel Cecil," and a large number of smaller articles, such as trinkets.

a large number of smaller articles, such as trinkets.

Part of the property, the prosecutor stated, was found among the husband clothes. He mentioned this, he said, in anticipation of the plea that the female prisoner alone was guilty, but from the circumstances brought out in the evidence and the fact that the prisoner occupied one room at the hotel, it appeared to him that the man must have known what was going on.

peared to him that the man must have known what was going on.

During the reading of the list of stolen articles. Mrs. Castle seemed on the point of losing consciousness. She fre-quently cried: "Oh, dear, oh, dear." fin-ally closing her eyes, and sank feebly moaning on her husband's shoulder. Mr. Harris of Jeffs & Harris, Regent street furglers testified for the prosecustreet furriers, testified for the prosecution that Mr. and Mrs. Castle and the son visited his store three times. Mrs. Castle did most of the talking, going alone to different counters, while the boy ran about the store. After the departure of the Castles, the sable boas and objectively a strong wars missed

show that Castle was sometimes there alone.

T. C. Cook, a manufacturing furrier, testified as follows: "The female prisoner came to my shop October 5, asking if I could make a sable cape before she sailed on the following Tuesday. She said she had some sables at Hotel Cecil and I called there. She showed me the sables for this cape which I was to match. During her absence from the room I examined the sables, noting well-known marks on the package. I agreed to make the cape. Her husband came in and confirmed the bargain."

Detective Cunningham testified that when arrested Castle said: "Good God! There is some mistake, I will pay anything rather than have this charge

thing rather than have this charge Manager Field of Charles D. Drobig's

There is some mistake, I will pay anything rather than have this charge prosecuted."

Manager Field of Charles D. Drobig's store gave the most sensational testimony of the trial, as it tended to implicate Castle as well as his wife in the alleged thefts. Field swore that both prisoners visited Drobig's shop one afternoon, Mrs. Castle looking at chinchilla cloaks and sables, and walking about the store. Field testified Castle sat near the door and within reach of a sable which he identified.

Under the examination of Prosecutor Avery, Field testified the sable the was in a certain place which he minutely described, and where Mrs. Castle could not have taken it, although it was in reach of Castle. The sable the in question was missed soon after the Castles left the store.

Inspector Arrow described six trunks in the wardrobe of Castle's room at the hotel, containing articles alleged to have been stolen. The plated toastracks were at the bottom of the trunk, covered with clothing.

F. A. Margraf, a furrier, testified that Mrs. Castle came to his shop and examined a chinchilla cape without buying. The following day she returned and examined a sable cloak without mentioning the chinchilla. She said the prices were too high, and left. Immediately afterward a chinchilla skin and Russian sable were missed, and afterward the witness identified the missing skins by private marks. They were then in the property-room of the Police Court.

Prosecutor Avery asked that the prisoners be remanded for one week. Charles Matthews, for the defense, made a forcible plea for their release on ball. He said the defense could clearly prove Castle's entire innocence and his high reputation. He did not contend that Mrs. Castle was suffering from a mental disorder.

Dr. Scott, the jall physician, testified Mrs. Castle was suffering from a mental disorder.

Dr. Scott, the jall physician, testified on ball. Magistrate Shel then granted the release of the Castles on ball of £30,000. The following sureties were accepted: Managing Director Seym

between Mrs. Castle and her son is described as being most affecting. She is now under a doctor's care.

Continuing, the counsel said the English lawyers do not believe it to be a case of kleptomania, but, he added, "I am convinced the woman is not in her right mind."

When asked how he accounted for the fact that Castle did not know his wife had stolen goods in her possession, counsel said many articles in the police inventory were legitimate purchases, and it will be proved that Castle was not aware the others were in her possession.

ness agent of Mrs. Hoyt. The money was not sent, and the latest news is that Mr. and Mrs. Hereward Hoyt are in a debtors' prison.

The story which had such an episode for a climax is an exceptionally interesting one. Mrs. Hoyt first came into public notice when she took a troupe of theatrical amateurs up to Alaska. The venture was financially a distressing failure. Mrs. Hoyt, who was then Mrs. Auzerais, found the artistic sensibilities of the Alaskans far below her standard. The reception she received was as chilly as the northern weather. Soon after her return to this city, Mrs. Auzerais was livorced. She met Hereward Hoyt, an actor from Australia, fell in love with and married him. Apartments were taken in this city, but the honeymoon was hardly over when a domestic storm swept Mr. and Mrs. Hoyt into new notoriety. A policeman escorted the husband from the house, and for a few days it seemed as if the interruption in the honeymoon would be permanent.

Mrs. Hoyt, however, relented and took back her husband on condition that he be good. Both were studying for a dramatic season at the Alcazar. The theater was opened, but closed after a very brief season of failure. There were dressmakers' bills to pay and suits were instituted. Then Mr. and Mrs. Hoyt determined to travel. They went to Europe and nothing more was heard from them until the cablegrams from France were received.

The local business agent did not feel justified in answering these appeals, as Mrs. Hoyt, it was understood, had overdrawn her account. As the heiress of Llewellyn Williams of Sacramento, she received a large fortune, much of which was lost in ventures that did not meet expectations, After spending a great deal of money Mrs. Hoyt in this city and in Sacramento realize that something must be done at once. They have not yet determined, however,

stage that the friends of Mrs. Hoyt in this city and in Sacramento realize that something must be done at once. They have not yet determined, however, what to do.

The Daily Mail says over £2,000,000 in securities were ready in court to be offered as ball for Mr. and Mrs. Castle. Lord Rothschild offered all the assist-ance in his power and the managers

BLACK FOR GREENS.

NOTORIOUS GANG BROKEN UP BY THE AUTHORITIES.

inited States Marshal Rutherford and Posse Kill Two of the Brothers and Wound and Capture a Third—They Had Planned to Rob

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE)
VINITA (I. T.,) Oct. 13.—The notorious
Green gang of desperadoes was given a hard
blow today by United States Marshal Rutherford and his men. Bill and Edward Green
were killed; Arthur Green, the youngest
brother, was shot and captured, and Milton
Barker was also taken into custody.
On Sunday Marshal Rutherford learned that
the Greens and their band had planned to rob
the postoffice and railway station at Oalagah
and hold up the passenger train due there at
an early hour this morning. The officers in-

THE POWERS' ATTITUDE. Sir Michael Hicks-Beach on the

Sir Michael Hicks-Beach on the
Eastern Question.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

LONDON, Oct. 13.—(By Atlantic Cable.) Sir
Michael Hicks-Beach, Chancellor of the Exchequer, speaking at Darlington tonight, declared that the actual position of the powers
with regard to the Eastern questions was that
Russia, Austria and Germany were determined, with a view to preserving European
peace, to maintain the statu quo in Turkey.
That had been England's traditional policy,
he said, any departure from which would
meet active resistance by the powers. At the
same time absolute inaction was more dangerous to the peace of Europe than would be
united interference by the powers to compel
Turkish reform.

England's present policy, the Chancellor affirmed, was to secure a concert of powers to
insist upon reform. He asserted most emphatically that the government did not desire
to act alone or to obtain any special advantage for England.

BETURNING PROSESSIVE

RETURNING PROSPERITY. Marked Increase in Business on the Western Railroads.

Western Railroads.

An Associated Press dispatch from Chicago says the higher prices for grain and the chance of an elevation of freight rates in the near future have had a quickening effect on the freight handled by the western roads. They are now handling more traffic than at any time for the past six months. The rush of corn to the East has become so great as to prove a serious embarrassment to some of the roads because of their inability to procure cars to handle the stuff as rapidly as it is offered. The shipments of live stock, too, have taken a big jump upward and all of the large roads running west from Chicago report greatly improved conditions in this branch of their business. If the meeting of traffic officials of the western roads, which is to convene in that city tomorrow, succeeds in restoring freight rates and in keeping them at the point to which they may be elevated, the roads will be doing the best business they have done at any time in the last three years.

A VETERAN RAILROAD MAN DEAD.

WILLIAMSPORT (W. Va.,) Oct. 13.—Robert Lelizon, general superintendent of the Pulls.

A VETERAN RAILROAD MAN DEAD.
WILLIAMSPORT (W. Va.,) Oct. 13.—Robert
Leitzon, general superintendent of the Philadelphia and Erie Railroad, is dead, aged 60
years. He has been connected with the Pennsylvania Railroad for more than thirty years.

Will Not Legalize.

LIMA (Peru, via Galveston.) Oct. 13.—The Chamber of Deputies rejected today the Senate's proposal to provide for the registration of and thus to legalize non-Catholic marriages. In Peru, Ecuador and Bolivia, Protestants, cannot be legally married without becoming Roman Catholics. The project referred to was designed to correct this abuse, as regards Peru.

ASSISTANCE LEAGUE.

pproaching Charity Ball-Method The third annual charity ball under the auspices of the Assistance League will be given on the evening of Novemwhile given on the evening of November 10 at new Turnverein Hall. The object of the society is to help people to help themselves, to give work to as many as possible and to let all pecuniary aid be regarded as a loan, to be repaid if possible. Of course, many loans never are repaid, but some are No money is given outright to annichases, and it will be proved that Castie was not aware the others were in her possession.

SECRETARY ROOSEVELT PRESENT WASHINGTON, Oct. 13—Roosevelt, secretary of the American Embassy at London, attended the hearing in the Police Court today, when the Castie case was called. Bayard cabled the State Department that the embassy was doing all possible for the Casties in the way of assistance.

IN JAIL FOR DEBT.

Mrs. Auserais-Hoyt and Husband are "Jugged" in Cannes.
GIY ASSOCIATED PRESS WHEE)

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 13.—Information has been received in this city from the Consul at Cannes, the well-known resort in the south of France, that Mrs. Auzerais-Hoyt and her husband are in jail at that place. Cablegrams indicating a most unfortunate state of affairs and appealing most earnestly for money have been received in this city in the last few days by the business and the latest news is that Mr. and Mrs. Hereward Hoyt are in a debtors' prison.

The story which had such an episode for a climax is an exceptionally interesting one. Mrs. Hoyt first came into public notice when she took a troupe

ALL WANT INDORSEMENT.

Moe-Seekers Ask the Support of the Although no definite announcement has yet been made, it is understood that many of the aspirants for city office are seeking to other the indorsement of the Better City Govern-

It is said that Julius H. Martin, Republican candidate for Mayor, has already filed the necessary petition, and it is understood that M. P. Snyder, his Democratic rival, will do the same today. Rumor has it also that T. E. Rowan, who was turned down in the Democratic convention, fias not yet abandoned hope of the Mayoralty and is busily circulating a petition in order to get his name before the league primaries. Many other names have been talked of as possible competitors for the nomination. S. B. Lewis, the president of the league; O. T. Johnson, Charles Forman, T. W. Brotherton, George H. Stuart and others have been mentioned by their friends as possible candidates, though as yet no organized effort has been made in behalf of any of them.

be backed also by the league, and yester y he succeeded in securing the necessar the Republican convention for Assessor, wants to be backed also by the league, and yesterday he succeeded in securing the necessary number of signatures to place his name on the primary ticket. L. S. Seaman, his Democratic rival, is equally anxious to appear in the light of a good government candidate, and will probably have his petition on file today. A third Richmond is in the field in the person of James C. Kays, whose friends originally urged him as Auditor, but have recently concluded that the Assessorship is his destined niches in the City Hall. He pins his hopes to a nomination by the league, is hopes to a nomination for City Auditor, in urging his claims upon the members of the league. It is said that his petition has already been filed. S. E. Fulton, the Popullat choice for Auditor, may seek indorsement from the league, though as yet it is said that has filed as petition. The friends of Herman Silver, who was detected by D. E. Riles in the contest for Republican Councilman from the Fourth Ward, have, against Mr. Silver's protest, prepared as petition to present his name at the league, primaries. It is probable that Riley will also eak for the indorsement of the league, and C. H. Long, who is the Democratic nomines foilow the example of his Republican rivals.

The time for presenting nominations closes at 6 p.m. today, and doubless some other petitions will be filed before that hour. The result of the primaries will be awaited with great interest.

PERSONALS.

A. Adams of New York, is at th Dr. T. A. Rainey of San Jacinto, is at the Hollenbeck. George H. Carey of San Diego is at the Hollenbeck.

the Hollenbeck.
E. H. Willson of Haverhill, Mass., is at the Nadeau.
Charles T. Battette of Portland, Ore., is at the Hollenbeck.
C. M. Hunt of San Francisco is registered at the Nadeau.
Le Roy Tucker of Detriot, Mich., is staying at the Hollenbeck. H. B. Stewart is registered at the Hollenbeck from Sacramento.

Mrs. W. W. Wade and son of Trenton, Tenn., are guests of the Nadeau.
C. M. Hawkins and Mrs. C. G. Hurd of Hollister are at the Westminster.
A. J. Lutcher and wife of Orange, Tex., are guests of the Westminster. William D. Wooldridge of Escondido registered at the Hollenbeck last night. J. E. Magovern and wife are regis-ered at the Westminster from New

James Brunnird and wife and A. P. Johnstone of New Orleans are registered at the Nadeau.

tered at the Nadeau.

Mrs. George K. Porter, two children
and maid are registered at the Hollenbeck from San Francisco.

Dr. Sarah E. Muley of Riverside, and
Mrs. William H. Hawley of Aurora,
Ill., are guests of the Nadeau.

J. W. Milnes, representing the
Breeder and Sportsman, of San Francisco, is here in atendance at the fall
races. races.

George W. Blockman and Mrs. Blockman of San Francisco, and Mrs. John Treadwell of Oakland, have rooms at the Hollenbeck.

George W. Blockman and Mrs. Blockman of San Francisco, and Mrs. John The George W. Blockman and Mrs. Blockman of San Francisco, and Mrs. John The Southern School S

RATAPLAN OF HOOFS

MERRY MUSIC MADE BY THE NAGS AT THE PARK.

cond Day of the Sixth District Fair Given Up to Gentlemen's Road-

EXHIBITS IN THE PAVILION

ALL SORTS OF MERCHANDISE DIS

PLAYED TO ADVANTAGE.

Big Crowd Takes Advantage of Its Being "Ladies' Day"—The Grand-stand Overflowed With the Feminine Folks.

It was a splendid crowd of that surged through the gates of Agr cultural Park yesterday afternoon "dance attendance" on the second d of the week's races.

Big as to numbers, was the crowd gorgeous as to clothes, enthusiastic, sportively-inclined, and ready to wager its last cent in backing the speedy nags that were entered in the racing

events of the day.

It was "ladies' day," which meant free admission for the feminine folks, and a royal good time for all the lasses and matrons who chose to take advantage of the association's generosity At least two thousand of them did tha as it is, was packed to overflowing wit feminine sweetness, while in appear-ance the stand resembled an immense flower bed, with the blossoms swayed a bit by the breezes in the air. It was

great.

But the grand-stand had no monopoly of the spectators, feminine and otherwise. The railing, across from the stand, where vehicles of all sorts are supposed to "hitch," was much in use. There were equipages of the ultrafashionale kind, drags, tally-hos and the like, drawn by long-tailed steeds, and besides these, which carried freights of blue-blood, there were the modest carriages of the middle classes, with here and there a solitary horseman. The demi-monde was on deck also, two of its representatives cutting a rather striking figure on horseback a la the new woman style of riding. All in all it was indeed a great crowd, distinctly the greatest that the association has ever been able to draw on the second day of its race-meeting. nd day of its race-meeting THIS GLORIOUS CLIMATE.

And the weather! Balmy as one of those "days in June" that Mr. Lowell used to write things about. Warm, but not too warm. Sunshiny, but not with blinding glare that makes blue goggles desirable. Ideal best describes the atmospheric conditions of yesterday and between the race heats the directors softly sang peans of praise to the beneficent Providence which is tayoning them with such glorious elli-

favoring them with such glorious climate for their annual fair.

The races yesterday were not at all sensational. Indeed, the crowd was mightly disappointed in not being allowed to witness the running races, which two events were postponed until today, darkness preventing their being run yesterday. With the bang-tails off the card, there was left but two races, a pacing race for roadsters and a trotting race for the same sort of animals. Each of these events developed a horserace, however, and the spectators were just as much interested, apparently, in seeing Jumbo beat Bill Nye and vice versa as they would have been in witnessing a race between the crack pacers of the grand circuit. The merits of the horses entered in the "road" races were not generally known, and in neither race did the original favorite cut much figure in the final result. They made fair betting races, after the first heat, and the crowd was willing to wager its coin even with the horses switching

ure in the final result. They made fair betting races, after the first heat, and the crowd was willing to wager its coin even with the horses switching from place to place, and displaying a "form" that was something to be regarded with awe.

The crowd was, indeed, willing to wager, but oh! the odds that the greedy bookmaker insisted on chalking up! Talk about tight, nalled-up, riveted cinches! That is what Bookmaker George Rose was looking for yesterday, and the local race-track devotees were able, after gazing upon the odds offered, to understand why the sports of San Francisco and Sacramento and other cities have registered a mighty kick when Mr. Rose is given a monopoly of the booking privileges. As for instance, in a trotting race, with a field of three horses, and one of these so badly outclassed as to be anything from a 10 to a 20 to 1 shot, and the other two even as to ability, the bookie man un

One commendable feature of the fair is the absence of crap, faro, roulette, wheel of fortune and such like gambling games, whereby the guileless granger, and his city brother as well, are "milked" by the usually bland and child-like cheater. The paraphernalia of some of these games was placed in position near the grand-stand, on Sunday afternoon, but no further attumpts to operate the devices have been made. In THE PAVILION. IN THE PAVILION.

pany has a number of high grade musi-cal instruments in one corner of the cal instruments in one corner of pavillon, and in another portion of building a display of saddlery is made by the Kennard Saddlery

is made by the Kennaru Sauder, pany,
pany,
Bowles Bros, have an exhibit of flour, and attract a deal of attention to their booth by reason of the "hot cakes and maple syrup" which are given to those who wish to test the merits of the articles.

Capt. Blake has charge of the exhibits in the pavillon and to his personal supervision of the display is due much of its attractiveness.

THE CYCLING "PRO'S."

THE CYCLING "PRO'S."

of horse racing "enthuse" to any great degree. It was a mile open affair, for boys appeared on the track a trifle be-fore 2 o'clock, togged out in racing cos-

tume, six of them all told.

The first start was unsatisfactory to Capt. J. C. Newton, who took Senator Rose's place as starter, and the boys were called back for another trial. The second "score" was good enough for everybody, and the word was accordingly given. The riders were need to ingly given. The riders were paced by a tandem. Hutton hooked onto the ma-chine and stuck like a burr to the tan-

PACING ROAD RACE. With a field of six unknown horses in this race from which to pick a win-

ner, the talent was pretty well at sea in its task. One of the horses, Jumbo, "form" had not been kept track of since that time, hence the surprise of knowing ones when he captured the race which developed before it was fin-ished into a six-heat affair.

race which developed before it was finished into a six-heat affair.

Bill Nye, a likely-looking black gelding, was fancied a trifle more than his rivals in the betting, but only a trifle. In the first heat J. C., a bay gelding owned by George M. Lack of this city, made the pace until at the half, when Billy Baker edged up to his throat-latch and at the three-quarter post led the procession, J. C. having dropped to fourth place. Billy Baker had an easy thing of it in the stretch, winning by three lengths from Kitty Nutford, with Bill Nye hird. Time 2:29.

The word was passed around that it would be Bill Nye in the second heat and the race as well, so the black horse sold for \$10\$ in the pools, while the field brought but \$6. Bill Nye shot out from the field immediately on getting the word in this heat, and was not headed off throughout the heat. In the stretch the field was strung out in circus-parade fashion, Billy Baker second. Kitty Nutford third, Alice fourth and Jumbo fifth and the finish was made in this order. Time 2:25%.

It was natural that Bill Nye should now be made a strong favorite in the race, and his admirers cheerfully paid \$10 for him, while the field brought only \$3 in the pools.

When the sable colored Bill took the lead in the sable colored Bill took the

race, and his admirers cheerfully paid \$10 for him, while the field brought only \$3 in the pools.

When the sable colored Bill took the lead in the third heat and maintained it to the finish, winning in the fast time of 2:22, nobody wanted anything (but Bill Nye for the race. In the stretch, in this heat, Jumbo, a big bay horse, had developed a surprising burst of speed, and coming up on Bill Nye made him hustle to win the heat. It was close, but the Jumbo horse had gone into the air just under the wire, and the judges accordingly gave the heat to Bill Nye, thus placing two to his credit in the race.

Jumbo's stock improved a bit for the fourth heat, but not to any alarming extent. Hence the astonishment that prevailed when he captured the heat from Bill Nye by a neck, in 2:23%, Billy Baker coming in third and Kitty Nutford fourth.

Only odds of I to 2 could be had on Bill Nye from the bookies, on the fifth heat, while 3 to 2 was allowed for Jumbo. There were audible groans when Bill Nye failed to get even a place in the heat, with Billy Baker second and Alice third. Time, 2:28.

The sixth and decisive heat was not paced until darkness had made it almost impossible for the betting folks to do business. Jumbo was now made the favorite for the heat and race, Bill Nye's poor performance in the fifth heat having scared off those who early in

Nye's poor performance in the fifth heat having scared off those who early in the game backed him freely. The last heat resulted in a victory for Jumbo, though Bill Nye made it very interesting for him at the finish. Time, 2:28.

TROTTING ROAD RACE. TROTTING ROAD RACE.

Out of a field of three horses in the gentlemen's road race for trotters, Mary Mc., for reasons unknown, was made the favorite. After the first heat of the race, in which she finished a poor third, she was made a long shot all around. Tono, owned and driven by Nick Covarrubias, annexed the first heat, without much of a struggle, leading Danford by several lengths. Time,

horses, and one or these genes was placed in classed as to be anything from a 10 to a 20 to 1 shot, and the other two even as to ability, the bookie man unblushingly marked up 4 to 5 on each! Then Tono sold for \$10 to the field's fered throughout the day a deal of money changed hands is simply evidence of the average Angeleno's propensity to back his favorite nag with coin of the realm in unlimited quantities.

One commendable feature of the fair is the absence of crap, faro, roulette, wheel of fortune and such like gambling games, whereby the guilleless granger, and his city brother as well, are "milked" by the usually bland and child-like cheater. The paraphernalia child-like cheater. The paraphernalia child-like cheater. The paraphernalia of these games was placed in Summary of the second by the second in each case. The paraphernalia child-like cheater. The paraphernalia child-like cheater.

First race, blcycle, one mile, open, flying start, time limit of 2:15, won by W. J. Hutton; time 2:10½; Ulbright sec-

LIVE-STOCK INTERESTS.

MEETING OF THE NATIONAL EX-

resident Thompson Delivers His Annual Address-Alleged Causes for Hostile Legislation-How to

FORT WORTH (Tex.,) Oct. 13.—The National Live Stock Exchange es-sembled today. President Thompson, in his annual

President Thompson, in his annual address, said:

"Up to a few years ago the produces of this country was successful and prosperous. He entertained no fear of competition from foreign lands; he prectically had the markets of the world open to him for the disposition of his vast surplus, and at satisfactory prices. These conditions becoming apparent to foreign consumers, they set about to discover, if possible, some country whose products and surplus could be used in competition with ours. Canada opened new fields for the production of wheat and other cereals. "South Africa and other heretofore undeveloped countries began raising wheat and other grains, the producers of New Zealand, Australia, South America and other countries were soon induced to venture into the undetermined and questionable experiment of finding a market for their surplus beef and mutton, and to such an extent were the enterprises carried that the receipts of these imports at different foreign.

by us became so great as to cause the prices of the same to decline to a point where the European producers began to appeal for legislation to protect their home industries from ruin.

"In many sections, such probibitive legislation was secured, and our country, being the largest producing country, was the greatest sufferer in consequence. It occurs to me that the question as to whether this legislation is just, is not for us to especially consider, but it behooves us to satisfy, nay, convince, our European producers and consumers that our live stock and meat products are the healthlest and best in the world, and that when any distinction is made it should be for our products.

"The unsoundness of our meat and

best in the world, and that when any distinction is made it should be for our products.

"The unsoundness of our meat and meat food products has been the alleged cause for some of the inimical legislation enacted. We know the reason to be without foundation in fact, and would heartily welcome representatives of any and all foreign countries to our ranches, our feed lots, our stockyards and our abbatoirs, where our meat-food products are prepared for consumption, and after being prepared and found healthy, to be sealed and so certified by such representatives. We court the most careful scrutiny and critical scientific examination of the health of our livestock and meat-food products. Can we do more in this line? This is a question. These measures, together with much needed legislation by our Congress, looking to a reciprocal exchange of our commodities should be one of the great aims of this convention. Reciprocity would open for our surplus the foreign gates of commerce that are now closed to us, and the resultant and beneficial effect would soon be felt in every channel of commerce throughout the length and breadth of this great land. "Since its inception, this organization has in all its proceedings acted as a strictly non-partisan legislative body, wielding its influence without the hope of fee or reward in the interest of its constituents, the producer and the consumer. Let us not lose sight of this convention bring to bear our best effective the constituents of the convention bring to bear our best effective the constituents.

sumer. Let us not lose sight of this object, and in our deliberations at this convention bring to bear our best efforts with this end ever in view. Let all our acts be such as are best calculated to encourage, foster and protect our, home industries, thereby maintaining our supremacy as the greatest producing nation of the world and at the same time let us discharge a duty incumbent upon us by bending all our thoughts, acts and energies to the opening of the markets of the world to our constituency.

"To those of our friends interested in the sheep industry, I would, with your approval, recommend, in order to successfully compete in foreign markets with the sheep raisers of other countries, that less attention be paid to wool raising and more to food qualities. It is not particularly a question of fat and weight, but of weight and flesh, which latter, I believe, can in a great measure, be accomplished by breeding. We have a good example set us, which we may well imitate, that of the English sheep-raiser, who, through proper breeding and care in feeding, produces mutton superior to ours in selling and mutton superfor to ours in selling and edible qualities. An investigation and careful study of this question by those immediately interested will, I verily believe, yield results that would be surprising and very satisfactory to the successful breeder and of great benefit to our industry. to our industry.

"In a measure these suggestions apply with equal force to the cattle and beef industry. A more thorough study to improve the beef-producing animal, in such a manner as to yield a less amount of fat and a greater amount of meat, will result in the producer obtaining an increased marketable value of the animal sufficient to amply repay for the amount of time and money necessary to bring about such results. It is these minor details, in the aggregate so essential, that the producer must look to to successfully compete with the foreign competitor."

Reports of committees from various cities showed a sentiment against dispensing with traveling solicitors. The committee's report recommending the continuation of the fight for reciprocity and recommending the restoration of the Texas quarantine lines were adopted. A tariff on imports of hides and wool was advocated. Pittsburgh was admitted to membership in the exchange.

The Broken Rib Cattle Committee.

was advected. Pittsburgh was admitted to membership in the exchange.

The Broken Rib Cattle Committee recommended that inspection and disposition should be uniform. The report was adopted. The Committee on Exportation of Canadian Cattle recommended the stoppage of exportation until the question is equitably adjusted by reciprocity.

Officers were elected for the ensuing term as follows: President. W. H. Thompson; secretary. C. W. Baker, treasurer, A. B. Doud; vice-presidents, I. Ingerson, Sloux City; E. McCall, Pittsburgh; Joseph Adams, Chicago; A. D. Evans, East St. Louis; W. E. Skinner, Fort Worth; J. R. Slatter, Kansas City; T. D. Perrine, Omaha. Sloux City was chosen as the next place of meeting.

Rebellion in Madagascar. MARSEILLES, Oct. 13.—Mail advices from Tamatave, Madagascar, say the rebellion is general throughout the island. Some French settlers have been killed on the open roads. Antalaha, near San Diego Saurez, has been wiped out, all whites being killed. Trade between the interior and coast is suspended.

Lexington Trots Postponed LEXINGTON (Ky.,) Oct. 13.—The trots were postponed until tomorrow on account of rain,

A Pneumatic Wrinkle A Pneumatic WrinkieRemoving process is the latest invention of
Mr. Frank Neubauer, of the Imperial Hair
Bazaar, at Nos. 224 and 225 West Second
street. By this method wrinkins are positively removed; hollow cheeks are made
plump; anaemic complexions restored to a
healthful color; impurities of the skin are
withdrawn. This invention will revolutionise
complexion treatments. A special price of 75
cents per single treatment made to those presenting this ad, and a discount on a course
of twenty treatments. Satisfaction and results
guaranteed. Hairdressing, electrolysis, scalp
treatments, manjouring, hair goods in great
assortment.

The Times-Mirror Company,

PUBLISHERS OF

The Los Angeles Times, Daily, Sunday and Weekly

.....President and General Manager. Ree-President MARIAN OTIS-CHANDLER.....Secretary.
ALBERT MCFARLAND......Treasurer.

Office: Times Building, First and Broadway. Counting Room, first floor (telephone 29.) Subscription department in front batter (telephone 27.) Editorial Room, second floor (telephone 674.)

PRINCIPAL EASTERN AGENT KATE, 230 TEMPLE COURT BUILDING, NEW YORK.

The Tos dynestes Times

FOUNDED DECEMBER 4, 1881.

"The question never will be settled

tion whether the laboring man is en-

titled to have a gold dollar if he

earns it, or whether you are going

(SENATOR WILLIAM M. STEWART

"The American people hold the

financial honor of our government

as sacred as our flag, and can be

sleepless vigilance."-(WILLIAM Me-

my fellow-citizens; indeed, we know

it already, that no matter what kin

of money we have, we cannot get

good money, whether it is gold or

whether it is silver, we cannot get

one dollar of it unless we have em-

"These appeals to passion and to

rejudice are beneath the spirit and

intelligence of a free people, and

should be met with stern rebuke by

those they are sought to inhuence.

and I believe they will be."-(WIL-

"I am in hearty sympathy with

the present legislation restraining

foreign immigration, and favor such

extension of the laws as will secur

the United States from invasion by

the debarred and criminal classes

of the Old World."-(WILLIAM Me-

"If called by the suffrages of the

high office of President of the United

assist, even in the slightest degree,

ternal regard which should animat

and govern the citizens of every

since its utterance, let us at length

and forever hereafter heed the ad-

"When this shall have receded, the

sault upon commerce and upon in-

ever, the foundation of this republic

will remain undisturbed. This gov-

ernment will still shelter a people

indissolubly wedded to liberty and

organization, scalously forbidding

any distinction of burden or priv-

ilege, conserving property, enter-

taining morality, restraining in-

American patriotism and intelli-

"We are opposed to any policy

which increases the number of un-

employed in the United States, even

if it does give us cheaper foreign

policy which degrades American

manhood that we may have cheaper

products made either at home or

SEVENTY MILLIONS A YEAR.

Last month (September) the United

States coined \$5,915,363. Of this amount

\$3,140,922 was in gold, \$2,754,165 in sil-

ver dollars and \$20,276 in the minor

coins. At that rate the increase in

about \$70,000,000 a year. In view of

such increase, what in all reason, it

may be asked, is the necessity of go-

ing to free silver to get more money.

The Iowa State Register, speaking of

this, says what is very much to the pur-

"We desire to call especial attention

to the silver coinage, which for a single month was \$2,750,000. Isn't that a

pretty good record? Remember that during the more than eighty years, from 1792 to 1873, under the 'daddies,'

we coined of silver dollars only eight millions and a little more. Now we are coining more than one-third of that amount of silver in a single month. What is the use of going to free coinage of silver? Have we not an ample supply of silver money, all of which is legal tender? And are we not still adding more to it more reco

not still adding more to it, more per-haps than the business of the country can absorb? Keep these facts in mind.

They will come handy to refute some

free silverite who may be found argu-

The island of Tasmania, off the

ing sixteen girls to one man. The

wearers of false hair and hooped skirts

are anxious to have the matter brought

Gov. Budd having spoken at San

now remains for David B. Hill to come

once decided, the fight can go on

ing on the street corners.'

to a parity.

the metallic currency of the country is

abroad."-(WILLIAM McKINLEY.

try.' "-(WILLIAM McKINLEY.

the promotion of the spirit of fra

LIAM M'KINLEY.

KINLEY.

ployment for our hands and heads."

"We are learning another thing,

of Nevnda, in Congressional Record

June 12, 1874, page 4909.

to cheat him with something else.".

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT SERVICE-OVER 20,000 MILES OF LEASED WIRES DAILY, 75 cents a month; \$9.00 a year; DAILY without SUNDAY, 65 cents a month, \$7.50 a year SUNDAY, by mail, \$2.00; WEEKLY, \$1.30.

Sworn Net Average Daily Circulation for 12 Mos. of 1895-15,111 Sworn Net Average Daily Circulation for 8 Mos. of 1896-18,179

Entered at the I os Angeles Postoffice for transmission as second-class mail matter

AMUSEMENTS TONIGHT.

LOS ANGELES-The Two Escutcheons. ORPHEUM-Vaudeville. BURBANK-The Mascot.

PATRIOTISM, PROTECTION,

PROGRESS PROSPERITY.

Our Standard-Bearers.

For President...WILLIAM MCKINLEY. Vice-President..GARRET A. HOBART.

REWARD.

Ten dollars reward will be paid for the arrest and conviction of persons caught stealing The Times from the premises of subscribers. THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY. it is poor money or whether it is

FOR THE CAMPAIGN.

THE TIMES will be sent, postpaid, daily by mail, to any address from date to November 7, for \$1.00, eash in advance; and with every such subscription we will send free either the "Life and Speeches of William McKinley," by Byron Anews, an illustrated work of nearl; or a beautiful 10x14-inc pages, or a beautiful of Abraored lithograph portrait of Abra

TO CORRESPONDENTS .- Do not de nd upon the return of rejected ripts, but retain copies i written and MSS, sent flat. Practice brevity and write plainly.

A UNIQUE GUESSING-MATCH.

The details of an original scheme for guessing on the contest for the Presidency, with all necessary information, will be found in the disannouncement on another won in this guessing contest are handsome, useful and valuable. lic. After the lapse of a century They consist of a superb piane, a lady's gold watch, a city lot, a firstclass bicycle, and a first-class sewing machine. Look at the plan, which will be open to all comers until November 2 at 12 o'clock, noon.

PUSH THE CAMPAIGN OF EDUCA-

The third edition of the McKinley Number of The Times was printed on the 30th of September. New matter to the amount of eight pages has been added, making twenty-four pages in all, with fifty illustrations. The rates are as follows:

PRICES, INCLUDING POSTAGE. Twelve copies
Twenty-five copies
One hundred copies, without postage.
One thousand copies, in bulk.....

The movement for the purchase and circulation of an edition of 60,000 copies of this issue is progressing encouragingly. The object is to spread the paper over the seven southern counties, giving a copy to every doubtful voter. Already a large proportion of the proposed 60,000 edition has been subscribed for. Patriotic Republicans who favor this method of conducting a campaign of education can aid the movement by subscribing direct for copies in bulk, at the rates given above.

These copies will be circulated through the various county committees or otherwise, as the subscribers may direct. A buckboard campaign and a house-to-house distribution is favored by many. The issue has been highly commended, both far and near, as a most effective campaign compendium. Orders for the paper in small or large quantities will be promptly attended to, and the receipt of the money acknowledged.

Push the campaign of education! Victory is in sight!

THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY.

TOOK THE NAME IN VAIN.

In his speech at Paterson, N. J., Mr. Bryan delivered himself of the follow-

"The Democratic party declares in wor of immediate abandonment of the old standard and the substitution of the free and unlimited coinage of sil-

The Chicago Chronicle (Democratic) takes emphatic exception to his use of the words "Democratic party" in any such connection. It says:

"He took the name of the Demo-cratic party in vain, as usual. He meant the Populist party, which he leads, and which has stolen the Demo-cratic name as a preliminary to the most colossal swindle of the ages."

It is now, chiefly, a question of Mcinley's majority.

HOW PICKLER PICKLED HIM.

For a man who has gained a national eputation as an orator, Mr. Bryan seems to have been, during his Congressional career, a very easy man to upset in quick, off-hand debates, where he jumped up on the spur of the moent without having time to fortify himself with facts and figures. Mr. Pickler, a member of the House from Dakota, of whom most people never heard at all, gave the brother a very hard rub in the debate upon the tariff in 1893. Mr. Pickler went on to oppose free wool because the settlement of the Territories was gradual in its character; and, owing to the large tracts of virgin pasturage that vere to be had on the government lands lying between Montana and Mexico, a great many sheep-owners had gone into the Territories, thereby laying the foundations of civilization to a certain extent. On Mr. Bryan's saying that free wool could not come any too soon to suit him, Mr. Pickler

"I will help you this far. I am in favor of protecting all industries alike to a reasonable extent. I am not in favor of making the farmer bear all brunt, as you make him to do in this bill, and yet give protection to the manufacturers in the East. (Applause.) That is what you do by this bill. "Mr. Bryan. The gentleman from

South Dakota (Mr. Pickler) was com-plaining today because we would not allow the egg-producers of this country to tax the egg consumers, and as ong as he asks a tariff on eggs he mus

submit to it on manufactures.
"Mr. Pickler. Would not the gentle man do well to take more care of the wool-growers and egg-producers and let the representatives of the consumers of these products take care of them? The gentleman had better take care of the farmers of the Northwest,

whom he in part represents.
"Mr. Bryan. If the gentleman who represents the farmers of South Dakots ould help to take care of the farmers stead of standing up for 98 per cent. duty on the woolen goods which his people wear, and for an average of 50 per cent. on the tariff schedules, he would do them better service.

"Mr. Pickler. Our people do not pay

The foregoing is taken from the Con gressional Record, and shows that Mr. Pickler knew the wants of his constituents a good deal better than did Mr. Bryan. Yet there are one hundred men in America who have heard of Bryan for every one that has ever heard of Pickler, the man who worsted him in debate as badly as can be possibly imagined. In the long years that will follow, the unpoetic name of Pickler will be remembered as that of a man who had the best interests of the nation at heart, which can hardly be said of Mr. Bryan. Still, the historian will have a great deal of compassion for the Boy Orator. He didn't know

A FRIGHTFUL POSSIBILITY.

The Chicago Chronicle (Democratic) has an editorial entitled "Altgeld for Attorney-General," which is worthy of more than passing notice. It begins by drawing attention to the announced should be no North, no South, no fact that in the event of the election of Mr. Bryan, Gov. Stone of Missour is to be Secretary of the Interior. Tha announcement, said to come from "ex cellent authority," has never been de tide of Populist agitation, this asnied by either Mr. Bryan or Gov

dustry shall have been abated for- Stone. The Chronicle then proceeds to say that kindred to this theme of Cabine making it will be remembered there was also excellent authority for a state ment that at the convention in Chicago the delegation from Illinois was abso lutely under the domination of Gov Altgeld, and that he would have held in the event of his election. That pledge however, it was said, Mr. Boies was unwilling to make, and the result was that Gov. Altgeld abandoned Boles and adopted Bryan. The Chronicle, referring in its editorial to these things says, and it is of the greatest interest

"Assuming these facts to be substantially as reported, and they have never been denied, practically it is a fair implication that when the support of the State was transferred to anothe the state was transferred to another party it must have been done upon substantially the same terms. Under this implication the people of the United States, in the event that they choose Mr. Bryan as their chief magistrate, and confined with the present of are confronted with the prospect of having Gov. Altgeld installed over them as the interpreter of their laws and the virtual arbiter often as to whether even an effort shall be made to punish

"In the light of the Governor's inter-retations of his duty as an executive in some cases which have arisen under the laws of this State during his term of office, how do the people of this na-tion like the prospect of having such an interpreter and prosecutor to con-serve their rights and protect them against possible seditions or insurrec-tions?"

The question here put by the Chicago Chronicle is the question that every voter in this country should ask him self. Do they want the man who in troduced the anarchic plank into the Chicago platform to be their legal counselor? Do they want the man who pardoned the Haymarket dyna miters for their Attorney-General? Do they want the man who denounced the Supreme Court of the United States to be the nation's legal adviser? Surely past of Australia, is suffering from an not. Yet that is one of the possibili excess of female population, there be- ties should Mr. Bryan happen to be

Mr. Harvey, sometimes known a 'Coin's Financial Fool," is making no votes for Bryan by his scurrilous allusions to Gens. Howard, Sickles and Francisco in behalf of Bryan, it only Alger as "old wrecks of humanity." Such allusions, in a State that gave down off the fence and inform the as many soldiers to defend the Union world where he "is at." That being as did Iowa, can only make votes for

elected.

Oregon is an important State in politics, notwithstanding her sparse population and scanty electoral vote. 1876 she was the pivot on which the election of Hayes turned; and this year she furnished a very striking example of the value of protection to a young State whose infant ndustries are scarcely able to withstand the unwholesome competition engendered by a low tariff.

Oregon is a great wool-producing State, having at least two months nore of green grass for the sheep than California, if we except the three borler countles of Siskiyou, Del Norte and Modoc. Her wool is all high grade, having been bred from pure bred Merino bucks from Ohio and Vermont, with occasional importations from Spain, France and Australia; and while it is hardly equal to the best Austrathat the Antipodean wool industry really began in 1828, whereas it ob tained no definite footing in Oregon until 1862 or thereabouts.

The city of Albany, which is the ounty seat of Linn county, is certainly a unique creation of human enterprise. We believe it is the only city of over five thousand people in America that has not a steam engine in use within its limits. It originally had the power of a small stream called the Calipoola, but, in 1873, some enterpris-Santiam River at Lebanon, some eightthrough that wonderful little manufacturing town and you find not only sawmiles, flouring mills and furniture facorles run by water-power, but its harness shops, clothing works, printing With such water-power as it possesses t could easily have a population of 80,000 people instead of one-tenth of can safely defy their will. that number, if it were located in Connecticut or Massachusetts instead of

Along about 1892 the good people of get wool cheaper than they did, for sheep-breeding section; and their water- to pieces in their conflict with it. The Oregon City. Yet with all these advantages over any mill so far established in California, this Albany mill went into bankruptcy on the first day of the present month, with the most unheard-of balance-sheet in the history of American manufactures:

Assets at lowest cash valuation... ..\$ 20,000 Excess of resources.....

In most portions of America the sum of \$20,000 would be considered in itself an excellent foundation to commence almost any business. Yet here is an conomically-managed concern with \$60,000 worth of pure woolen goods on hand, and not a pound of shoddy in the whole lot, goes into liquidation because those goods cannot be sold at the net cost of their production. There are no better woolen fabrics in America than those made in Oregon, and a pair of Albany blankets is a very nice thing to have on your bed with the thermometer at zero.

There can be but one cause assigned or this failure—the markets all glutted with English and German woolen fabrics, and the consequent inability to dispose of home products. For this we have to thank the Democratic majority in Congress in general and Mr. W. J. Bryan in particular. He was a membe of the Ways and Means Committee and one of the most industrious tarifffringement upon the broad basis of it firmly to the support of Mr. Boies if tinkers on the floor. For fear the peohe could have induced that gentleman ple do not already understand the damtorney-General in his (Boles') Cabinet maker and wholesale calamity broker, we will give them some figures.

At the end of the year 1892, there were wool-bearing sheep in America to the extent of 47,273,553, valued at \$125,909,264, the sheep used for mutton being in a different classification. Three years later, December 31, 1895, the number of wool-bearing sheep had fallen off to 38,298,783, with a gross valuation of \$65,167,735, a decline \$60,741,529, or nearly 50 per cent. Is not a loss of over \$20,000,000 in values annually enough to bankrupt almost any country?

Then, again, look at the importations of woolen goods into the United States Here are the figures of the McKinley tariff year 1892 and those of the Wilson tariff year 1895, after the tariff-for deficit had fairly gone into effect:

aportations of woolen goods to De-

Increase of importations...... Now look at the values of these importations:

...\$23,803,856 Increase in three years Linn county, in which Albany is

situated, used to give from 600 to 800 Democratic majority for the first fifteen years after the war, but it has fallen off to a great extent; and with this failure of the Albany Woolen Mills plainly in sight, we shall be very much astonished if Linn does not roll up 1200 majority for McKinley. In a case like this. Bryanism and bankruptcy not only begin with the same letter but mean exactly the same thing.

The Philadelphia Ledger takes occa sion to remark that the path from Canton, O., to the White House has be gun to assume the aspect of a high way, which prompts the Cincinnat es-Star to say:

The decision of Secretary of State the toll-gates out of the way. On the other hand the road from Lincoln, Neb., to Washington, D. C., narrows down to a cowpath and the compath dwindles to a squirrel track and runs up a tree."

The decision of Secretary of State Brown to place the Populist electors under separate heading from the Democratic electors is carrying dismay into the camp of the long-whiskered gentry all over the State.

RUDDER OR ROCK.

In the issue for October of one of the magazines there is an article in which the gospel of anarchy is as distinctly and tersely stated as it well can be, by the leading Anarchists, John Most and Emma Goodman. Whatever else may be said against these red-hot agitators, they cannot be truly charged with beating about the bush or dealing in equivocal phrases. The mildest thing in their article is their definition of anarchy. This, they say, is "a social theory which regards the union of order with the absence of all government of man by man; in short, it means perfect individual liberty. They tell their readers that civil government always has been and in its nature must be oppressive; that it has grown up through successive stages of despotism, monarchy, oligarchy and plutocracy, but in every stage it has Yet they have the grace to admit

that there are really well-meaning people who ask, "How are we to get along without government?" and who say, "If our government is a bad one, let us try to have a good one, but we must must have a government by all means,' and who insist that "men must be guided by laws." If these people cannot be disabused of such ideas in any other way, the anarchistic arguments of torch and dynamite will doubtless be recommended by the writers of the ing men took out a canal from the article. "Anarchy," they say, "which is the freedom of each individual from een miles distant, and then Albany had harmful constraint by others, whether water-power to give to the poor. Go these others be individuals or an organized government, cannot be brought about without violence." Right here a very serious practical difficulty confronts these theorists, since the people who believe in order and good governpresses and shoemakers' shops as well. ment are in a great majority in this country, as Most mournfully admitted not long ago, and not even an anarchist There is an old saying, "That which

will not be ruled by the rudder must be ruled by the rock," and this applies well to the cases of the Anarchists and that city started up a woolen mill, sim- all the other disorganizing agitators llar to those in existence at Oregon who are threatening the settled peace City and Salem. It was impossible to and order of the nation today. If they scorn all the restraints of estabthey were in the center of a great lished authority, they will be broken power was second to none save that of system of law which has grown up to civilization is the rule by which every man must be guided, or else he must be lost. It is not a tyrannical, but beneficent system, necessary for the true freedom and safety of each individual; for no thoroughly sane man can hold, with Most, that if all laws were abolished, men would everywhere, of their own free will, treat each other as natural right and justice would require. A truer view of the probable workings of human nature, if freed from legal restraints, is implied in the definition which some one has given of civil government, as "a scheme which we have adopted for the purpose of making each other behave." It would be hard to predict what some men who are now regarded as models of all the virtues might do, if once released from

all external restrictions. It is a noticeable fact that it is the unsuccessful man, the one who has not been able to make his way, but has been obliged to give place to competitors who are physically, mentally or morally stronger than himself, who complains most of the government and the laws under which he lives. Ought he not to see that, just in proportion as society should approach the primitive condition which the Anarchists desire, his position with reference to those who are in any way superior to him in natural ability, would grow worse instead of better? The very purse of the laws is to save him from being robbed by those who are stronger or defrauded by those who are more

cunning than himself, and to secure to him, so far as possible, liberty to make the most of the opportunities which life affords him. If, with all the powerful protection which they have afforded him he has not succeeded, how can he ened or abolished?

expect to do so if government is weak-The strong, practical good sense that characterizes the American people makes it certain that they will not accept the absurd theory of the out-andout Anarchists, that order and liberty can exist without civil government Yet it would be most unwise to overlook the fact that the anarchistic ideas of visionary people of foreign birth are a leaven that is affecting great political parties and their platforms. A government which could not enforce the laws of the nation anywhere within the national domain would lose the realmost enough of a nonentity to satisfy the anarchistic ideal. All earnest, sensible men should do their utmost to forestall any such possibility, by putting the ship of state under the control of those who will direct her course by the rudder, and not leave warring winds and currents to drive her toward

Bryan is still prescribing free silver ments. The nation is sick, to be sure but not so ill that Dr. McKinley cannot come in with his saddle-bags over his arm and cure the patient after some time in next March.

The shipment of 1200 cases of Fresno which leaves San Francisco next Thurs day would indicate that the produc not been a success up to date.

ORIMINALS AND THE ROADS.

The great bleycle parade of last veek in San Francisco was gotten up n the interest of good roads and bette streets. It was a most ingenious display of the artistic and the grotesque at the same time, and its projector deserve much credit for a very attrac tive show.

At the same time, it is doubtful whether the roads of this State can be perceptibly improved under our present ystems of road legislation. The tax system is not the best in the world. especially where people are allowed work out such tax at a stipulated per diem. What should be done is to devise some way by which the labor of criminals could be utilized upon the roads leading into our larger cities Here we have two classes of crime felony and misdemeanor, the former being punished by incarceration in the State prison and the latter by imprisonment in the County Jail, or by fine, or both, in the discretion of the

No American who has visited Australia can have failed to note the ex cellent condition of the county roads They have no penitentiaries there, but have county and district The more hardened criminals are kept in the county jails and work at picking hemp, making door mats and all such labor, while those guilty eanors are kept at work on the public highways and lodged in the district jails. They are well fed and worked hard, and as they work under surveillance of a mounted officer but few attempts at escape are made. The orison systems of New South Wales and Victoria, for this reason, show but little expense to the tax-payers, as the prisons have a monopoly of the jutematting trade as well as cork fenders and many other articles used on ship-

Our convict labor is a continuous bill of expense to us. Owing to the falling off in exports of flour everywhere, except to China, the jute mill at San Quentin is unable to make its expenses, even with labor free of cost to the State. In the mean time we have two penitentiaries to keep up, with a possible demand for a third one at thi end of the State before the incoming Legislature shall have adjourned. They used to ship two sacks of flour in one jute bag, but the decreased demand for flour to ports in the United King dom has decreased the demand for fute bags.

Oregon manages to utilize much of her convict labor in a stove factory as she has cheap iron on the same river with her penitentiary; but the stove factory scheme was pronounced impracticable in this State. With no stove ndustry and no demand for jute bags it is hard to say just how we can utilize labor that has been forfeited through crime, to the use of the State.

The man who goes to the next Legislature and gets up a bill to utilize the abor of prisoners convicted of the milder class of crimes, upon the roads and highways of this State, will be loing a greater service than can be achieved in any way short of opening the Nicaragua Canal or building a railway to the North Pole. It does seem to the average mind that what is successful in Australia ought to be equally so here. Just why offenders against the law should be housed in warm jails doing nothing, while farmers and others who have infringed no law are kept at work on the roads and highways, in summer's heat and winter's cold, is not altogether clear. There should be some way of utilizing all convict labor, and the highways of the State should be entitled to first choice

Of the nine members of the City uncil (and the Mayor) only three have been renominated for office by the three regular parties. The Repub licans renominated Mr. Stockwell, in the First Ward, and Mr. Blanchard, in the Ninth. The Democrats did not renominate any member of the present Council, although the Eighth Ward caucus renominated Mr. Savage, which nomination the convention refused to ratify. The Democratic convention, however, nominated Councilman Sny der for Mayor. There are, therefore, all told, four of the present Councilmen who will again seek the suffrages of the voters in the coming municipal election. The voters will not forget that these men were implicated in the outrageous transaction by which it was falsely made to appear that the citizens of Los Angeles were in favor of Collis P. Huntington's site for a government deep-water harbor at Santa Monica This characterization includes Councilman Snyder, who, while protesting at the first Council meeting, absented himself, on a flimsy excuse, from the subsequent meeting of the Council when it was sought to reconsider the action of that body. A plucky Chicago girl has wagered

her golden tresses against an admirer's silvery mustache that Maj. McKinley will be elected President. Here is another good and substantial reason why Republicans and all sound-money voters should stand solidly together in behalf of sound money, for there is not one of them in the whole land who would forgive himself if that fair maiden of Chicago were to be shorn of her golden hair now hanging down her back. Better a thousand times that the upper lip of her ardent admirer should be denuded of its silver hirsute appendage than that so great a calamity should befall a maid who has the courage to risk her tresses for sound noney and protection, both of which and plenty of them, The Times most

W. J. Farrell of Jacksonville, Fla. is a prominent business man of that city. He says that Bryan will surely carry Jacksonville, but is exceedingly

loubtful about his carrying the State, which has a large fruit-growing interest that stands in need of protection against the fruits of the West India slands and Southern Europe.

Bryan voted against the bounty on beet-sugar. The sturdy farmers of Los Angeles, Orange and San Bernarplant large quantities of beets next year, will not have much use for Mr, Bryan in November, especially on the 2d day of the month.

In New York one cannot hang a banpermit from the authorities. The rec ord of permits granted up to the 5th banners, 6 for Bryan and 1 for Palmer. How is that for a campaign

The fact that Wells, Fargo & Co. to not sell money orders on Mexico, fearing that they will be paid in the depreciated currency of our sister reublic, ought to convince anybody that free coinage of silver is not likely to prove beneficial in the United States.

Gov. McConnell of Idaho, who lived in Oregon over thirty years, is stumping the latter State for sound money and protection. He was a strong advocate of free coinage, but says he doesn't want it if it has to be coupled with free trade.

A Chino man has been convicted of making a small boy drunk by giving him both beer and whisky in consecu tive drinks. He ought to be sent to jail and kept there. Fines are too easy punishments for such miscreents.

It is stated on what is believed to be good authority that Chauncey M. Depew is about to be married. If that be true, his days as an after-dinner talker are about at an end.

The chances of Sewall's resigning from the Chicago ticket are not good. He has paid for his place and means to keep his seat in the Demopop band-

Bryan, Bryan, still a-spoutin', Still a-talkin, an' a-shoutin', Bryan, Bryan, Still a-spoulur, Still a-talkin, an' a-shoutin', Think he'd almost drop; Alwaya 'cross the country trackin', And with noise our nerves a-rackin Ain't he ever goin' to stop?

Some day soon he will remember, 'Bout the 'lection in November, Then he'll swear and cuss, Thinkin' of the time he squa

CHARM OF CHILDHOOD.

She was only a little schoolgiri, And I an old soldier gray;
Her gift was not a costly pear,
But only a small bouquet;
Not given with any studied grace,
Of any drawing-room a part,
Yet such a winsome, happy face,
It straightway touched my heart.
Oh! if more of childhood's ways
To maturer lives were given,
How it would brighten gloomy days,
And make us fit for heaven.

CAI

CAMPAIGN SHOTS,

(San José Mercury:) McKinleyism is attional, and Bryanism is sectional.

(Chicago Inter Ocean:) McKinley says: "Open the mills." Bryan re-sponds: "The wind mills are open."

(Kansas City Star:) Tom Watson is not nearly so anxious to elect Bryan as he is to beat Sewall.

(Cleveland World:) The Popocrats eclare that so far from talking, Mr. Sewall's money can't even stutter. (San Francisco Bulletin:) Cutting the

15,000 does not carry a vas comfort to the camp of the Bryanites.

Florida majority down to less th

price for your beans and fruits.

(San Diego Tribune:) It has been sug-gested that if the Pops can make 50 cents a dollar, why shouldn't they make six months a year and so pro-

long human life? (Perris New Era:) Mr. Bryan says that "the present dollar has too great a purchasing power." The man who earns it by the sweat of his brow does

THIS DATE IN HISTORY. Daily Resume of Events for Your On October 14 of the years named one following important events in the

HOLIDAYS. Saints Calixtus, Donatian, Burckard, D. 1633—James II of England. 1644—William Penn, colonizer of 1757—Charles Abbott, Lord Col

DEATHS.

1065—Haroid, hist Sanda Chille of the Control of th

1889—James P. Joule, distinguished scientist.
1898—Clara Doty Bates, authoress.
OTHER EVENTS.
1096—Battle of Hastings, England.
1656—General law against Quakers passed by the General Court of Massachusetts.
1658—General Court of Massachusetts.
1652—Treaty of William Penn with the Indians.
1774—Declaration of Rights passed by the Continental Congress.
1843—Daniel O'Connell arrested in Dublin for conspiracy and sedition.
1874—Headquarter's of the United States Army removed from Washington to St. Louis.
1883—Earthquake in the Island of Chios, Asia Miner; six villages destroyed and 1000
1875—Chinese transport Way Lee sunk with 300 soldiers in Wakung Harbor.
1887—The Sprague Mill burned at Baltic, Ct., with loss of 31,500,000.
1887—Riot of unemployed workingmen in the Trafaigar Square, London.
1888—Erre at Gardiner City Or., destroyed lumbles of Massachusetts.
1891—Steamer City of Rome lost off Saint Shotts, N. F.; 43 people perished.
1893—One thousand lives lost in a typhoon in Japan.
1294—Robbery of \$14,000 from the Pacing Express Company's effice at The Dailes.

THE WEATHER.

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, Los Angeles, Oct. 13.—At 5 o'clock a.m. the barometer registered 29.95; at 5 p.m., 29.90. Thermometer for the corresponding hours showed 55 deg. and 72 deg. Relative humidity, 5 a.m., 94 per cent.; 5 p.m., 51 per cent. Wind, 5 a.m., yest, velocity 3 miles; 5 p.m., southwest, velocity 3 miles. Maximum temperature, 80 deg.; minimum temperature, 54 deg. Character of weather, clear. er reduced to sea level

support the McKinley standard. Look at the letters of Robert G. Ingersoll and Archbishop Ireland. Where will you find two men more dissimilar? Yet they are united on this financial issue. They clearly expose the folly of fol-lies—that is, that the legal ratio of silhed—that is, that the legal ratio of silver can be any different from the commercial ratio." These patriotic Democrats, as will be seen by extracts from their speeches in the San Diego correspondence, believe in upholding na-tional honor rather than to be led about blindly by ignorant partisan prejudices. These Democrats speak like patriots.

A troubled citizen writes a complaining letter to The Times about the boy who runs the City Hall elevator, the burden of which is that the flend of the lift indulges in conversation with his intimates much in this wise: "I ain't goin' with that girl no more;" or, "Seen that last mash of mine? Naw, not the one with the curly hair, the—" not the one with the curly hair, the—"
and so on and so on. Our correspondent further declares and affirms that
when "that boy" is deprived of the soclety of his intimates he solaces his
drooping spirits by emitting "deafening
and ear-piercing series of whistles." If
this is the case, and it probably is, as
it sounds boy-like, perhaps the boy's
boss, if he has one, will read him a lesson in elevator ethics, that the peace of
the City Hall may be preserved and
visitors to the Public Library not outraged in their finer and higher-priced raged in their finer and higher-priced

A workingman who long had loafed
In front of locked-out doors,
And daily watched with anxious eye
His disappearing stores,
Said-to himself: "I wonder how
These silver-loving sages
Will give to us our daily bread
With work and decent wages?
They tell me Bryan's coming here,
In detail to exhibit
His wondrous plan, and clearly show
A cure-all for dedcit."

He came at last, with loud acclaim; He shouts: "Make coinage free— It's cheaper money that we want— Free silver'll bring it, see?" He lauded silver to the skies, And damned the cross of gold— But how to start the factory wheels This prophet never told.

AN ANGELENO ABROAD.

THE CAMPAIGN, AS IT LOOKS FROM

Court Nelson and His Giant Efforts in Behnit of McKinley and Ho-hart—People in the Upper Missis-sippi Valley Anxious to Learn About California.

MINNEAPOLIS, Oct. 6, 1896.—I left Los Angeles on the 13th day of August, since which time I have been around a good deal in this State, Northern Wis-

ALL ALGORGATHE AINS.

It is a cruel jest to speak of Dr. C.

Reads, Popocratic candinates for a part of the construction of th

Doubtless it was the historic associations which cluster about the little plaza or park beyond the old-time Pico House which inclined my feet in that direction the other day; and as I stood by the ancient church of the Padres which lifts its white facade surmounted by a belfry, over against the little plaza, I was accosted by a stranger in a dialect made woolly by drink. "How's you git your living?" were the words fired point blank at me. "Whash your trade?"

"I'm a gleaner," said I; "first I get a little here and then another bit there."

"Yesh, I see," said he, tickled at the use I made of the word gleaner. Then, immediately applying it to himself, he added: "I'se a gleaner, too, gleaned these lash night," said he, drawing out as he spoke gold chains from one pocket, a gold watch from another, and ladies' jewelry from still another. "Whash the matter you go in with me? I need a pardner."

"Do you?" said a burly gentleman Doubtless it was the historic as

"Whash the matter you go in with me? I need a pardner."
"Do you?" said a burly gentleman in plain garb, as he slipped in upon us from around a telephone post; "if so I'il go in with you," he added with significant stress on the last words.
"I glean hard cases," said the burly fellow, in exlanation, as he placed his bracelets on the wrists of the jewelry gleaner.

gleaner.
The picker-up of toughs I recognized as one of our trio of famous burgiar detectives.
D. M.

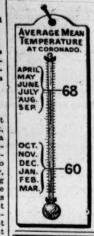
Keep Your Eye on Illinois.

(Chicago Times-Herald:) In writing to a friend in this city Col. A. K. McClure, the veteran editor of the Philadelphia Times, who is widely known as an experienced political observer, says: "As Illinois goes in this fight the nation will go. Do you understand it? If McKiniey carries your State he will have enough of the Western States more or less infected by free silver to make his election absolutely sure." Yes, we understand it, and the people of Illinois generally understand it. Illinois turned the scale in the nomination of McKinley's election. What New York has been in the Presidential elections of the last quarter century Illinois is now. We regard this as a fortunate circumstances. Illinois has never failed the nation in any emergency. She will not faiter now.

The outlook here is bright and brightens every day. The Republicans are soild for sound money and protection. The sound money Democrats are earnest, enthusiastic and full of fight. The Populists and Popocracy, wrapped in each other's arms, are dying in the last ditch. If the election were held today McKinley's majority would be \$5,000. In November it will be larger.

Keep your eye on Illinois. Keep Your Eye on Illinois.

A PERFECT CLIMATE.



finest seaside hotel. The Jan. and Feb. as over deg. warmer than that of Naples, Mentone and Nice. At Coronado in the past year there the past year there were only two hours when the mercury stood below 40 deg. The hotel is unequaled as a health or pleasure resort. Don't miss Coro-nado in your Califor-nia trip. Inquire at 200

HE HEART OF PRINCESS OSRA,
By Anthony Hope, (author of 'Prisoner of Zenda.')

For sale by C. C. PARKER, 246 S. Broadway, near Public Library. The largest and most varied stock of tooks on the Pacific Coast.

Mrs. Cliff's Yacht, By Frank Stockton.
Illustrated by Forestier; price.......\$1.33 STOLL & THAYER CO.,

Ladies, don't scrub, scrub, scrub, when you can buy

135 S. Spring St.,

SOAP **FOAM** WASHING POWDER.

Comes in 5c, 15c and 25c pkgs.

INES AT Jevne's.

WOODBURY / Jusiness College. 226 S. Spring St., Los Angeles. flords unsurpassed factilities for acquir

Practical Education.

commercial, English, Shorthand and Type-writing and Telegraph courses. Elegant coms, reasonable rates, experienced in tructors. Enter any day. Call or write for

WOODBURY BUSINESS COLLEGE

Arriving daily. CHILDREN'S CLOAKS. made of fine eider down cloth, trimmed with fancy ribbon. All shades and sizes. Made

I. Magnin & CO.

237 S. Spring Street. end for Catalagus. MYER SIEGEL, Mgr

NATIONAL REPUBLICAN EMBLEM Red, White and Blue Pampas. To the Republican Party of the United

To the Republican Party of the United States:

In recognition of the courtesy of Mrs. H. W. R. Strong of Los Angeles, Cal., in presenting to the Republican National Convention, through its chairman and the chairman of each State, the adopted Republican emblem of 1892, made of California pampas plumes, the only American product cultivated for the beautiful, I do hereby recommend to the party the use of this emblem in red, white and blue pampas, mountain-fan shape, on a staff, for parades and interior decorations.

(Signed) M. A. HANNA, chairman, Southern Hotel, St. Louis, June 19, 1896.

THE LATEST.

Wheelmen are using the emblem East, fastened to the bar of the bicycle by a clamp. "They will sweep the country for McKinley, and Hobart."

Price, large, 30c.; small, 12c.

Apply Republican Headquarters, Los Angeles, or to

H. W. R. STRONG,
Box 243.

Enchitz del Fuerte.

H. W. R. STRONG,
Box 243. Ranchito del Fuerte,
Whittier P.O., Cal. Cash F.O.B.

poor paint poorly made is worse than none at all. It will warp woodwork almost as much as if you left the woodwork unpainted. Then why not avoid taking chances and get Harrison's Paints.

P. H. Mathews, 238-240 S. Main St.

RUPTURE: DR. WHITEHILL.
Guarantees a safe. speedy. permanen
cure without detention from business. N
kuife used, no blood drawn, no pay unt
cured. Consultation Free.

"The Best is the Cheapest."

BROADWAY, Opp. City Hall.

Royal Worcester Corsets.

Having taken the agency for this popular brand of Corsets we are pleased to announce to the ladies of Los Angeles and vicinity that we will carry at all times a complete assortment of sizes in over one hundred different styles, ranging in price from 75c to \$8 a pair in all the new and improved models,

This is undoubtedly the best domestic-made Corset, combining all characteristics of the best makes of French Corsets at one-half the price of the same. We have Corsets suitable for tuilor-made costumes, decollete, dinner gowns and bicycle wear-in fact for every occasion and to fit every figure.

We also carry a large and varied assortment of the cele brated W. B., P. D. and I. C. Corsets.

We will quote some extremely low prices on Ladies' and Children's Hosiery.

Quotation No. I at 25c-Ladies' fast black, herringbone stitched, split foot stocking; would be good value at 40c pair.

Quotation No. 2-Ladies' Fast Black, 40 Gauge Cotton Stocking, regular price 25c quality, at 3 pair 5oc.

Quotation No. 3-Ladies' Black Cashmere Hose, with merino heels and toes; no better hose for 50c; on sale, 35c; 3 pair they bought at Sheward's for 9c and for 5c. The advertis-

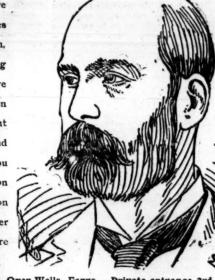
Quotation No. 4-This is the best value ever offered in Children's Hosiery; a fine fast black, spliced knees, double heel and toes, sold in a regular way at 25c a pair; sale price 121/2c pair, 2 for 25c.

We are quoting some low prices on Carriage Shades and

DR. TALCOTT & CO. The Only Specialists in Southern California for

Diseases of Men Only

These well-known and reliable Specialists have treated special diseases and weaknesses of men, and absolutely nothing else, for years, and have established a reputation for quick and permanent cures. Consultation and examination free, and you can get an honest opinion of your case by calling upon them, because they never ask for a dollar until cure



Cor. Main and Third Sts., Over Wells, Fargo. Private entrance 3rd St.

Parry

*** SHIRTS &

Shirt

to order. Perfect

Company,

fit and quality

120 S. Spring St. GUARANTEED. ***

PRICES TELL AT

Allen's Furniture Closing-out Sale.

332 and 334 South Spring St.

FURNITURE

Carpets.... 337-339-341

Lace and Silk Curtains, Blankets and Comforts, Portieres, Ollcloths, Window Shades, Linoleums, Mattings, et South Spring St. Baby Carriages. SPECIAL LOW PRICES FOR CASH.

Hand-picked, Southfield Wellington Lump Coal, \$11 per ton, delivered.

Cement and Catalina Island Serpentine and Soapstone
Agents for BANTA CATALINA ISLAND; also for W.Z. Co. to Coala Excursion Steam
rs, Tugs) Yachts and Pleasure Leunches.

TELEPHONES4,

STORE J. T. Sheward

113-115 North Spring St.

There never has been such valuable articles sold for 9c as we are selling now. There never has been so many valuable and useful articles sold for 5c as we are selling now.

The two big windows are full of them. The assortment is complete as yet.

Elegant Lamps, worth and sold for \$3, \$4 and \$5 each, are selling here for 9c. Fine Vases, worth and selling up to \$3, are selling here

Rich Cut Glassware, the genuine kind, no imitation, is

selling here for 9c. Hundreds of articles of the same sort are on our counters selling for 9c.

The 5c articles are still more numerous. Fine Lamps, elegant Plates, choice Fruit and Preserve Dishes, Pitchers, Tete-a-Tete Sets, After Coffees-not an article in the lot worth in regular crockery stores less than \$1 and up to \$3, and these articles are all selling for 5c each.

You are required to purchase \$10 worth of goods to buy

You are required to buy \$5 worth of goods to buy the

Our trade has jumped fourfold since the introduction of this novel plan. Only a few days and it will be over.

This is expensive advertising. For the next five years ladies all over this country will be showing these articles ing is for years and not for a day or two.

Come and see for yourself. You will buy. How can

Newberry's.

Remember our line of Gold Seal Teas are our best. 216 and 218 South Spring Street.

You'll be Suited.

Instead of simply ordering crackers, tell your grocer you want

Los Angeles.

BISHOP'S CRACKERS.

They are Fresh and Crisp.

ASK FOR

Spence's Premium Baking Powder

And you will be sure to get a pure cream tartar powder of home manufacture, equal to the highest grade made anywhere.

Analysis on every can. 1/4 lb. cans, 10c; 1/4 lb. cans, 20c; 1 lb. cans, 40c; 5 lb. cans, \$1.75.

J. M. SPENCE & CO.

There's Good Health in it!



There is only one Cottolene—that's the best. best for your food-best for your, health—best for your pocket book.

THE N. K. PAIRBANK COMPAN St. Louis, Chingo, Hantrul, Sm Francisco

Drink Coronado Water. Sold in 10 gallon tanks, 204 S. Spring St., get a drink free.

W. L. WHEDON, Agent.



Do not waste cast-off clothing. "Economy is the road to wealth." It also enables these already wealthy to help the destitute. Save from moth and mold your old, partially-worn clothing, children's clothing, or any garments that can be made over into children's clothing. Anything of this description left at the Times business office will be useful in supplying those much in need. No matter how small the amount you have, or how badly worn, it will be useful to those with no money to buy new. If inconvenient to send in the articles you have, get them ready, notify us, and they will be called for.

be called for.

After it, People run after what's worth getting, and Desmond's stock of hats is filled to overflowing with just such articles. You must see what you want and know what you want, and seeing it makes you want it twice as much as before. There are any number of revelations of long-felt wants easy to supply. Prices should be as little of a barrier as possible, and here are the small figures: All \$5 hats (except Dunlap's and Stetson's) for \$4; all \$4 hats for \$5; all \$3 hats for \$2, and all \$2 hats for \$1. Where? you say. Why, at Desmond's, No. 141 South Spring street, Bryson Block, of course.

Miss Eva Hartman, the head of the glove department at A. Hamburger & Sons, has severed her conenction with the People's Store. Her many friends and acquaintances will shortly hear from her through the columns of this paper, as she contemplates going into business for herself in the very near future. She leaves for San Francisco and New York in a few days to begin the purchase of her stocks.

Desmond's hat sale is still drawing the crowds to No. 141 South Spring street, Bryson Block; stacks of the \$2 hats which Desmond is selling for \$1, are still on sale. They are the talk of the town.

Kregelo & Bresee forwarded the remains of J. W. Moseley to McCreedie, People run after what's

Kregelo & Bresee forwarded the remains of J. W. Moseley to McCreedie, Mo., on yesterday's overland. Peniel Hall, a Chinese lady speaks to-light. Dr. Godby begins tomorrow

ats for the races, oh, so pretty. C. Dosch's, No. 313 South Spring.

N. P. Conrey addressed a Republican meeting at Cahuenga Monday evening. Ah Wing was arrested by Officers Sawyer and Wright for selling lottery

Sawyer and Wright for seiling lottery tickets, yesterday afternoon.

B. G. Hyden yesterday sware to a complaint before Justice Owens, charging J. E. Steele with battery.

John and Ed McIntire, who are charged with assaulting a Chinaman

ne days ago, were arrested by Officer

some days ago, were arrested by Olince, Phillips yesterday, and booked upon a charge of assault.

There are undelivered telegrams at the Western Union office for N. F.

There are undelivered telegrams at the Western Union office for N. F. Hines, George H. Appel, Burt W. Reed, Mitt Armstrong, Mrs. E. F. Kenton, E. W. Snook, M. H. McManus.

The woodwork in the store at No. 141 North Spring street, which is being fitted up for the People's Store, caught fire early last evening from the ejectric-light wires. An employé, who smelled the smoke, turned off the current before any damage had been done. Capt. H. F. Mackay, the well-known contractor, has been confined to his residence, No. 1027 Maple avenue, for the past two weeks by illness caused by a complication of diseases resulting from a severe attack of la grippe. His condition for the past two days has

ndition for the past two days ha en considered serious. unusual sight was witnessed early smoke from the mountain fires. The smoke had drifted in a southerly direction so as to form a straight line prob-ably fifty miles in length. It had de-viated neither in direction nor in elevation. The straight appearance was de-stroyed by wind, which come up after

arthe canvass of business men, en in Sunday's Times, J. A. Haskeil, ardware man, was quoted as a Bry-te. Some persons supposed that anite. Some persons supposed that Eugene C. Haskell of the Union Hardware and Metal Company, was reterred to, but this gentleman desires to have it known that he is an out-and-out McKinley man, first, last and all the time. He is not a free-silverite, and does not wish, through any confusion if identity, to be classed in that party.

CHARGED WITH STEALING. A German of Royal Blood Landed in

to Bakersfield.

There he was arrested on a charge of embezzling money from an old German named G. Pachlig. The matter was finally compromised, and Hugo was not prosecuted. Then he came to this city and found employment in various restaurants.

restaurants.

Gumffenbergan is evidently a man of

Adolph Groux was arrested on First street by Detectives Hawley and Auble last night and locked up at police headquarters on a charge of burklary. It is alleged that Groux burklarized a house on Margaret street some

WATCHES cleaned, 75c; main-spring, 50c; retals, 10c, Patten, No. 214 South Broadway.

COUPON.

accompanied by 25c THIS catitles the sender to one he LIFE OF M'KINLE Y and by Byron Andrews; a work 401 pages, handsomely illus-Address THE TIMES.

FRED COOPER ARRAIGNED.

n Alleged Embezzler Has His Hear ing Set-Other Cases, Fred Cooper, the alleged embezzler, was arraigned before Justice Morrison yesterday and his examination was set for October 15. Ball was fixed at \$2000, in default of which Cooper was remanded to the custody of the Sheriff.
Paul Koyne, who was arrested on a charge of battery, preferred by Otto Cytron, was arraigned before Justice

Owens and his examination was set for October 14.
Juan de la Cruz, a Mexican who was arrested yesterday by Deputy Constable Mersch, charged with stealing a pair of shoes, was before Justice Owens yesterday afternoon on a charge of petty larceny, found guilty and will be sentenced today.

Sheiton Russell, who was arrested several days ago on a charge of disturbing the peace, was yesterday discharged by Justice Owens.

Lem Goon and Charlie Hing, two Mongoilan lottery-ticket sellers were fined \$10 each.

H. Simpson was araigned on a charge of battery and his examination was set for today.

Five yagrants who were arrested by wens and his examination was set

set for today.

Five vagrants who were arrested by
Officer Romans of the East Los Angeles Police Station for sleeping in boxcars, were each given thirty-day float-

ers, were can given in the constraint of the con

Lankershim Republicans.

The people of Lankershim are alive and will vote the Republican ticket with a patriotic vigor that will make the Demo-Populo-Coxeyites sick on No-vember 3. On Monday night the largset political meeting ever held in that rich and prosperous section was addressed by Editor S. M. Haskell of Pomona, G. A. Hough of Los Angeles and Walter S. Mellek, Republican nominee for that Assembly district. The Bryanites had been laying large claims to this section, but A. J. Gwynn, the resident central committeeman and member of the county executive board, has joined others and is demonstrating that the people's interests and hopes of prosperity are based on the election of the Republican ticket.

The big schoolhouse was packed with a large and most attentive audience which was evidently in sympathy with the speakers. A cornet band discoursed rousing music and was greatly enjoyed. The band boys are not only giving patrictic music, but will give patrote votes est political meeting ever held in that

rousing music and was greatly enjoyed. The band boys are not only giving patriotic music, but will give patrotc votes on November 3.

Mr. Hough discussed the money question for fifty minutes with edifying results. He is a pleasing, polished, practical speaker and his appeals to history and reason were evidently "taken under advisement" by the people. Editor Haskell as usual in the splendid addresses which he is making, made an unanswerable appeal to the farmers to consider the difference between the prosperity of protection and the poverty caused by Democrats tinkering with the tariff.

For an hour and ten minutes Mr. Haskell held the attendance of the large audience, while he poured hot shot, in the form of unanswerable arguments, into the Bryan camp.

W. S. Melick pledged himself to stand squarely for practical economic legislation when elected to the Assembly.

W. S. Melick pledged himself to stand squarely for practical economic legislation when elected to the Assembly. Calling attention to their mutual interests in agriculture, horticulture and other lines, he appealed to the voters to assist in returning George C. Perkins to the United States Senate and felt sure of getting there, even if he had to kiss every baby in the district to do it. All the speakers were listened to with closest attention.

After the meeting fifty-four men or-

closest attention.

After the meeting fifty-four men organized and signed the roll for a club to be known as the Lankershim McKinley and Hobart Protection and Sound Money Club, which will do good systematic work from now until election.

Chantauqua Assembly Permanently

At a meeting of the full board of directors of the Long Beach Chautauqua Assembly, both the Santa Monica and Long Beach propositions for permanent location and subsidies were received. The advocates for each were allowed free and full discussion. Al

allowed free and full discussion. All the advantages were carefully canvassed as well as the disadvantages. This was done in a manner of the most friendly character toward each location. Propositions for subsidies and buildings were about equal from each and of a highly liberal character. Two considerations gave weight to Long Beach. First, the length of time the assembly has been held there, and second, the moral and temperate atmosphere of the town. Even the late trouble on account of disincorporation was not regarded seriously when it Hugo von Gumffenbergan is the euphonious name of a prisoner in the City Jail, who claims that royal blood courses through his veins.

The specific charges against him are the larceny of two bleycles, but the detectives have reason to believe that several more cases of petty larceny, at least, may be credited to him.

Hugo has another name, which has affected, probably because of the length of the name, which he leads is known throughout Germany as that of an honored family. On the court sheet it appears as Hugo Brandt, alias Von Gumffenbergan.

He was arrested last Saturday by

tri appears as Hugo Brandt, alias Von Gumffenbergan.

He was arrested last Saturday by Detective Steele, charged with stealing a bleycle from Hawley, King & Co. on September 28. It is said that the stolen wheel was sold to a Spring-street second-hand dealer named Sinclair by the prisoner. On September 26, L. Appel, a wine merchant on Fifth street, left his wheel standing in front of his store, and a few minutes later it was stolen.

The wheel was later sold to a man named Clifford, on South Broadway, by, it is said, Hugo. Since the arrest of the German, Detective Steele has been looking up some of his transactions, and pending a further investigation, his case has been continued in the Police Court.

The prisoner is about 35 years of age, and speaks with a strong accent. According to his story he was in the German Army, but because of a fight was forced to leave his native heath. He came to this country, and after spending some time in San Francisco, went to Bakersfield.

There he was arrested on a charge of embezzling money from an old German named G. Paehlig. The matter was finally compromised, and Hugo was not prosecuted. Then he came to this sound sheet of the same to this sound was an and the speakers were accorded the very best of attention.

A New Sound Money Club.

A New Sound Money Club.

There was organized last evening in the old depot building at River Sta-Gumfenbergan is evidently a man of refinement, and stoutly maintains that he is innocent. He asseverates that he purchased the bicycles, and says that he ean, in time, prove that he acted honestly.

An Alleged Burglar.

Adolph Groux was arrested on First street by Detectives Hawley and Auble last night

McLachlan at San Fernando.

The biggest political meeting ever held in San Fernando was that addressed on Monday night by Congressman James McLachlan, who held the great audience for fully two hours while he expounded to them the princicles of good government, national prosperity and honest money, in such a convincing manner as to win to their support many who had heretofore been deduded by the false logic and specious pleas of the free-silver howlers. Mr. McLachlan makes votes for the Republican party and incidentally for himself wherever he speaks, this being in direct contrast to the effect produced by the Popocratic candidate from San Luis Obispo county.

From all indications San Fernando McLachlan at San Fernando

will join with the remainder of this county in rolling up an enormous ma-jority for McKinley, McLachian and Perkins. The sturdy farmers of this section realize where their true inter-ests lie and are not to be beguiled by uncertain promises, especially when uncertain promises, especially when made by a party that has never been known to keep a promise.

Board of Trade Meeting.

Board of Trade Meeting.

The regular monthly meeting of the Board of Trade Directors was held yesterday afternoon, the president, A. Jacoby, in the chair. The Troy Laundry Company and George H. Stoll were elected to membership.

The action of the president and secretary in signing the joint petition of the Chamber of Commerce, Board of Trade and Merchants' and Manufacturers' Association, addressed to the Secretary of Foreign Relations, Republic of Mexico, for the establishment of a Mexican consulate in this city, was approved.

The following resolution was unanimously adopted:

"Resolved, that we heartily indorse the movement of the Merchants' and Manufacturers' Association for a Home Products Exhibition to be held in Los Angeles during January, 1897, and hereby tender the support and assistance of the Los Angeles Board of Trade for that undertaking.

The committee appointed by the president to represent the Board of Trade for that undertaking.

The committee appointed by the president to represent the Board of Trade in this matter consists of Messrs.

J. O. Koepfil, Gilbert F. Gay, and Max Goldschmidt, and their appointment was confirmed by the board.

Children's Home Society. The Children's Home Society acknowledges the receipt of a large number of garmen's for little ones in the home, at No. 228 West Twenty-fifth street The names of the persons belonging to the Garvanza Helping Hand Circle who the Garvanza Helping Hand Circle win called at the home to deliver the goods are as follows: Misses E. Lois King Olive Williams, Jennie Hawk, Ethe Donaldson, Oda Erickson, Winnie Con-cannon, Helen Rivers, Ollie Spraker Mary Harnischfeger, Mesdames Har nischfeger, S. F. D. Post, J. A. Rivers Master George Rivers.

College of Medicine

The twelfth session of the College of The twelfth session of the College of Medicine, University of Southern California, will begin with appropriate exercises at the college building, No. 737 Buena (Vista street, at 10 a.m. today. There will be addresses by President White, Rev. W. J. Chichester, Dean Widney and Prof. H. G. Brainerd. The public are invited to be present

Licensed to Wed. Joseph A. Donato, a native of Lou-islana, aged 33, and Margaret G. de

Groat, a native of France, aged 24, both of Los Angeles.
Frederick Barder a native of Missouri, aged 24, and Ellen M. Percival, a native of Kentucky, aged 20, both of Los Angeles.
George Henry Kalthoff, a resident of Santa Barbara, aged 24, and Elsie Ackerman, a resident of Berlin, Germany, aged 25, both natives of Germany.
Benjamin Edmond Hersey, a native of Canada, aged 26, and Minnie L. Korb, a native of Kansas, aged 19, both of Los Angeles.

a native of Kansas, aged 19, both of Los Angeles. William H. O'Connor, a native of Wisconsin and resident of Winslow, Arlz., aged 25, and Gracie Lillian Grace, a native of Illinois and resident of Los Angeles, aged 20.

George W. McComber, a native of California, aged 29, and Emma May Post, a native of Illinois, aged 30, both of Santa Barbara.

DEATH RECORD.

PALMER—At No. 537 Banning street, October 13, 1896, Naithen Edward Palmer, a native of Andover, Mass., aged 47 years 7 months

13 days.

13 days.

14 days.

15 days.

16 days.

17 days.

18 days.

19 days.

10 days.

11 days.

11 days.

12 days.

13 days.

14 days.

15 days.

16 days.

17 days.

18 day years.
Funeral will take place Wednesday, 2 p.m.,
No. 1333 Illinois street. Friends invited.

BIRTH RECORD.

C. D. HOWRY. Leading funeral director and practical em-baimer, Fifth and Broadway. Unequal ser-vice at lowest prices. Finest funeral par-ler on the Pacific Coast.

SMITH'S Dandruff Pomade cures Dandruff, falling hair and itching scalp; never falla; try it. All druggists guarantee it, or Smith Bros., Fresno, Cal.

The King of Pills is Beecham's—BEECHAM'S CHICKEN tamales at Christopher's.

COQUE

Feathers - handsomely jetted.

Only another instance that the "Marvel" holds the mastery in Millinery. It's a snap.

MARVEL Cut MILLINERY CO..

241-243 S. Broadway.

FANCY FEATHERS. SMALL PRICES.

Our prices for Fancy Feathers begin at 5c and end at \$2.00.

H. Hoffman, Popular Price 240 S. Spring St.

The Surprise Millinery Wholesale and Retail,

242 South Spring St.

Ladies' Shoes.

Boys' Shoes. Special sale of Lilly.
Brackett & Oo.'s boys'
fall stock Calf Shees:
made for long wear and
also are very well appearing: they will outlast any two pairs of ordinary shoes.
They go on
S1.25

Underwear.

Children's

Underwear.

Children's Natur'l Gray Derby Ribbed Vests and Pants, nearly all wool, silk finish and very fine quality, that sells in most stores for 75c, We ofter them today at...

Pillow Cases.

Today we offer a fine line of Hemstitched Cases at less than the actual cost of the ma-terials, to say nothing of the cost of the work.

Leather Goods

Special values that will catch every woman's

catch every woman fancy. 25c White Kid Belts

Knee Pants.

Linen Special.

Hosiery.

business advice to the house—buy while the market is weak.

Dress Fabrics.

\$1.00 today's selling

HE spirit of this "Tearing-down sale" is to sell low and serve the millions. An announcement of low prices is a trade-gatherer. At the

present time prices are lower than ever in the history of this or any other store west of Chicago. This state of affairs can only exist for a short time longer. Take

This department is splendidly ready with every garment up-to-date and truly. That

For Women's Outer Wear.

prices have suffered from this tearing-down and building is in no way the fault of the

Ladies' Silk Skirts, in the new changeable taffeta silk. These are made with detachable collars and pointed yokes. They are of the very latest creation and are supreme values for only Another line of Ladies' Black Silk Waists, plain and figured. These

are handsomely made and finished in perfect good taste. They were purchased to sell for \$7.50 to \$10.00. Today we offer them at

Ladies' Jackets made of plain black broadcloth handsomely finished.

Latest collar and sleeves and cut by late model. These are wost fetchy garments and well worth \$7.50. Today we say

Today we show another grand line of Ladies' Jackets in tan mixtures.

These are made with the new swell shield front now so popular. When these were bought we intended selling them for \$8.00. Now they go at

Ladies' Capes made of black beaver, in the new short military cut. These are awfully neat and jaunty, and should sell for \$7.50.

Today for.....

Silk and Wool, broken check Soliels in a dozen pretty color thoughts, fancy Mohair Jacquards, new Shep-

herd Checks in different colors, swell Check Astrakhan Bourettes. Silk Striped Tufted Astrakhans. novel

Boucle Stripes, new Illuminated Silk Mixed Armurettes, and countless yards of others that ought to

Black Gros Grain Sicilian, extra heavy and of elegant high luster; these are 52 inches broad and would

be good worth at 50c the yard. Also a grand line of Black Novelty Broche Serges in wide wale stripes and

neat figures, 40 inches broad, and the very same goods that you pay 50c a yard far every day. These lines

All the desirable new shades in changeable Taffeta Silks, including browns, blues, reds, purples, grays and pinks; they are 19% inches wide and of good, heavy texture. Then, we're showing another line of piain Taffetas at the same price. This last lot includes all the favorite Scotch combinations, and are of

In handings, entry and the service and the ser

A. Hamburger & Sons.

Great Sale of Dress Goods at 50c.

sell at 75c and 85c. all go at 50c a yard.

Some Sensational Silks at 75c.

Ladies' Hats.

58-inch All-linen Table Tailor-made Hats for Damask, German and Ladies: the very latest irish makes, bleached, cream and turkey reda, heavy weight, soft finish, new designs, fast colors, better than any venue very bought 70 them cheap to the consider venue very bought 70 them cheap to the consider the consideration to the consideration to the consideration to the consideration that the consideration that the consideration to the consideration to the consideration to the consideration that the consideration that the consideration that the cheap that the consideration that the cons

Opportunity in Black Dress Goods at 35c.

English

Cambrics.

are offered at the above price for today only-remember, today.

Dress Trimings.

\$5.00

Well filled and covered with good quality muslin worths. Very special worths is seen to see the seen to see th

Specials.

12-4 White Blankets, extra weight and size, double faced and as pure as wool, nicely finished and a most extraordinary \$1.35 \$1.75 worth: \$1.35 today, pair....

Embroideries.

Some 3000 yards fine openwork Irish Point Embroidery in Swiss, Nainsook and Cambric, 6 and 8 inches wide, wash edges and are really worth 20c and 25c yard; special today at...

Handkerchiefs,

Purses.

Purses...... 15c Buckskin Purses 35c Shopping Bags.....

***** Boys' Suits.

Dark Gray Cheviot Suits with double seats and knees, sizes 5 to 15 years; Tan Cheviot Suits, 6 to 16 years; Reefer Suits, 3 to 8 years; Blue, Tan and 6 rya Reefer Suits, 3 to Suits, 3 to 7 years; they are all stylish and sub-stantially made and are

6-4 Hemstitched Sheets

All I ask is for you to look at the Hat I

sell for \$2.50. Note the shape, style and colors; also the way it's made. It doesn't need expert eyes to see that it's just what I claim-the Best Hat sold on this Coast for Two Dollars and a Half. Other kinds at \$3.00, \$4.00 and \$5.00. Sole and Exclusive Agent for the famous Knox Hat. The largest assortment of Men's Hats in Southern California.

Special line on sale today at 50c.

The Hatter, See Examples of styles

Under Nadeau Hotel.

Broche Velours. Flannelettes.

See Examand prices in window.

Reduction in

Bicycles CLEARANCE SALE.

1896 Rambler \$67.50

1896 TANDEMS \$101.00

THIS WEEK ONLY.

H. O. HAINES,



Most stores sell skimped un-derskirts — That's because they don't care—We care— Here underskirts are cut full.

At \$3.98

Ladies' Black Silk Skirts, with black satin Pekin stripe
with black satin Pekin stripe -lined all through, velveteen finish and deep ruffle on the

Ladies' Black Silk Under-skirt with rich Roman stripe in different colors, lined all through, velvet bound and worth fully \$10. At \$5.98

Latest Fad-Velvet Waists with white collars and cuffs,

PARISIAN CLOAK AND SUIT CO., 3 221 S. Spring St.

HARRARARA BRARARAN

****************** Fall Shoes

difference in finish and stock, but There's satisfaction in knowing you

> Style, Comfort and Wear

That make our Shoes so desirable.

Ladies' new styles in \$2.50, \$3.50, \$6 and \$7 Gentlemen's. \$2.50, \$4, \$6 and 7

110 SO. SPRING ST.

Consumption Positively Cured. KOCH MEDICAL INSTITUTE,

Ilis with Little Wonder Liver Stomach Pills; 15 cents BOSWELL & NOYES DRUG CO., Bradbury Block.



ase. But what I consider this physician exesilent in, so far as my case is concerned, was
n the restoration of my eye service. Astigmatism, coupled with other disorders, was my
efficient in this respect, and, although a number of well-known skilled occuliats in some
of the larger cities of this country advised me I
should always have to depend upon glasses,
nnd received but poor service even then. Dr.
Wong Him's remedies have enabled me to
abandon totally the use of any artificial help
to sight, and may even and distant, such
service, but near orrhand distant, such
service, but near orrhand distant, such
service, but near orrhand distant, such
truly worlderful. To the skill and remedies
of the physician named can alone be attribtion to the service of my affections,
the control of the skill and remedies
of the physician named can alone be attribtion of the physician named the service of the
"incurable" character of my affections,
Respectfully,
G. L. PLOWMAN,
Pico Heights P.O., Cal., Sept. 5, 1896.

Black Hose Again... Lot Nos. 1, 2 and 3, Boys' and Misses' Prices 124c, 20c and 25c, Black as spade. New lines Misses' Wool Hos-in yesterday, price 15c. N. Strausshed 425-427 S. Spring St.

LOS ANGELES ACADEMY, A Millitary Boarding School,

Send for new Catalogue.

419 and 421 S. Broadway, Los Angeles, Cal. THIS WEEK ONLY. Nothing Succeeds Like Success. We succeed because our staff and equipment embody all the highest and best ele

THE PRESBYTERY.

ROUTINE BUSINESS FILLS THE ECOND DAY'S SESSION.

tery Settled-Clerks Re-elected.

TWO RESIGNATIONS ACCEPTED

AN UNBELIEVER IN INFANT BAP

College - Home Missions - Free Conversation on State of Religion in the Churches.

The presbytery devoted its attention yesterday morning to routine business, reports of committees and appointments of standing committees. The devotional exercises were led by Rev. R. B. Tay-lor, with prayer by Moderator Max

son. Fifty-nine ministers and twenty nine elders answered to the roll-call The following standing committees were announced by the moderator: Reporters, J. C. Fletcher and D. R. Colmery; Judicial, J. M. Newell, F. Johnmery, Judiciai, J. M. Newell, F. Johnson and F. R. Sykes; on Overtures, L. F. Laverty, Ruell Dodd and J. R. Mc-Kee; Auditors, Robert Gage and E. E. Galbreth. Rev. P. D. Young was reflected stated clerk and treasurer for

a three years' term. Rev. M. H. Mac-Leod was also reflected permanent clork for a three years' term. Rev. Duncan A. McRae, pastor-elect of the Third Presbyterian Church, was received into presbytery, and the call put into his hands.

The Committee on Division of Pres-

bytery reported that no further action should be taken toward the division, ther than the setting apart of Santa

other than the setting apart of Santa Barbara and Ventura into another fresbytery, to be known as the Santa Barbara Presbytery. Rev. H. A. Lewis presented a peti-tion for the organization of a new church on Jefferson street. The request was granted. The commissioners to the General Assembly reported and were commended for their fidelity. The re-rest of the trustees of presbytery, read commended for their fidelity. The report of the trustees of presbytery, read
by Rev. W. S. Young, showed the affairs to be in good condition. Mr.
Young also read the report of the Committee on Church Erection.
A communication was read, from Rev.

asking that his name be stricken from the roll. His request was granted. The Committee on Systematic Benevolence, through its chairman, Rev. William Donald, reported as follows: "The committee, in harmony with the directions of the General Assembly, recommends that presbytery undertake, with the help of God, to raise for the different boards the amounts apportioned to it by the Assembly's Committee on System at the Deservation of the General Research of the Congregation within its bounds, the amount that it considers to be the congregation's proper share, to be contributed to the different boards."

AFTERNOON SESSION.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

After luncheon the last committee's report was discussed at some length, and on a motion the congregation at Long Beach was commended to the churches of presbytery, for sympathy and support in their efforts to enlarge or renew their church building.

Rev. James H. Stewart asked for the dissolution of the pastoral relation between himself and the First Presbyterian Church at Redianis. His resignation was couched in the following words:

words:
"Mr. Moderator, fathers and brethren: When I took charge of the church
at Redlands, five years and a half ago,
there were upon its roll forty-six members, and the church was in a very
discouraged condition. Since that time
Ill have been added to the roll: 145 hy
letter from other churches and 65 by
confession of their faith in Christ. Of
the number added, 30 have been added
during the past six months, the greatest number added during any six
months of the church's history. Of the
63 sdded by confession, 23, or a little

sion boards and for other benevolent objects, it has contributed \$5224.82. "I am here today to express my grat-itude to God for the bountiful favors "I am here today to express my gratitude to God for the bountiful favors He has conferred upon me and upon my beloved people, and to ask you to release me from this work and responsibility. I do this not because of failing health, for I think I am as able for work today as I have ever been since I came to this sunset land; nor is it because I have ceased to love my people and my work, but it is simply because the conditions in my congregation are such that I am fully satisfied in my own mind that my work in that part of the Master's vineyard is done."

L. G. Breed and Leland Lyon, representing the elders and congregation of Mr. Stewart's church, expressed the deep regret of those bodies at the step taken by their much-loved pastor, but announced their acquiescence in his decision. Mr. Breed read the following resolutions drawn up by the congregation:

"That we unite with our pastor, at his request, and for the reasons given by him, in asking for a dissolution of this relation, which for more than five years has so pleasantly and profitably existed between us.

"That in doing so we desire to place

"That in doing so we desire to place upon record the testimony of our unqualified regard for him as a Christian gentleman, and his unfalling fidelity as a minister of Jesus Christ.

"As a man, we have ever found him kind, courteous and thoughtful of the welfare of others, 'given to hospitality, and a lover of good men.' As a Christian man, he has ever been deeply interested in all forms of social reform, and active in every measure which has looked toward the elevation of the downfallen and the betterment of society.

mously accepted, Rev. P. D. Young arose with an emphatic protest against we have ever found him to be sound in the faith 'which was once delivered to the saints.' loyal to the scriptures of both the Old and the New Testament as being in every true and real sense a revelation from God; fully inspired, and absolutely inerrent and firm in his belief, and earnest in his proclamation of Christ and His atonement as the only hope of a lost world, and as an all-sufficient remedy for sin. In his unqualified defunciation of sin; in his efforts to point the perishing to the Lamb of God 'which taketh away the sin of the world;' in his earnest appeal to those of us who have named the name of Christ to separate ourselves more fully from the world and live a life more entirely consecrated to God, He has made

while among us, full proof of His min-

while among us, full proof of his min-istry.

"As a pastor he has always been sympathetic, wise and faithful, and by his strong faith in the love and wisdom of God's overruling hand in human af-fairs, and his words of cheer, he has brightened the experience of many a sorrower and carried joy into many of our homes.

our homes.

"Reviewing the history of this relationship, we feel constrained to witness that his presence and ministrations in the gospel, from the first day until now, has been to us personally, and as a congregation, a very great blessing; and as he goes from us our most carnest prayers will go with him, that the spirit of God may continue to use him even in larger measure in the salvation of souls, and the edification of the church, so that when "the great and

even in larger measure in the salvation of souls, and the edification of the church, so that when 'the great and good Shepherd' shall appear, he with us shall rejoice in His coming.'

Rev. Dr. S. R. Dennen, Revs. P. D. Young, W. E. Dodge, H. B. Gage, Williel Thomson, R. B. Taylor, W. R. Henderson, N. H. G. Fife, J. K. Fowler and others spoke with the highest esteem and warmest appreciation of Mr. Stewart as a pastor and a gentleman, and the greatest regret at his decision to resign.

A committee, composed of Revs. Williel Thomson, A. H. Carrier and Elder J. E. Cox, was appointed by the mod-moderator to draw up a suitable resolution voicing the feelings of the Presbytery on the subject.

Rev. W. S. Young, pastor of the Boyle Heights church, then presented his resignation, and Messrs. Hanna and G. S. Fielding, representing the congregation, expressed the regret of that body, Mr. Young has been pastor of the church for twelve years, and now, though he desires to resign, there are pleasant prospects before him for work in this city.

pleasant prospects before him for work in this city.

The resignation was referred to a committee composed of Revs. N. H. G. Fife, J. K. Fowler and Elder Seward. The two committees withdrew, and Rev. P. D. Young read the treasurer's report, which was as follows: The balance on hand April 1, was 31 cents. Since that time \$1486.28 have been received on assessments and interests, making a total of \$1486.59. The expenses have amounted to \$712.97, leaving a balance on hand of \$773.62.

The matter of Occidental College was The matter of Occidental College was then brought up, the committee's report being read by Rev. A. A. Dinsmore. The report was, in substance, as follows: The board of trustees accepted the suggestion of presbytery that the college charter should be changed so as to give presbytery some control of the institution. In obedience to this desire, the following action was taken: First, to take steps legally to change the charter; second, to elect two elders and two ministers, nominated by this body, to fill the places in the board made vacant by recent resignations; third, by acceptby recent resignations; third, by accepting the resignation of President Condit and electing as president, Vice-Presidents J. W. Parkhill and Guy W. Wadsworth, into whose management the institution was given for this year, under certain conditions. On September 17 the college was opened in St. Vincent's Hall, with encouraging prospects for the year. The friends of the college at Highland Park have raised the money needed to purchase the new site, and by January 1, 1897, will be able to make a donation of seven and one-half acres to the college, provided presbytery will place on the lands college improvements costing \$10,000. Efforts have been made to some extent to obtain this sum of money, but on account of the stringency of the times, neither money nor pledges have been secured. The committee suggests that as soon after election as possible a general and simultaneous effort be made by the pastors of the churches, through public and personal appeal, and that an agent be put into the field to prosecute this work till the whole amount be raised.

Mr. Dinsmore then followed with an earnest appeal in favor of supporting the college, and urged the college of their own, to ald in the growth of the churches.

Mr. Parkhill made an eloquent speech, in which he said that the church failed.

their own, to aid in the growth of the churches.

Mr. Parkhill made an eloquent speech, in which he said that the church failed to do its duty if it failed to educate its young people. At secular colleges their attention was often diverted from their church. He pleaded for the spiritualizing of intellectuality, and proposed a plan as follows, whereby the work of the college might be furthered and strengthened: The appointment of the pastor, Sunday-school superintendent, and presidents of the Christian Endeavor and Ladies' Aid societies, of each church as a committee to aid in the work of the college. The resolution was unanimously adopted. Speeches were made by a number of those present, and much enthusiasm was manifested. Mr. Wadsworth urged the confested. Mr. Wadsworth urged the concentration of efforts to build up the financial side of the college, and said that those in charge of it were only too glad to do the work on the inside, and all possible to them on the outside. A committee composed of Revs. R. B. Taylor, L. F. Laverty and J. R. Mc-Kee was appointed to confer with the board of trustees in the selection of a financial agent for the college.

The committee appointed to take action upon Mr. Stewart's resignation reported as follows: "In consultation with the pastor and representatives of the church at Redlands, in committee or personally, your committee feel constrained to recommend that the request of the pastor to congregation for the dissolution of the pastoral relation be granted, to take effect at the end of

strained to recommend that the request of the pastor to congregation for the dissolution of the pastoral relation be granted, to take effect at the end of October. This we do while feeling persuaded that every word of the glowing eulogy of the congregation upon Brother Stewart and his work at Redlands, adopted by an unanimous vote, was sincerely uttered and most worthilly bestowed. In addition, your committee would recommend the following statement of their feelings toward pastor and people: This presbytery, in reluctantly dissolving the pastoral relation between Rev. J. H. Stewart and our church at Redlands, does gladly bear testimony to his high and rare qualities as a presbyter, a preacher and a pastor. His fidelity to the truth as it is in Jesus, his personal consecration to the Master and his manifest devotion to the work of building up our Redeemer's kingdom in the field from which he retires, have endeared him to us all, and constitute for him the best of commendations to any other field which may seek his services."

which he retires, have endeared him to us all, and constitute for him the best of commendations to any other field which may seek his services."

The report closed with a few earnest words addressed to the congregation at Redlands, recognizing its cooperation with its pastors, and exhorting it to maintain unity and peace.

After the report had been unanimously accepted, Rev. P. D. Young arose with an emphatic protest against the meddling interference often experienced from ministers residing in a congregation where they are without a charge. He said that, while he approved of the report as a whole, he did not approve of the matter behind it. He hinted very pointedly at the annoying meddler, the cause of the trouble, and declared his belief that the presbytery should pay more attention to this and other individuals of the same stripe, and if possible "put a stopper on them."

with, and which had brought him the richest experience, out of which faith, chest experience, out of which faith, eace and joy had come into his soul. le closed by saying that he would not o anything to grieve Christ in his nurch, or deepen the wounds already lade.

made.

At Mr. Stewart's request, those present joined in singing the hymn, "Blest be the tie that binds."

Dr. Fife, in the report of the committee on Mr. Young's resignation, said that the request was granted, and that the presbytery desired to put on record its warm regard for Mr. Young, as an earnest preacher, and its high appreciation of his long and faithful service. The resignation will take effect on or before January 1, 1897.

It was moved that Rev. Dr. Fife be appointed to preach the first Sunday in

It was moved that Rev. Dr. Fife be appointed to preach the first Sunday in November at Redlands, and declare the pulpit vacant, Rev. R. B. Taylor was appointed to moderate the session during the vacancy.

A vote of thanks was extended to the ladies for their hospitalities during the convention.

EVENING SESSION. The evening session was devoted largely to free conversation on the

state of religion in the churches of the presbytery.

The report of the committee appointed to make arrangements for the installation of the Rev. D. A. McRae into the pastorate of the Third Presby-terian Church of Los Angeles recom-mended that the installation take place

terian Church of Los Angeles recommended that the installation take place on Tuesday, November 10, at 7 p.m.; that Rev. D. R. Colmery preside and propound the constitutional questions; that Rev. W. J. Chichester preach the sermon, Rev. J. M. Newell address the congregation, and Rev. L. F. Laverty address the minister. The report was adopted.

The report of the Committee on Home Missions was read by Rev. Alexander Parker. Attention was called to the great hindrance of the existing debt of the board. From the General Assembly has gone forth the edict, all expenses must be cut down 10 per cent. The committee has tried to make the average reduction of the required amount, while not in all cases making the clear cut. The necessities of life are all that can be secured by many of the ministers. A very little extra effort on the part of the churches would make up the deficit in the salaries. The total receipts of the board up to September 1 have been \$35,000 less than last year. Attention was called to the action of the last assembly in apportioning among the synods

and presbyteries the amounts they are expected to contribute this year to the work of home missions. The apportionment to this presbytery is \$2322, a little over \$100 more than the amount contributed last year. The importance was urged upon the presbyteries and synods of holding during the year assemblies or congresses in the interests of the mission work of the church, enlisting the aid of the best available talent for extending information and arousing enthusiasm in the cause. A grand rally will be held in Immanuel Church on Friday evening, October 30, and Sunday evening, November 1, when Secretaries McMillan and Marshall are expected to be present. The report was accepted and the question of appropriations and mission work discussed at some length. The applications for appropriations were referred back to the Home Mission Committee with power to act. The report of the Committee on Systematic Beneficence was taken up and the recommendations voted on seriatim. The recommendations were adopted as a whole.

Mr. Gage made motion in behalf of Rev. B. O. Junkin that he be honorably retired and that the stated clerk be authorized to sign his application for permanent enrollment on the list of the board of ministerial relief. The request was granted.

The Committee on the Constitution of

ity in Cook county will be nearly 100,000.

The figures from the wards in which
the labor vote is largest are particularly interesting. In the Fifth, out of
210 votes cast 139 are for McKinley; in
the Sixth, one of the banner Democratic wards, McKinley gets 127 out of
216; in the Seventh, 107 out of 153; in the
Eighth, 86 out of 145; in the Ninth, 163
out of 255; in the Tenth, 252 out of 331.
Those who study the returns on the
morning of November 4 will do well to
pay special attention to the vote in
wards which are largely populated by
wage-workers. We hear a great deal
of talk of so-called labor-leaders said to
be for Bryan. But it must be remembered that even the best and most honest of them are not representative of ber of Bryan. But it must be remembered that even the best and most honest of them are not representative of the sentiments of the great mass of working people in political matters. They are always more radical than their fellows. Their emotional, showy qualities send them to the fore quite as often as their strength of purpose or wisdom. When they speak in a campaign they speak for themselves alone and not for the thousands of quiet, hard-working artisans and laborers who regard the union merely as an agency for the protection of a wage scale and who never go near headquarters save to pay their dues or renew their working cards.

scale and who never go near headquarters save to pay their dues or renew their working cards.

We had evidence of this fact in 1893. Judge Gary was opposed by nearly every labor leader in Chicago. Strong unions passed resolutions against him and he was generally denounced as an "enemy of labor." Behold the result. He ran nearly 10,000 votes ahead of his ticket in the county and led in every ward except two. He carried the Twentieth, Twenty-third, Twenty-seventh, Twenty-sejkth, Thirtieth, Thirty-third and Thirty-fourth, all wards in which wage-workers predominate heavily. He showed astonishing strength in the Fifth, Sixth, Seventh and Twenty-ninth wards. His majority over Judge Showalter, a fine lawyer and a popular man, was more than 13,000.

The result was an accurate test of the extent to which labor leaders lead. It showed conclusively that union men get their politics at home, not at the headquarters of the union. Unless we are much mistaken the November election will emphasize this conclusion; even after Gov. Altgeld, with his 100 halls and his 1000 platitudes, attempts to stampede them.

Keep your eye on the labor vote.

GREAT BARRINGTON (Mass.,)
Oct. 13.—At 3 o'clock, the fire which
started last night was practically
under control. Kennedy's hotel and
livery stable, the Hollenbeck block and
the Miller House were destroyed. The
loss will be about \$200,000, with an insurance of about \$150,000.

DE OMNIBUS REBUS ET QUIBUS-DAM ALIIS.

Maranret Collier Graham Gives Clever Address on the Gold Standard—An Able Review.

EDUCATION IN THE AFTERNOON

ited to two minutes. The main trend of the reports was a yearning for the po-litical enfranchisement of women and a recognition of the achievements of the intellectual, cultured women of Southern California. Some of the officers were absent or tardy, and their reports were read by members of the county or-

order. Mrs. Osgood read the report of the Executive Committee. Among other items for the advancement of the cause, the committee recommended the abolishing of the practice of entertain-

cause, the committee recommended the abolishing of the practice of entertaining delegates, as an increase of household cares for resident members during the sessions of the parliament is most undesirable for calm deliberation over the affairs of government.

The first paper was entitled "Woman's Place in the Government," and was read by Mrs. Evangeline Bulla. After a brief retrospect, Mrs. Bulla considered the mighty present and future of the American nation, resting as it does securely upon the foundation made by the character of the common people. This future has been imperiled by the carelessness of the wealthy and cultivated, who have ceased to feel the personal responsibility of citizenship. Everybody else in ordering public affairs, but the direction of the government seems to be nobody's business, except those paid to attend to it. Men have grown too fastidious to mingle in practical politics, which the speaker characterized as that power which directs the destiny of the whole nation toward good or evil. Washington, Jefferson and Abraham Lincoln were pointed out as instances of men who devoted their lives to the furtherance of "practical politics," the fair reader being apparently oblivious to the ordinary meaning attached to the term, and to the pained surprise which meaning attached to the term, and to the pained surprise which might have filled the patriotic hearts of

manent enrollment on the list of the board of ministerial relief. The request was granted.

The Committee on the Constitution of the Young People's Presbyterial Union reported its approval of the model constitution and that the Young People's Committee appointed the previous day constitute the Executive Committee until the next convention.

The presbytery adjourned at 10:45 p.m. The next regular meeting will be held in the spring at Riverside.

Keep Your Eye on Labor's Vote.

(Chicago Times-Herald.) The first installment of the returns in the Record's "postal-card election," while not in any sense conclusive, is strongly indicative of the political trend in this city. It would be rash to assert that the ratio of nearly four sound-money men to one silver man will be maintained in the real election next month, but the extraordinary preponderance of the supporters of McKinley in this voluntary show of hands gives ground for the belief recentily expressed by the Republican managers that McKinley's majority in Cook county will be nearly 100,000

spoke far more effectively than any argument.

Mrs. Osgood spoke for a few minutes, and then Mrs. Pierce of Pasadena rose to defend the foreigners and their loyalty to the American nation. She herself is a foreigner, as she stated, and the circumstance of having been born beyond the ocean, while much to be regretted, was entirely beyond ber control. yond her control.

Mrs. Margaret Collier Graham then

yond her control.

Mrs. Margaret Collier Graham then read a sound and clever paper on "The Gold Standard." She began by describing society as a sick and fretful child, anxious for any kind of a change. The gold standard, under the present pressure of hard times, is held responsible for all the ills that the nation is heir to. In addition to these, Mrs. Graham suggested a few evils from which members of the parliament had suffered, which had not hitherto received, the attention of the wigwam orators. Among these were la grippe, big sleeves, an unusually dry season and mountain fires—all of which might, with equal reason, have been added to the other misfortunes laid at the door of the gold standard.

With many a quaint touch of humor Mrs. Graham proceeded to illustrate the points she made in depicting the efforts of the people to be "legislated rich." As a result of these efforts this country has a larger and more varied assortment of money than ever before

world, as she has a more intelligent and substantial laboring class. Stabil-ity of value is the prime factor in esthe stabilishing a medium of exchange. There are those who deny the stability of gold as a standard of value; but, although all values fluctuate more or less, the present depression is due to other causes.

Mrs. Graham then gave an able are sument in favor of the established are sument in favor of the established are

iess, the present depression is due to other causes.

Mrs. Graham then gave an able argument in favor of the established system of finance, supporting her statements by facts and figures, and showing the causes of existing conditions in a practical way that showed a thorough comprehension of her subject. She pierced the silver fallacy with many a shrewd hit, and increased the force of her argument with pertinent little illustrations like so many outline sketches.

ADDRESSES UPON VARIOUS METHODS OF TEACHING.

Many Discussions upon the Duty of Parents and Instructors — The Evening Devoted to Other Problems.

The Woman's Parliament opened yesterday at the First Congregational Church on Sixth and Hill streets, with a full attendance of delegates and spectators. The morning was devoted to politics, and the afternoon to education, the evening being reserved for other problems of national importance.

The parliament was called to order at 9:30 a.m., by the president, Mrs. Kate Tupper Galpin. Mrs. Carrie L. Osgood, the general secretary, read the minutes of the last parliament. The roll of the district officers was then called, and their reports required, each being limited to two minutes. The main trend of the reports was a yearning for the poor were never yet benefits. The poor were never yet benefits but the proor were never yet benefits to the poor were never yet benefits. The poor were never yet benefits to the poor were never yet benefits to the poor were never yet benefits to the poor were never yet benefits.

onism between rich and poor is falla-cious. The poor were never yet bene-fited by the failure of a rich man, and the prospect of commercial instability and consequent financial depression in the event of the establishment of false values is but gloomy for the great la-

values is but gloomy for the great laboring class.

Mrs. Graham takes an optimistic view of the condition of the country, which is but suffering from the abnormal financial legislation made necessary by the war, and she closed by expressing her belief in the American people and their power to work out their own salvation, regardless of the prejudices of rich or poor.

Mrs. Lottie D. Willard presented the other side of the question. She declared her intention of handling it in a "professional" manner, rather than in

"professional" manner, rather than in the usual orthodox method of presentthe usual orthodox method of presenting the stock arguments. By way of doing this Mrs. Willard went back to ancient Greece and its water supply, and gave a flowery and romantic story of the usual style of free-silver fairy tales which take the place of solid argument. Out of consideration to the presumably limited intellects of her hearers, the lady then carefully explained the meaning of her little allegory and its exact application to the present situation, and prophetically declared that she saw a crisis approaching which made her tremble.

Apparently unaware that a course in a primary school of political economy would do much to relieve these Cassandra-like agonies of apprehension, Mrs. Willard inquired if it was quite certain that everybody in the house could bear and then proceeded

sion, Mrs. Willard inquired if it was quite certain that everybody in the house could hear, and then proceeded to paint the dire condition of the country under Republican misrule. More illustrations followed, provoking applause from both sides of the house, as the fair speaker's parables and extracts were of the patent reversible order, and rather more pointed from the gold standpoint than from the position of the advocates of free silver.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

With prajseworthy promptness, the

AFTERNOON SESSION.

With praiseworthy promptness, the parliament was called to order at 2 p.m. sharp, and the reading of the first paper was begun at once. This was by Miss Eisa Hasse of Santa Monica, and was entitled: "Froebel's Message to Mothers." It was an admirable setting forth of the principles of education inculcated by that master and of the idiosyncracles of child character. The speaker dwelt at length upon the power of impressions, particularly early impressions, as mode upon the sensitive and undeveloped mind of the child. Simplicity in all things is the keynote to a healthy and normal childhood, and common-sense should be the guiding to a healthy and normal childhood, and common-sense should be the guiding rule of their training. Elaborate clothing, unwholesome food and undue excitement are the fruitful cause of most of the childish faults for which the poor little ones are punished as though the blame lay with them.

It was a wise message to all mothers, this of Froebel's, for it tended to make motherhood a science founded on love and perfect comprehension of

active ways.

The duties of motherhood were then enlarged upon, as "formation, not reformation," as the true foundation of future good citizenship. It is better at all times to fight for good than to rail at the ill. Women are banded together for political equality because it tends to increase their sense of responsibility to the nation. With much good sense and earnestness, Mrs. Bulla denounced the abuse of the franchise by placing it in the hands of debased paupers ad criminals who have drifted to the shopes of the United States, to be given a voice in its national affairs. The address was closed with a fervent appeal to women to step to the front in this hour of the nation's peril, and assume the responsibility which belongs to them.

Discussion of this paper followed, in which the questions dealt with were the responsibility which belongs to them.

Discussion of this paper followed, in which the questions dealt with were the responsibility which belongs to them.

Discussion of this paper followed, in which the questions dealt with were the responsibility which belongs to them.

Discussion of this paper followed, in which the questions dealt with were forman to San Bernardino touched upon the gave a short, practical talk upon kindergarten methods, and the wonderful results attained by this method of forming the character of the little ones. She gave thoughtless mothers a sensible and tolerably severe going-over for the way in which childish thoughts and aspirations are often crushed and sylvanic and the rabble vote, which spoke far more effectively than any argument.

Mrs. Osgood spoke for a few min-

the way in which childish thoughts and aspirations are often crushed and strangled to suit the convenience of older people.

A break in the steady flow of addresses was here made by the introduction of a cornet solo by Miss Mattille Loeb, and then Miss Margaret Mogeau, superintendent of schools in San Bernardino county, read a paper entitled, "How May Mothers Help the Schools?" The address emphasized the fact that mothers and teachers are enraged in a common cause, in the preparation for which no cultivation is too great. In these days the world has gone wild over education, but society demands of a paid teacher what every mother ought to have, a scientific knowledge of children. The child should be educated, not only for the family, but also for the community and the nation, and this education should be the result of an intelligent coöse-ration between parents and teachers.

There is abundant room for parental influence to be exerted along with the training given by the teacher. Either branch of education is incomplete without the other. The mother, perforce, must take thought for the physical well-being of her children, and must act in sympathy with the methods of the teacher, upholding her judgment and alding her work in every way.

With each succeeding generation the opportunities for education improve. The influence of woman is now felt as never before, and the development of that character which is proof-armor in the battle of life is one of the necessities of the age.

Discussion on this paper was opened by Mrs. Electa Sherwood Campbell of Hong Beach. As Mrs. Campbell had had brief notice and was entirely unprepared for public speaking she has crystallized her remarks into a written address which she proceeded to read. She indorsed the views of Miss Mogeau,

and especially dwelt upon the absolute necessity of proper home influence as a factor in education. Truth and jus-tice should be inculcated above all things and perfect confidence in the good intentions of the child manifested by both pagents and seemed.

good intentions of the child manifested by both parents and teachers.

Mrs. Evangeline Bulla drove these ideas still further home in a few minutes of discussion allowed her, and then a burst of applause greeted Dr. Rachel Reed, who was called to the platform by Mrs. Galpin. The reason of the applause was explained as soon as Dr. Reed opened her mouth, for her words, though all too few, were brimming with keen common-sense and abundant humor.

mor.

Mrs. Le Boeuf followed, and then Dr. Hoose, superintendent of education in the University of Southern California, represented the side of the mothers. Especially did he speak up for the glorious human boy, protesting vigorously against any youngster being continually scrubbed, inside and out, when a little healthy dirt would do him good. Prof Hoose liked a lively, vigorous, combative boy, with backbone enough to fight for his rights and make his way in the world. His few remarks were like a fresh breeze and were received with hearty applause by those who were used to just that kind of boy. The discussion was prolonged for some time and many questions were asked by people in the audience and answered by Miss Mogeau, until Mrs. Galpin was forced to state that the parliament was not a school club. The president then took matters into her own hands with an energetic defense of the teachers in the public schools and a declaration that the faults of the system was by no means the doing of this much-criticlised class. Parents should take interest enough in the matter to put their shoulders to the wheel mor.
Mrs. Le Boeuf followed, and then Dr.

system was by no means the doing of this much-criticised class. Parents should take interest enough in the matter to put their shoulders to the wheel and see that the wrongs complained of were righted instead of censuring the teachers as though the system were their property.

Mrs. Caroline M. Severance emphasized Mrs. Galpin's argument as being especially pertinent at this time, when the city elections are approaching. She urged that the women cast in their influence with the Better City Government League to obtain the election of a competent school board, that being the foundation of the whole question.

Miss Harrison closed the discussion with a few more practical remarks

with a few more practical remarks upon the subject under consideration upon the subject under constant and the meeting was adjourned.

IN THE EVENING.

and the meeting was adjourned.

IN THE EVENING.

Promptly at 8 o'clock the parliament was called to order by the president, and the muffled hum of conversation throughout the crowded house ceased abruptly as she read a letter to the Woman's Parliament from the University of Southern California, expressing cordial sympathy with the movement, and inviting the members of the organization to visit the university either singly or in a body. Mrs. Galpin also announced the receipt of a letter from Mrs. Laura G. Riddell of San Diego, excusing herself from attendance at the parliament on account of another engagement. Mrs. Mila Tupper Maynard was appointed to take her place on the programme this afternoon.

Mrs. Florence Lonsbury Pierce of Pomona read the first paper of the evening, entitled "The Peace Problem." It was an earnest argument in the favor of arbitration, supported by statistics showing the expense and destructigeness of war. Nothing destroys prosperity and demoralizes national character like civil warfare. Prisons and penitentiaries for years after show the traces of the blighting influence of a struggle like this. The solution of the problem lies in arbitration, as not only the most humane and civilized way of settling disputes, but the most econom-

the most humane and civilized way of settling disputes, but the most econom-

Mrs. Pierce reviewed the progress of the efforts made to effect international arbitration, and the causes which de-lay the reign of peace. Of the last, one of the most potent is a false pa-triotism, a kind of national egotism which serves almost more than any-thing else to perpetuate war. The in-troduction of military discipline into the public schools was also censured, as creating and cherishing the warlike the public schools was also censured, as creating and cherishing the warlike impulse in the hearts of the boys. In conclusion, Mrs. Pierce again urged the claims of arbitration upon her hearers, asserting that, as a long step toward this desirable result, women should be given legal representation. The age of the beast is going out; the reign of the mind and soul is coming in, and the old law of "an eye for an eye, and a tooth for a tooth" is giving way to the universal empire of charity and love.

loftlest and grandest sentiment

stituency." She declared that the loftiest and grandest sentiment of modern times is the enfranchisement of American women, because it is the establishment of the individuality of motherhood. A number of antiquated customs, such as the separation of men and women in church, and of girls and boys in school, were told-the-of of with motherhood. A number of antiquated customs, such as the separation of men and women in church, and of girls and boys in school, were told-the-of of with motherhood. A number of antiquated customs, such as the separation of men and women in church, and of girls and boys in school, were told-the-of of the motheraten prejudices.

An eliquent plea followed for the right of women to a voice in public affairs and all the privileges of citizenship. The speaker referred to the public schools as the pride and glory of all American institutions; the very foundation of the national progress and the country, but the remedy for this gigantic evil is found in the public schools. Here also is to be found the cure for intemperance, bribery and correction, for the rising generation is educated to see the evils that threaten it the body politic, and to avoid them when its day comes to rule. So it is with every problem that vexes the nation today. The public schools, there also is to be found the cure for intemperance, bribery and correction. The witness glanced about the room for a moment, and as his eyes fell upon the cure for intemperance, bribery and correction. The witness glanced about the room for a moment, and as his eyes fell upon the public schools, and the vast majority of them are women. Under the present conditions, they have little or no knowledge of the problems that vex the country. Their learning lies in the past, but place the ballot in their hands and all the problems that vex the country. Their learning lies in the past, but place the ballot in their hands and all the problems that vex the country. Their learning lies in the past, but place the ballot in their hands and all the probl

HE SAYS HE SAW WONG CHEE'S ASSASSINS.

The Wounded Man Fell and the Tall

A SUPERIOR JUDGE IS SUED.

TULARE COUNTY.

Mrs. Porta is Successful in Retaining the Custody of Her Child-Stoer-mer is in Contempt of Court. Flotsam and Jetsam.

At the Courthouse yesterday the murder trial of Chew Wing Gow was begun. Hammond Bell says he saw Wong Wee Chee fall and recognized the force and custody of two children. Her husband drank heavily and was cruel nusband drank heavily and was cruel, Stoermer must pay \$150 alimony or go to jail. James A. Burns has brought an action against the Judge of the Su-perior Court of Tulare for \$10,000 dam-ages. Board of Supervisors has awarded ontract for work in Rubio Cañon protection district.

LAT THE COURT HOUSE.

CHEW WING GOW'S TRIAL

HAMMOND BELL IDENTIFIES THE MURDERER OF WONG CHEE

Angelo Porta Fails to Get Possession of His Child—A Judge Sued for Damages for False Arrest—Flotsam and Jetsam.

A jury was impaneled yesterday morning in the Chinese murder trial. All but two jurors had been chosen the previous day, and but little time was

cheew Wing Gow and Gong On Chong are charged with the murder of Wong Chee on July 27, 1896.

By agreement of counsel, the defendants were severed for trial and Chew Wing Gow was first placed upon trial. The prosecution is being conducted

The prosecution is being conducted by Deputy District Attorney McComas

by Deputy District Attorney McComas and Attorney Appel. Messrs, Davis & Rush and Attorney Ling are guarding the interests of the defendant. Valentine J. Rowan was the first witness called by the prosecution. This witness was followed by Dr. E. A. Bryant, Officer Lennon, Henry Randolph and Hammond Bell.

Bryant, Omeer Lennon, Henry Randolph and Hammond Bell.

Bell claims to have been an eye-witness of the tragedy. He testified that he was coming up Alameda street when his attention was directed to four Chinamen standing in a triangular form, one of the men occupying a position near the center of the group. Suddenly one of the men swayed and fell and almost at the same moment he heard the report of a pistol shot. The other three men, ranging in height from below medium to medium and tall, immediately ran from the fallen man; the tail man halted for a moment and placed a pistol under his frock and then ran north toward Marchessault street; the small man ran across the street in a straight line, while the one of medium height ran diagonally across the street.

near during

fairs, and the vast majority of them are women. Under the present condictions, they have little or no knowledge of the problems that vex the country. Their learning lies in the past, but place the ballot in their hands and all will be different. The disfranchisement of the public school teacher works a double wrong.

The other two great uplifting elements of modern civilization are religion and altruism. The speaker outlined the splendid work done under the influence of the latter movement, and asserted that next to it in saving power stands the kindergarten work. All act together in building up the fabric of civilization.

The speaker concluded with a general review of the work done by women in making humanity better and nobler. She predicted the time as being near at hand when men and women shall work hand in hand and side by side for the uplifting of society, and this time will be when half the force for good shall not be disfranchised.

Mrs. Catt will speak again this evening in Illinois Hall, but not in connection with the Woman's Parliament, of which she was the guest lost evening.

"Big Jim" looked with perfect unconcanded or change of counternance or manner.

After some minute explanations, the witness was turned over to the defense for cross-examination.

About the first question. About the first question. Attorney Davis asked was the residence of the witness was turned over to the defense for cross-examination.

England, but he was "very cosmonomic In England, but he was "very cosmonomic Engla

tion with the Woman's Parliament, of which she was the guest last evening. The parliament will adjourn this afternoon, the final business session taking place at 3:30, after a morning and early afternoon session devoted to addresses.

Tynan Released.

NEW YORK. Oct. 13.—Mrs. P. J. P. Tynan received a cablegram from her husband this afternoon, which said: "I am released; hope to greet you in New York."

He accounted for his presence in Chinatown upon the night of the was at that time looking into the mysteries of the Mongolian vocabulary under instruction from Liu Nume, a Baptist missionary of South Spring street. Bell and he had also taken one lesson from Wah Hen. These lessons were imbibed from No. 3:20 Marchessault street. Upon the evening in question he had left home at about 8 o'clock for the purpose of imbibing the lore of the land

of Confucius. It was not dark, and forms and faces could be easily seen and identified.

The witness asked if he had ever told any one he was learning the Chinese language. He replied that he was not quite sure, and then recalled that he had-told Mr. Phillips, manager of the Boston Dry Goods Store, and that this gentleman had ridiculed his heroic undertaking. He said he had also told Dr. Davidson.

Davisson.

answer to further interrogatories, witness said he was standing in tof Tuck Ching's when he heard that

testimony of Officer Lennon was ing upon his face; that he raised up his head from a pool of blood and recognized Wong Chee; that when the wounded man recognized him he put his hand under his waistcoat and drew out a card and handed it to him; upon this car was the name of a Chinese physician; that Officer Collins soon came to his assistance, and the Police Station was notified, and the patrol wagon came and bore the wounded man to the Receiving Hospital.

It will be remembered that Wong Chee lived two or three days after receiving his fatal wound, and declared that the defendants in this criminal proceeding were responsible for his dying condition.

The trial will be resumed this morn-

The trial will be resumed this morning, and will probably continue throughout the week.

The occupants of the carriage are still missing, and may not be reached in time to testify in the cause. A Mr. and Mrs. Haizlip are said to have been two of the three persons who occupied the vehicle at the time of the murder.

"NO CATCHA DA KID." Angelo Porta's Divorced Wife Will

Keep the Baby Boy.

Angelo Porta was unsuccessful in effort before Judge Shaw to have

his effort before Judge Shaw to have the order modified requiring him to pay 310 per month toward the support of his 7-months'-old male child.

Porta brought a suit for divorce against his wife, Martha Porta, sev-eral months ago. Mrs. Porta filed an answer and cross-complaint, and was awarded a decree of divorce upon her cross-complaint; the court also awarded her the custody of the child and required Angelo Porta to contribute 310 per month toward its maintenance.

and required Angelo Porta to contribute
110 per month toward its maintenance.
In yestercay's preceedings Porta declared that he was unable to support
his mother and contribute 110 per
month toward the support of his child
outside of his own home; that his
mother would gladly care for the
child, etc.
And this is not all that Porta said.
He charged that his ex-wife was addicted to the use of liquors and was
often in a drunken state and neglected
the child.

the child.

The hearing of the case took up the greater part of the day in Judge Shaw's department.

The members of the Italian colony was that they had often seen Mrs.

Upon the other hand, Dr. Reed, a reputable physician of this city, stated that he attended Mrs. Porta during her confinement, and that he saw no evidences of drunkenness, and that the mother and child were not given proper attention and nourishment.

Mrs. Barbara Foshay, a professional

Mrs. Barbara Foshay, a professional nurse, said she had known Mrs. Porta for nearly four years and that she had never known her to use liquor in any form. She also stated that Mrs. Porta had lived in her house for months and that at one time she (Mrs. Foshay) left her own children in Mrs. Porta's care for five weeks, and when she returned the children were all well and had received as good care as she could have given them herself.

Judge Shaw refused to modify the order and remarked that the evidence of credible-witnesses had shown the mother to be a proper person to have the child. The court told Porta that if he was not able to support his mother and contribute \$10 per month toward the support of his child, then it became his duty to abandon his mother and help take care of the child, as it was of tender years, while his mother was an adult and probably able to take care of herself.

STOERMER IN CONTEMPT.

Must Pay \$150 Alimony or Else b

William E. Stoermer, a locomotive engineer in the employ of the Southern Pacific Company, was surprised by a peremptory order made in Judge Mc-Kinley's court yesterday. In August, 1822 Margaret H. Stoermer was granted. divorce and awarded the custody of the three children. The court made a further order requiring Stoermer to pay his ex-wife \$30 per month toward the support of the children.

the support of the children.

Times have been pretty hard with Stoermer, and the supporting of two families has cut into his salary. "The two families" is explained by the engineer having since married. He says he has been industrious and economical and in addition to supporting his present family and paying \$30 per month toward the support of his children, he has kept his life insured for their benefit, thus entailing an additional burden.

The court made an order imprisoning

The court made an order imprisoning the defendant until the arrearages of allmony are paid, amounting to \$150, aggregating slowly but surely during the past three years.

One of the children is a boy, aged 11. The father says this boy has been put out to service by his mother and is earning \$10 per month. Stoermer will make an effort to secure his custody as soon as he gets the present tangle unraveled, and will place the lad in school.

The mother has also had a hard time. At most she could receive but \$30 per month from her ex-husband and with this pittance and her own labor she has been compelled to support herself and three children, with the alimony falling in arrears until the sum of \$150 is due, amounting to a small fortune to a poor woman and little children. It was said yesterday that Stoermer's friends would come to his assistance so that he would not be compelled to undergo imprisonment.

BURNS WANTS DAMAGES.

Action Against the Judge of Tulare County for \$10,000.

James A. Burns has filed an action gainst Wheaton A. Gray, Judge of the superior Court of Tulare county, Cal., to recover damages in the sum of

The plaintiff alleges that on Septem The plaintiff alleges that on September 15, 1896, the defendant caused to issued out of the Superior Court of ulare county a warrant for the arrest plaintiff as a defaulting witness; at said warrant was issued and used to be issued without any autority of law, and that the plaintiff as not in default as a witness, and hat he had never been served with at he had never been served with any process requiring him to appear add court, and said warrant was ithout authority of law and wholly legal and void.

Burns says he was arrested in Los

legal and void.

Burns says he was arrested in Los ngeles and taken to Visalia and impresented for a period of seven days; sat at the end of such time he was scharged and by said Judge, without one required to pay any fine, or unserso any penalty whatever; that the arrant was dismissed and he was missed upon the ground that the

same was without authority of law; that during said imprisonment the plaintiff was treated with numerous indignities and threatened by the defendant with severe punishment.

Burns says he was compelled to pay 320 expenses, and that he lost ten days labor of the value of \$80. He charges further that he had a business appointment for one of the days when he was imprisoned, for which he was to secure the sum of \$200.

The plaintiff claims that the injury to his reputation, great mental and bodily pain and suffering and humilation endured, should be compensated by a payment of \$10,000, as above demanded.

THE WILCOX BUILDING.

J. D. Hooker Company Brings Sui

Another lien suit has been filed against the Wilcox Block, at the south-east corner of Spring and Second streets. The action is brought by the

and handed it to him; upon was the name of a Chinese that Officer Collins soon is assistance, and the Police as notified, and the pairol as and bore the wounded manelying Hospital. be remembered that. Wong d two or three days after his fatal wound, and declared defendants in this criminal were responsible for his dition.

I will be resumed this mornal will be resumed this mornal will probably continue the week.

Suppants of the carriage are well as the mornal will probably continue the week.

BALDWIN WAS CRUEL.

Wife Awarded Decree and Custody

of Children.

Martha E. Baldwin was granted a divorce from Fred W. Baldwin in Judge Shaw's court yesterday, upon the ground of cruelty. The plaintiff was also granted the custody of the two children, Gertrude, aged 6, and Earl, aged 3. The defendant was alleged to be a drupkard and hard aged to the second state of the second aged 3. The defendant was alleged to be a drunkard and had assaulted his wife with a club. His commitment from the lower court, upon a charge of beating his wife, was introduced in evidence. The defendant was arrested near midnight at the time referred to for the brutal assault. This was the evidence of the wife while in the witness box yesterday.

ness box yesterday.
The court ordered the decree entered as prayed for.

FLOTSAM AND JETSAM. Miscellaneous Driftwood Thrown

into the Courts. WANT DIVORCES. James P. Weekes want Divorces. James I. Weeks has filed an action against Mary E. Weekes for divorce. J. H. McKinney has also brought suit for a legal separation. His complaint is directed to Lillie F. McKinney.

NEW CITIZEN. John Burns, a sub-ect of Great Britain, was admitted o citizenship in Judge York's court

PLEADS GUILTY. A night session was held in Judge Smith's court last night for the purpose of disposing of the Johnny Mathews case. The defendant was charged with larceny. He pleaded guilty to petty larceny and was sentenced to sixty days' imprisonment in the County Jall.

SANCHEZ CASE. In the action of M. E. Sanchez for divorce, the order to show cause came on for further hearing in Judge York's court yesterday and it was ordered that the said order be and the same is hereby discharged.

FORECLOSURE SUIT. Andrew Joughin has filed an action against Margaret Doyle to recover \$500, interest, costs and attorney's fees in the sum of \$75, and for foreclosure of mortgage upon part of lots 24 and 25, Domingo block, city of Los Angeles.

AN INSOLVENT. Tilman Hobson has filed a petition in insolvency. Lia-bilities, \$2148.55; assets, \$520.85. The petitioner has a homestead in Pasadena valued at \$1500, upon which there is a mortgage for \$900. Hobson has been conducting a second-hand furniture store.

LIEN SUIT. The J. D. Hooker Company has filed an action against W. H. Perry, J. B. Myer & Co. and others to recover \$116.10, costs and \$125 attorney's fees upon part of lot J, block 14, Ord's survey, city of Los

THE RUBIO DISTRICT.

Dovey is the Lowest Bidder-Sunny slope Vineyard Objects. slope Vineyard Objects.

The Board of Supervisors opened the bids for constructing the stone ditch. overflow, bridges, etc., in the Rubio Canon Protection district yesterday.

ranged from \$12.157 down \$6413.50 for the work complete.

The contract was awarded to James
H. Dovey of Pasadena at the latter

But the trouble in the district has not ended. Albert M. Stephens and Percy Wilson appeared before the board in the interest of the remonstrators. They claim that the diversion of the waters of Rubio Cañon into Eaton Cañon will result in destruction

Canon will result in destruction to property.

The L. J. Rose Company owns the Sunnyslope Vineyard tract, and allege that heavy damages will result to it, as well as other property-owners. In awarding the contract, the successful bidder was informed that the board would incorporate in the contract the county's exemption from all damages and costs should suits result and delays occur.

delays occur.

The attorneys for the protectors may bring mandamus proceedings at once. The county has requested such action in the interest of the contractor. Should the contractor proceed with his work without hindrance for a time and then be enjoined from proceeding with his contract, the county will agree to pay him for the work done up to that stage of proceedings.

Dovey has expressed a willingness to enter into a contract upon these terms.

DOVEY'S BID.

The stone ditch, 87 cents per lineal foot; excavating basin, 9 cents per cuble yard; excavating canal, 8 cents per cu-ble yard; excavating canal, 8 cents per cubic yard; for overflow from basin, stone work, \$1.40 per lineal foot; con-structing bridges, \$17.50 each; building bulkhead, \$55; total, \$6413.50.

T. H. Reynolds, \$12,157; Edward S. Beyrle, \$11,200; C. Leonardt, \$11,168.25; A. B. Hogan, \$7038.42; E. H. Smith, \$6622.90; E. J. Hart, \$6472.75; James H. Dovey, \$6413.50.

THEN SHE WAS HAPPY.

Mary bought a little wheel,
It wobbled so at random,
She gave it up and coaxed a man
To haul her on a tandem.
—(Philadelphia Bulletin.

AN ACCIDENT.

The Kneippist maiden sadly limps, Her face betrays a hidden woe; This morning, as she trod the grass, She ran a thorn into her toe. —(Cleveland Leader.

STRAIGHT GOODS.

Oid Kentucky is a lulu,
Etic's our daisy and our pride;
She never takes her whisky
With a cold bath on the side.
She never takes her whisky so,
She never takes her bait;
It's the same way with the politic
She always takes them straight.
—(Louisville

COCOANUT MONEY.

JOHN LOCKE ON NATIONAL FI-NANCE TWO CENTURIES AGO.

ney Necessary to All Sorts of Mer for Pledges"—The Stamp and the Intrinsic Value.

In the great treatise on the value of money by John Locke, (see "Works of John Locke," London, 1823, vol. 5,) one of the most acute and logical reasoners that any nation or any age has given to the world, he defines money to be necessary to all sorts of men in trade "both for counters and for pledges." This is his quaint and old-fashioned way of saying that it is both a measure or standard of value and a medium of exchange. Money, he tells us correctly the contract of the saying that it is both a measure or standard of value and a medium of exchange. Money, he tells us correctly the correctly the correctly are contracted to the saying that it is not say in the sa of exchange. Money, he tells us, car-ries with it as "counters" what he calls "even reckoning," and as "pledges" it carries "security that he that re-ceives it shall have the same value for it again of other things he wants, whenever he pleases. The one of these it does by its stamp and denomination; other by its intrinsic value the other by its intrinsic value, which is its quantity." The standard money of Locke's day was silver. A given quantity of silver, whether stamped or unstamped, has a certain intrinsic value, and this intrinsic value

money of Locke's day was silver. A given quantity of silver, whether stamped or unstamped, has a certain intrinsic value, and this intrinsic value constitutes the "security that he that receives it shall have the same value for it again." The only purpose of the stamp and denomination is to make a given quantity of silver serve as a given quantity of its weight and fineness," and so little importance does he attach to the denomination, that he observes that "here in England there might as well have been twelve shillings in a penny, as twelve pence in a shilling.

Basing his argument, as he does, upon the fundamental truth that there is and can be no difference in value between buillon coined and uncoined, and upon the supplemental truth that there value of builion is measured by its weight, he explains to his readers that "the necessity of proportion of money to trade depends on money, not as counters, for the reckoning may be kept or transferred by writing; but on money as a pledge, which writing cannot supply the place of, because a law cannot give to bilis that intrinsic value which the universal consent of mankind has annexed to silver and gold." This is the very essence of the fatal objection to our modern American "greenback" heresy. The greenbacker regards money merely as "counters," and very truly argues that there is no need that money, from this point of view, shall have intrinsic value. But he overlooks the fact that money is also "a pledge," and that a pledge or security must have intrinsic value. But he overlooks the fact that money is also intrinsic value, it is ill has no intrinsic value it will be accepted in trade only on trust, as a memorandum of indebtedness to be discharged

men; and that is, that the lowering of interest" (against which he was writing) "will raise the value of all other things in proportion. For money being the counter-balance to all other things purchasable by it, and lying, as it were, in the opposite scale of commerce, it looks like a natural consequence that as much as you take off from the value of money, so much you add to the price of other things that are exchanged for it. ... The mistake of this price of other things that are exchanged for it. . . . The mistake of this plausible way of reasoning will be easily discovered when we consider that the measure of the value of money in proportion to anything purchasable by R is the quantity of the ready money we have in comparison with the quantity of that thing and its vent;" (by "vent" he means demand in its relation to supply,) "or, which amounts to the same thing, the price of any commodity rises or falls by the proportion of the number of buyers

says about it is susceptible to direct application to existing conditions in the United States and to the financial controversy which will decide the Presidential election next month.

Locke was not a bimetallist, nor a believer in the so-cailed "double standard," as appears from his remark that "silver, and silver was fix less plentiful than now.) "Two metals, as gold and silver, cannot be the measure of commerce both together in any country; because the measure of commerce both together in any country; because the measure of commerce both together in any country; because the measure of commerce must be perpetually the same, invariable, and keeping the same proportion in all its paris. But so only one metal does, or can do, to itself; so silver is to silver, and gold is to gold. Anounce of silver, and an ounce of gold to an ounce of gold, and two onuces of the one or the other, of double the value to an ounce of the same. But gold and silver change their value one to another; and one may as well make a measure—a yard—whose parts lengthen and shrink, as a measure of trade of materials that have not always a settled, invariable value to one another." He, therefor, desired that silver might alone be recognized as the legal standard of valuation, and gold be treated as a commodity. But he cautioned his readers that "the value of silver, considered as money and the measure of commerce, is nothing but its quantity."

"Nobody," he thinks, "can be so senseless as to imagine that nineteen grains or ounces of silver shall at the same time exchange for, or buy, as much corn, oil or wine as twenty, which is to raise it to the value of twenty." The just effect he tells us, of "raising" silver by one-twentieth—not one-half, as is proposed in the Chicago platform—will be to "rob all creditors of one-twentieth of their quitrents forever." The second will be that "men will presently raise their commodities 5 per cent. so that if yesterday 20 crowns would exchange for twenty bushels of wheat, or twenty yards of a certain sort o

that "men will presently raise their commodities 5 per cent., so that if yesterday 20 crowns would exchange for twenty bushels of wheat, or twenty yards of a certain sort of cloth, if you will today coin current crowns one-twentieth lighter, and make them the standard, you will find 20 crowns will exchange for but nineteen bushels of wheat, or nineteen yards of that cloth, which will be just as much silver for a bushel as yesterday." Silver will be "of no more real value by your giving the same denomination to a less quantity of it." It is impossible to state this principle more clearly than Locke states it, in the words: "So much as you lessen your coin, so much more you must pay in tale, as will make the quantity of silver the merchant expects for his commodity; under what denomination soever he receives it," and again, "if you make your money less in weight, it must be made up in tale," that is, in the number of pleces paid out. The "raising" of money "is in effect nothing but giving a denimination of more pence to the same quantity of silver. Whether you call the piece coined 12 pence, or 15 pence, or 60 pence, or 75 pence, a crown or a scptre, it will buy no more silk, sait or bread than it would before. It is silver by its quantity and not denomination, that is the price of things."

lighted. There will be about four nundred lights scattered over the city,
reaching for miles down the beautiful
avenues, and making a delightful evening scene to greet the eastern visitors,
as well as residents of the city. This
will make Riverside one of the bestlighted cities in the State, and being
by its own system, it will have the
service at actual cost. scptre, it will buy no more silk, salt or bread than it would before. It is silver by its quantity and not denomination, that is the price of things."

Locke meets the familiar objection to this self-evident truth, that clipped coin is accepted, in many transactions, at its face valuation, by observing that "clipped and unclipped money will always buy an equal quantity of anything else, as long as they will without scruple change one for another." It is "all one to the seller, whether he receives his money in clipped money or not, so it be but current." But "if the quantity of your clipped coin be once grown so great, that the foreign merchant cannot (if he has a mindto it) easily get weight money for it, he will, in selling his goods, either contract to be paid in weight-money, or else raise the price of his commodity according to the diminshed quantity of silver in your current coin." The application of this remark to "a silver dollar not worth its face in gold is obvious. The government can float a limited, but not an unlimited, number of such dollars.

Locke, moreover distinctly perceives RIVERSIDE BREVITIES.
Wilbert Cobler of this city and Miss
Susie B. Stoddard were married at the
bride's home in San Jacinto on Sunday, Rev. F. Hoskyns officiating.
Lyman Evans is once more able to
attend court, after weeks of confinement to his room by illness.
Thomas V. Cator, Populist candidate
for Senator, will sneak in this city on

Thomas V. Cator, Populist candidate for Senator, will speak in this city on the evening of October 16.

George B. Elisworth of Perris today telephoned to the Sherift's office that he had captured Dunham, the murderer. Capt. Johnson went over and saw Ellsworth, who had an innocent Swede in charge whom he accused of being Dunham. Elisworth seemed demented and was brought back and a charge of insanity lodged against him. Clara Bates, a colored girl, was today committed to Whittier.

J. T. Hanna of Orange, was today licensed to wed Alice Z. Lee of Val Verde.

Priestly Hall has sold the southeast

lars.

Locke, moreover distinctly perceives and emphasizes the difference between past and future contracts. "In con-tracts already made, if your species" tracts already made, if your species" (coin or specie) "be by law coined a fifth part larger, under the same denomination, the creditor must take a hundred such light shillings, or twenty such light crown pieces for 5 1, if the law calls so, but he loses one-fifth in the intrinsic value of the debt. But, in bargains to be made and things to be purchased, money has, and always will have, its value from the quantity of silver in it, and not from the stamp and denomination."

Finally, upon the great question of money we nave in comparison with the quantity of that thing and its vent;" (by 'vent' he means emand to the same thing, the price of any commodity rises or fails by the proportion of the number of buyers, and sellers." In other words, the ratio tip between money and property, but the ratio between the number of producers and that of consumers of any commodity rises or fails by the proportion of the number of producers and that of consumers of any conducers and that of consumers of any content of their debts, and all land-ords one-twentieth or 5 per ducers and that of consumers of any content of their debts, and all land-ords one-twentieth or 5 per ducers and that of consumers of any content of their debts, and all land-ords one-twentieth or 5 per ducers and that of consumers of any content of their debts, and all land-ords one-twentieth or 5 per ducers and that of consumers of any content of their debts, and all land-ords of their debts, and al the morality of raising the nominal value of coin, this honest and inde-pendent thinker remarks: "It will rob all creditors of one-twentieth (or 5 per

primary. In the neighborhood of 1000 applications for membership were received, breaking the record of any previous day.

There will be another great rush today by candidates to get on the league ticket. Nearly all of the nominees of the Republican. Democratic and Populist conventions who have not already filed their applications, have petitions in circulation, and will file them today, if they get the necessary signatures before the clock strikes 5.

The Central Committee will meet this evening to arrange for the printing and distribution of the ballots and to transact such other business as may demand attention at this time.

The ballots will contain the names of all candidates that have been presented in the regular order. They will also contain the names of members of the league proposed as delegates to represent the various precincts in the convention which is to meet October 29. Each precinct is entitled to three delegates. Persons desiring to be delegates must file their applications not later than 5 p.m., today.

Recruiting of the ward clubs will go on till Saturday. Several of the clubs now have nearly a thousand members, including applications pending. All applications are closely scrutinized by a Membership Committee, so as to guard against stuffing.

The names of candidates who have filed petitions for the league nominations will not be announced officially until the list is complete. It can be stated authoritatively, however, that nearly all the regular nominees of the partisan conventions, besides one of two independent candidates for some of the offices, will be on the primary ticket, so the voters will have plenty of material to select from in expressing their choice for league standard-bearers.

two centuries ago. At that time corporations, syndicates and trusts were unknown. There is no reference in his writings to paper money. Silver was the standard of valuation. He cannot therefore be accused of being in the pay of corporations, or upon the side of monopoly in opposition to the people, or of being actuated by prejudice for or against bank notes, or treasury notes, or of being a blind worshiper of the yellow metal. At that time the modern system of machinery as a substitute for hand labor had not begun to develop, so that the labor question of today did not effect his views. Neither was there then the great expansion of commercial credits, which he inventive talent of the nineteenth century and the demads of busiess under the altered conditions of life have created. It must therefore appear, to every unprejudiced reader of his works, that a man today, in th United States, may hold the philosophic and economic opinions which were maintained and defended with such perspicuity and force by this apostle of sound currency, without being justily open to the charge of prejudice of any sort, political or economical. Locke said of himself: "I shall never knowingly be on any but truth's and my country's side: the former I shall always gladly embrace and honor, whoever shows it to me, and in these papers, I am sure I have no other aim but to do what little I can for the service of my country." It is in the same spirit of loyalty to truth and devotion to the honor of the American name, as well as to the prosperity of the American nation, including all its members, whether employers or employed, rich or poor, debtors or creditors, purchasers or consumers, buyers or sellers—Republicans, Democrats, Populists, Prohibitionists—that this brief abstract of his views and the arguments by which they are supported is given to the public.

FREDERICK HOWARD WINES. (San Francisco Chronicle:)

New Burning.

RIVERSIDE, Oct. 13.—(Regular Correspondence.) Co. M had an enjoyable meeting Monday evening, when the members competed in drilling for the Rice medal. The boys were divided into eight sounds and the eight men who

Rice medal. The boys were divided into eight squads and the eight men who stood the best test were then put in one squad, the prize being captured by Francis Horton. A silver medal was won by Will Pann. The medals recently won by Capt. Eason, Sergt. Reed and Private Policene for good marksmanship were also presented.

CITY FULLY LIGHTED.

Tonight for the first time under the Tonight for the first time under its own system the city will be fully lighted. There will be about four hun-

if any were benefited, would benefit the British more than ourselves. (Chicago Times-Herald:) Mr. Bryan's attempts to be versatile from the rearplatform are very amusing and very dismal." In the revised and authorized published version of his Collseum speech he has placed in quotation marks, belated but compulsory, the one remembered thing of that discourse, and the thing in it that nominated him, the reference to the crown of thorns and cross of gold.

(San José Mercury:) We all know what havoc free trade has wrought with the business of the country, and we all know that Mr. Bryan has been, is now, and will continue to be a free-trader. Compared with that momentous fact, his views upon other questions are comparatively of no importance. His free-trade record alone should cause him to be buried out of sight at the polls, by the ballots of Americans who believe in America.

(Tacoma Ledger:) A Nebraska took-raler nuts it this way.

Priestly Hall has sold the southeast uarter of section 31, township 3 south. quarter of section 31, township 3 south, range 4 west, to L. N. Brooks, for \$4000.

Ora Oak and wife have sold to Henry S. Oak a portion of lot 172, Rancho San Jacinto. for \$2441.20.

The Trustees bare.

S. Ozk a portion of lot 172, Rancho San Jacinto, for \$2441.20.

The Trustees have referred the matter of inprovements to crosswalks in the city to a committee of the whole.

The bid of A. Fleck and Ormand for a storm-water sewer on Tenth street has been accepted.

Next Monday the City Trustees and the trustees of the Methodist Foiscopel.

RIVERSIDE COUNTY.

Co. M Drills for Prizes-All the Lights

RIVERSIDE BREVITIES.

question now asked the anxious aspir-ant for office at the municipal election in December. The petition referred to is the one that is required of candidates in order to entitle them to have their names printed on the postal primary ballot of the League for Better City Government.

ballot of the League for Better City Government.

A goodly number of those seeking preferment through the league have already compiled with the requirements. Those who have not will get left unless they file their applications with the league secretary before 5 o'clock this afternoon, for this is the last day, according to the league calendar, that the lists will be kept open.

There was a tremendous rush to get in yesterday, both by candidates and voters who desire to become members of the league in time to vote at the primary. In the neighborhood of 1000 applications for membership were received, breaking the record of any previous day.

LE. DELEN AND DIS CAMPRICE

best.
(Indianapolis Journal:) Even Mr.
Brayn has not entered into a detailed explanation of the process by which coining the silver of a few mine-owners will start the factories all over the

will start the factories all over the country.

(St. Louis Globe-Democrat:) Bryan's speeches increase in bitterness as the campaign progresses, because the fact becomes plainer to him that he is destined to be the worst-defeated man who ever ran for President on the ticket of either of the two great parties.

(San Francisco Bulletin:) The Florida returns do not carry a great amount of consolation to the Bryanites, and the result of the Connecticut town elections carries less. On the whole, Bryanism would seem to consist mostly in noise—and noise casts no votes.

(St. Paul Globe, Dem.:) Leaving out

whole, Bryanism would seem to consist mostly in noise—and noise casts no votes.

(St. Paul Globe, Dem.:) Leaving out of the question the possibility of Mr. Bryan's election, it is a sorry and humiliating spectacle to have a man who can talk as he does even running for the Presidency, and making us ridiculous in the eyes of all sensible men at home and abroad.

(Stockton Independent:) Free trade is responsible for the business disturbance of the last three years, and though it may be sliver-plated by its champions, the base metal will be there all the same. It may cover the free-trade ulcer, but will not heal it and is not intended to do so.

(Louisville Courier-Journal:) Bryan, in the most puerile series of speeches ever made by a Presidential candidate, is telling the people that they must study the question of the currency, and yet he is telling the workingmen that they must not learn anything about it from Bryan.

(San Francisco Chronicie:) Mr. Bryan is now reduced to the demagogue's old plea that if the people and the Democratic party do not wanthim he will cheerfully retire from the ticket. Of course, every one knows that this is pure buncombe, for there is no time to choose another leader: but it gives the caliber of much of Bryan's oratory.

(Louisville Commercial:) As our own mines produce only 50,000,000 ounces of silver, while the rest of the world produces annually 125,000,000 ounces, of which the British people own 100,000,000, the proposition of Mr. Bryan to raise the price from 65 cents to \$1.29 per ounce, is one certainly that, if any were benefited, would benefit the British more than ourselves.

(Chicago Times-Herald!) Mr. Bryan's attempts to be versatile from the rear lattempts to be versatile from the rear lattempts.

sight at the polls, by the ballots of Americans who believe in America.

(Tacoma Ledger:) A Nebrarka stock-raiser puts it this way: "Could I take a calf, label it "This is twins," and sell it to a butcher for twice its value? Not much! The butcher is no damphool. Neither is the farmer. No silver mine-owner is going to make me take 50 cents' worth of silver for twins. The farmers are all right, and the rural districts may be relied on to largely increase Republican pluralities in the present emergency."

(Montgomery Daily Advertiser:) The effort is bound to hurt Mr. Bryan's candidacy. It demonstrates what has been clear enough all the time—that there is very little Democracy clinging to him, and that he is really the candidate of the western silver miners, posing as the Moses of the masses. It also proves more unmistakably than ever before that he is not a profound statesman, but a shallow agitator, who calculates on fooling the people with demagogic appeals to their prejudices and passions.

(Philadelphia Press.) The charge olertors

has been accepted.

Next Monday the City Trustees and the trustees of the Methodist Episcopal Church will confer in regard to the need of the much-discussed sewer through the church grounds.

An effort to create a new free dog district resulted in a tie vote of the Trustees today.

The Hall's addition railway matter is again in an unsettled condition, and unless work of placing it on the street grade is begun within four days, the city will begin the removal of the rails.

ALL GETTING INTO LINE.

Numerous Camdidates for Better City Government Favors.

Have you filed your petition? is the question now asked the anxious aspirant for office at the municipal election

AULT AND FREE SILVER.

WHEAT AND FREE SILVER.

(New York Commercial Advertiser:)
The sharp advance in the price of wheat during the last thirty days has smitten the Popocrats with the effect of a dynamite bomb. It constitutes a practical object lesson which completely shatters the contention that the low price of wheat was the result directly and solely of the demonetization of sliver over two decades ago. To add to the consternation and dismay of the Popocrats the price of sliver has meantime dropped.

(Omaha Bee:) The fact that wheat

(Omaha Bee:) The fact that wheat has been advancing while silver has declined furnishes an instructive object lesson for those who have persistently contended that there is a close relation between the prices of silver and wheat. The fallacy of this notion has been frequently pointed out, but present facts may be more convincing than those of the past. These are that silver has fallen in price during the last few weeks, and in the same period wheat has gone up, the separation amounting to about 18 cents.

(New York Recorder:) The very stars

has gone up, the separation amounting to about 18 cents.

(New York Recorder:) The very stars in their course are fighting against Bryan and free silver. Mother Nature herself has joined the gold-standard conspiracy and become an accessory after the fact to "the crime of 1873." Just when the Bryan orators are declaiming their loudest on their favorite topic—the fall of wheat as an alleged consequence of the fall in silver—along comes a shortage in the wheat crops of Russia, India and Argentina and up goes the price of American wheat. It has already advanced 13 cents a bushel within thirty days and is likely to go higher yet.

(Iowa State Register:) There can be very little doubt that wheat is going to reach \$1 per bushel in the American markets before another wheat crop can be grown. The world is short of bread-stuffs and the only thing that prevents higher prices for grain than have obtained for a quarter of a century is the lack of employment necessary to enable American wage-earners to earn sufficient money to purchase full rations. There is no danger of familie, but the free-trade and free-silver hard times in the United States are the only things that can prevent grain values from reaching higher prices than have

times in the United States are the only things that can prevent grain values from reaching higher prices than have obtained for twenty-five years. (Baltimore Herald:) It is a fact easily verified that the speculative element has had no hand in the present advance and did not appear to realize its extent until now. Thus while speculators re-

est wheat-producing countries in the world, two of which, by reason of cheap labor, can put the cereal on the market at a small price, while the third enjoys extraordinary advantages in fertility of the soil. That the advance was altogether disconnected with the money question is evidenced by a steady decline in silver while cereals were going up.

(New York World:) The free-silver orators tell the farmers that the price of silver regulates the price of wheat and cotton. Yet during the last thirty days wheat and cotton have very greatly increased in price, while silver has steadily declined. Wheat declined for a long time because of competition from Argentina, Russia and India and because of heavy crops in this country. It was purely a question of supply and demand. Now that the supply is less in proportion to the demand wheat has gone up nearly 13 cents a bushel within the last thirty days, and it will continue to go up and down under the law of supply and demand, uninfluenced either way by the price of silver—a commodity in no way related to it. The falsity of this plea to farmers for free-silver support is exposed. This bubble has been pricked.

LOOKS LIKE COFFEE

But Made of Nature's Pure Grains-A

"Postum" can be used by the children as well as the adults, and the chicks become very fond of their "coffee." Being composed of grains alone, it is absolutely pure and healthful, a natural food drink, and is made by the Postum Cereal Co., Lim., of Battle Creek,

There is but one genuine original Postum Cereal coffee, with a multitude of imitations offered as "just as good." A. Meinecke, Jr., manufacturers' agent, No. 105 South Broadway, Los Angeles, Cal. Tele-phone No. 290. For sale by all grocers.



FLETCHER N. BURT.

Prominent Man and Capitalist, With Offices at 515% S. Main St. Tells of His Cure From Rheumatism and Impotency by Dr. Sanden's Electric Belt.

Dr. A. T. Sanden—
Dear Sir: Out of pure gratitude I give you my testimonial so as to let others know what your wonderful belt has done for me. I made application to your San Francisco office some months ago, but was skeptical and did not purchase until after I had seen your belt at your office in this city. I was in bad shape at that time. I had lost the use of my limbs by repeated and severe attacks of rheumatism. I was so bad that I could not get around with aid. I lost my sexual power and had been impotent for years. I doctored with many of the leading physicians on the Coast, but could not regain my health. I then went to New York City, and again was under treatment, but without beneficial results. I came back to the West again feeling that I must end my days in misery and pain. Such was my condition at the time I purchased your belt last June. The first time I applied it I felt relieved, and now, after its use for a little over three months, I am as strong as any man of my age—55 years. strong as any man of my age—65 years.

Marvelous as it may seem, your belt has done the work, and done it well. I am now free from rheumatism, having gained the use of my limbs. My sexual power has also re-turned and I feel like a new man.

of my limbs. My sexual power has also returned and I feel like a new man.

I am well known in Los Angeles, and, in
fact, all over the Coast, having numerous
ranches in Montana, and am willing at any
time to verify the above.

FLETCHER N. BURT,
515½ S. Main street, city.

When you see the testimony of a man like Mr. Burt, who, not only has regained the use of his limbs, but has had his manhood restored, you can no longer doubt as to a cure from Dr. Sanden's Electric Belt.

Sanden's Electric Belt.

You know that electricity is a cure for nervous and chronic diseases, and scientists tell us that a mild continuous current of electricity applied for a long time is superior to a strong current applied for a short time.

Such a current of electricity will be found in Dr. Sanden's Belt. The book

found in Dr. Sanden's Belt. The book, "Three Classes of Men," should be read by every man that is weak. It s free upon application. If convenient call and test this won-

DR. A. T. SANDEN,







MADISON (Wis.,) Oct 6.—Sir Edwin Arnold, when last in the country, remarked at a dinner given him in New York by Andrew Carnegie, "The most charming spot I have found in America is the little capital of Wisconsin. I am not referring alone to the picturesque site and exquisite scenery of Madison, but to its society, at once refined and scholarly; in fact, I found nothing better in the East." Sir Edwin's remarks aroused perhaps more surprise than sympathy, for few of the quests present were familiar with the unusual advantages of Madison. While Madison has not grown as rapidly as some western cities during the past fifteen years, it has greatly improved teen years, it has greatly improved from the residential point of view, and has a more finished appearance. Cer-tainly the State has done its share. The State University has greatly enlarged, the picturesque grounds improved, and many important features added. The new State Historical Library, on the lower campus, will be an imposing structure, and still more to the point the library itself is now one of the best in the country. The scenery along the undulating shores of the lovely lakes, and the city itself, viewed from sur-

It is needless to say that this bright, progressive nation reported in favor of the standard of civilized countries. They found that \$8,000,000,000 of the world's trade was done on the gold basis, and \$1,000,000,000 on the silver. Therefore, said this commission of Japan, we recommend the gold standard, for without it Japan cannot keep step with the great nations of the world.

Professional people and college people and clerks and those who earn their living with their brains (and work hard) do not count, says Mr. Bryan. How did those who did more or less manual labor come out under free silver in Japan? The mechanic managed, during a period of great prosperity, to increase his wages about one-third. While the cost of living went up two-thirds, the mechanic's wages went up one-third.

William Upham if the change during the last six weeks had been as great as supposed, and he assured me there was not the slightest doubt about the political outcome in Wisconsin this fall. He expects that the Republican ticket will have the largest majority ever given to it in the State.

"Our people," said Gov. Upham, "are safe on the money question. There is some silver sentiment, but it is represented chiefly by the Populists. The better element in the Democratic party in the State has repudiated the Chicago platform, and will either vote for McKinley or for the honest money

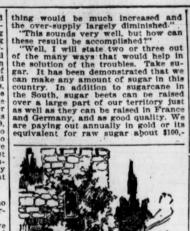
I had a long discussion with him, and found him well equipped on the question and strongly in favor of retaining the present standard. A neighboring farmer, whose place faced on the borders of the dainty Lake Monona, joined us. He was a tall. weather-beaten man, shrewd, honest, and kindly of countenance, and one whose life had been checkered by various experiences, as his chance allusions to the time when, as a young fellow, he drove Franklin Pierce and Daniel Webster through the White Mountains, and his reminiscences of the gold fever of '19, when he went West with the crowd to make his fortune, showed. Curious to find so intelligent a man could conceive so strongly rooted a prejudice against our present financial system. I questioned him, to find out that he firmly believed of the Republican leaders that "Wall street had got 'em."

"How is it," said I to the farmer who was satisfied with our present currency, "that you are a gold man."

"Well," said he in reply. "I have farmed it for about fifty years, and perhaps experience has had more to do with my decision than anything else. Yes, I am what you would cail a gold man; at least, I am utterly opposed to the free coinage of silver in the ratio to 16 to 1, regardless of the action of other nations. But I believe in having all the silver currency that can profitably be used on condition that it is kept at a parity with gold."

"But don't you think that the free coinage of silver would make money plentier and times better?" suggested my silver friend, who trembled as he thought of Wall street.

"I am unable to see any connection between these hard times and the free coinage of silver, although the way its advocates talk sometimes inclines me to believe that they think of free silver in a literal sense, and really believe that under free coinage the needy



000,000. Now, suppose we should manage to produce that sugar at home. This would save our sending abroad \$100,000,000 in gold, and at the same time it would give employment to many thousands of men, and utilize hundreds of thousands of acres of land now used for raising surplus wheat, oats and corn. So here you save paying out money abroad and you get currency in circulation at home in raising, marketing and manufacturing the beets, and you make a market for a large amount of produce and manufactured articles to the men you set at work, and you also reduce the amount of land in cultivation for surplus crops.

of produce and manufactured articles to the men you set at work, and you also reduce the amount of land in cultivation for surplus crops.

"Second; take sheep. Suppose it could be made profitable to raise enough sheep to supply our own people with all the mutton and wool they need. This would give us greater relief than making our own sugar would do. It would cause the raising of from 10,000,000 to 20,000,000 of additional sheep. To raise and care for these sheep and dispose of the wool and mutton would take thousands of men and put in circulation millions of money, and to graze these sheep would take thousands of sheep and take thousands of men and put in circulation millions of money, and to graze these sheep would take away from surplus crops millions of acres. And, third, take woolen goods. Suppose, that instead of importing our woolen goods, all of the woolen factories shuld be started and many thousands of idle men given employment. This, too, would increase our wealth and put millions of dollars in circulation, and also make a great demand for the products of the soil both for men and mills. I will mention no other causes now and I will only say that history and the present experience of silver countries teach us that a depreciated currency is a cause, and not a cure, for hard times."

"Admitting your conclusion to be correct, what methods would you suggest to accomplish such desired results?"

"Admitting your conclusion to be correct, what methods would you suggest to accomplish such desired results?"

"Haems to me that the first thing to strive for is the restoration of confidence, and getting rid of the prevailing spirit of fear and distrust. Credit is of almost as much value in a civilized community as money, and there can be but little credit without faith."

Having heard the farmers of Wisconsin arguing the issues of the day in this way, I made up my mind that flow. Upham was right, and that the "free-silver craze" has few attractions for that State. Surely Wisconsin is as safe for sound money as N

or Pennsylvania.

Keep your eye on Wisconsin November 3, and see if this diagnosis is not correct.

ROBERT P. PORTER.

SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY

CANDIDATE FOR CONGRESS BAN

a Road to the Virginia Dale District—An Indian Carves His Wife Badly.

SAN BERNARDINO, Oct. 13 -- (Reg-"For the very reason times are hard, a trip to the Virginia Dale mining district, have submitted a report of their trip in which they suggest the appropriation of \$300 to shorten the road to that district by fifty-three miles. They further recommend the erection of sign boards at the crossing of all principa roads on the desert. The Supervisors have made the appropriations recommended.

AN AIR CASTLE. Dr. C. H. Castle spoke at the Pavil-ion Monday night, beginning his ad-dress in the presence of about fifteen hundred people and closing with one-half that number. It took him two hours to thus reduce the size of his audience. His speech was filled with denunciations of everything but lazi-ness. He was followed by W. P. Strad-

ley of San Francisco, who did some-thing to relieve the monotony of the meeting, though the antidote came rather late and was brief. CARVED HIS WIFE. Esteban Cuaja, an Indian living in Etiwanda, last night looked upon wine when it contained daggers, and return-

SAN BERNARDINO BREVITIES.

arm, the injury being received by ing while practicing gymnastics.

CASTORIA



Prices Paralyzed by Politics.

HOW DO THESE FIGURES Shoes STRIKE YOU?

Lamb's Wool Insoles for Men, Women and Ladies' Dongola Kid Button Shoes, with narrow square and pointed toes, patent tip, and worth \$2.00; Red Flag Sale price......\$1.17 Men's Lace or Congress Shoes, stylish and serviceable, and kinds generally sold for \$2,50 or such; Red Flag Sale price\$1.43 Same as above, sizes 81/4 to 11, for Misses', same as above, sizes 1114 to 2 \$1.23

than

Auction

Prices.

MAMMOTH SHOE HOUSE.

315-317 South Spring Street,

Bet. Third and Fourth Streets.

177 N. Spring St.

Dashing Hosiery and Underwear.

1000 dozen of Ladies' and Children's Underwear and Hosiery today at an immense sacrifice.

oc Ladies' Full-finished Hose, 10c

at	
25c-Ladies' Full-finished Ribbed Hose, extra heavy; selling at	121c
30c Ladies' Full-finished' Hermsdorff Dye, drop stitched, spliced heel and toe; selling at.	16 ^{1c}
40c Ladies' Silk Plaited Hose, extra long, best dye, spliced heel and toe; selling at	_21°
soc Ladies' Lisle Thread, full	

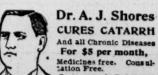
regular made, spliced heel and toe; selling 50c Ladies' Extra Fine Maco Yarn, finest dye; selling

Winter Underwear.

35c Ladies' heavy Fleece Jersey Ribbed Vest and Pants, ecru only; selling 81 Ladies' Wool Ribbed Pants and Vest, natural and white; selling at. \$1.50 Ladies' Finished, All-wool Vest and Pants, natural only: selling

OF PARIS

Seligman Co.,



CURES CATARRH And all Chronic Diseases For \$5 per month, Cor. ist & Brdw'y.

Eclipse_ Millinery Co. Koch Medical Institute.
Invite the Ladies to call and inspect their new fall stock.

257 SOUTH SPRING ST.,

CITY OF PARIS Auction.

Unclaimed Merchandise. At the Central Warehouse,

251 San Pedro Street,

City of Los Angeles, State of California

The following described property upor which storage charges have not been pair for more than one year; notice is hereby given that the same will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, a the said Central Warehouse, at 10 o'clock a.m., on

Tuesday, October 27, 1896,

tuesday, October 27, 1896,
to pay the storage and the charges due on
said property, as follows, to-wit: 4 cases
Ladies' Cloaks, stored by G. W. Strine:
3 boxes Household Goods, one Pall and
Contents, one Guitar Case belonging to
Contents, one Guitar Case belonging to
E. H. Adamster Trunk belonging to
E. H. Adamster Care to the conging to A. L. Blanks done Trunk
Goods belonging to George Harrison: 2
Goods belonging to George Harrison: 2
Doxes Merchandise belonging to C. S. Hamlin: one Cabinet and Apparatus belonging
to Nixon Depurator Co.: one Soda Tank
stored by E. J. Van Buren; one Trunk belonging to Dr. F. P. Hor; one box Merchan
dise belonging to W. F. Davis.

W. H. MAURICE. Manager.

AUCTION

Furniture, etc., sold at private sale at Auction Prices. De Garmo's Furniture Exchange,

521 South Broadway. **Auction Sales**

past at residences or places of business.
I pay cash for furniture or give you a
guarantee of price which shall be realguarantee or price which shall be realized by auction. Do not dispose of your household goods before getting my figures, as I can save you money. My office in future will be at 228 W. Fourth St., with Wilde & Strong, under Chamber of Commerce.

C. M. STEVENS, Auctioneer.

Auction Bast Day. TURKISH RUGS.

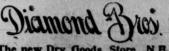


BENO. RHOADES, Auctioneer.



grinding lenses to the state of the control of the

IT PAYS TO DEAL AT





rounding hills, is most attractive and beautiful. It is not surprising that Sir Edwin's heart was won by it and by the distinguished scientists and scholars, to say nothing of the beautiful and accomplished women who have added to its luster.

Not a manufacturing town, Madison is fairly prosperous, though the agricultural-implement factories and carriage shops are somewhat crippled by the bad times. Nevertheless, it may be well for the professors and men of fixed incomes in this and similar cities to bear in mind that free silver rill work a deep injury to them. This has been the case in Japan, where the cost of living has gone up since 1873 about \$2 per cent., or, say two-thirds, and all



GOVERNOR UPHAM.

candidate of their own party. I do not believe that any eastern State has a stronger sound-money sentiment in it than has Wisconsin." Populists please note what Gov. Upham says on this point. The large foreign population, which in other sections of the country has proved a disturbing element is ballast to our ship of state Wisconsin. In fact, it may be said that the strong sound-money sentiment in Wisconsin has its foundation in the German element. This element made a vigorous and successful fight against the greenback heresy in the seventies, and is just as united today against the free-silver sentiment.

"Throughout the northern part of the State so strong is this anti-free silver sentiment that the money question is really eliminated from the campaign.



would be able to get it without labor

would be able to get it without labor or any other equivalent. But I cannot see why silver coins of equal value should not be just as difficult to obtain as at present."

"Bryan says that we need more money," urged my silver friend, "and you can't deny that these hard times are caused by lack of money."

"Not in the sense that Mr. Bryan puts it," said my bold farmer. "Of course, if everybody could at all times have all the money they wanted, there would be no hard times. But I doubt very much whether there is any lack of currency for use. There certainly is much more currency in the country per head than there was under free coinage, and the probability is that we need less now than then."

"What reason have you for saying

"What reason have you for saying that we need less currency now than formerly, or in better times?" asked the advocate of silver.

"For the very reason times are hard. Everything is cheap, including labor, produce, and manufactured articles, and it takes less money to buy them, and, besides, there is much less of each commodity used. Two millions of men are idle, selling no labor, nor buying or selling much else, for want of means. If these two millions of men could be given work at, say \$1 per day, that would require two million dollars of currency each day, or \$12,000,000 per week, or \$50,000,000 per month, so that it seems to me that the better the times the more currency we need."

Without attempting to deny this proposition, the free-sliver advocate then proceeded to bombard this Wisconsin farmer with the wonderful progress of the nation during the three-quarters of a century when gold and silver were both free, so far as coinage was concerned. Then the gold-standard farmer got in some lively work, which, as near as I could remember, for I took no notes, was as follows:

"They had hard times then, my

Take the lumber industry, in which I am especially interested, the thousands of men employed in it, in spite of the prominence which has been given to the money question, consider the tariff question as the paramount one in this campaign; and what is true among men employed in the lumber business is equally true of those employed in the lumber business is equally true of those employed in the lumber business is equally true of those employed in the lorn industry. It may wisconsin the tariff is the question, and upon this issue chiefly the Republicans will win the victory this year.

"I believe that every employer of labor in Wisconsin, Democrat and Republican alike, has become convinced that a change in national policy from what we have had for four years is an absolute necessity, if we are to be able to continue business at all; and this feeling of employers is generally shared by the people they employ or have employed. In the iron industry thousands of men are without employment, and while there are not so many idne in the lumber industry, yet many lumbers men are keeping their men at work as a fally loss listed no pull has a change in one that the many in the lumber industry, the many lumbers men are keeping their men at work as a fally loss listed no pull has a change in one of the soil brought much less than now, and the continually and we've it not for the residence of the soil brought much less than now an unprecedented majority in favor of a national policy which will restore confidence, maintain our national honor, and revive the industries portion the state the tariff is steadily forging to the front.

This statement is corroborated by previous letters, especially those from "Milwaukee and more recently from Eau Claire. In the industried parts of the State, we've the industried parts of the State, we've the industried parts of the State the tariff is steadily forging to the front.

The Wisconsin will this fall total by the filt in the producer of the maintain our national honor, and convention of the

when it contained daggers, and returning home found his wife nursing their babe. Taking offense at some words from her, he drew a heavy knife and carved her head from the scalp lock down through her cheek. He was arrested and brought to this city. He was employed in Gecmein's winery, and it is said he had procured the wine from that establishment.

SAN BERNARDINO BREVITIES.
The ladies of town are taking a great deal of interest in the speech to be delivered Monday evening by Miss Susan B. Anthony, at the operahouse, and at their request all meetings, political and otherwise, set for that night have been canceled.

The San Bernardino High School football team hereby challenges any and all Southern California High School teams to play a match game of football at any date later than October 17. Address, Edward Wall, manager.

Marriage licenses have been issued to Albert Brauniun and Amelia Tibbits of Los Angeles, and Andrew Rubioz and Mary Bernal of Ontario.

Howard Wooley is nursing a broken arm, the injury being received by falling while practicing gymnastics.

For Infants and Children,

Chart Hitchers :

BUSINESS.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

OFFICE OF THE TIMES, Los Angeles, Oct. 13, 1896. TURNING SILVER INTO GOLD. of the latest startling features in section with the silver and gold ontroversy is the claim made by a New York man, Dr. Stephen H. Em-mens, that he has succeeded in invent-ing a process by which he is able to transform silver into gold. No chemcals are used, but simply an immense ce, produced by a machine, also in-ited by Dr. Emmens, by means of ich he claims that he can attain

which he claims that he can attain and utilize the enormous pressure of over five hundred tons per square inch. In the Engineering and Mining Journal, Dr. Emmens recently published the following statement:

"The metal which we have made "The metal which we have made from silver answers every test to which the United States Government Assay Office subjects the gold offered there for sale. It is, therefore, gold to all intents and purposes. This metal, made from pure silver by the process discovered by us, could be proved to be gold in a court of law. It not only answers every test of the government mints, but it also has every quality required by the gold of commerce, having the same color, weight and strength."

Dr. Emmens further says that he has already made four ounces of gold

Dr. Emmens further says that he has already made four ounces of gold from about six ounces of silver, and that the loss in the process is about 25 per cent. He was asked if he had himself tested his metal by the United States government tests of gold, and he replied most positively that he had, and that it responded to every test. If Dr. Emmens can do what he says, it is evident that we need give ourselves no further anxiety about the question of maintaining a parity between the two metals. All we shall need to do when there is a surplus of silver is to take a certain amount of it and transform it into gold. Dr. Emmens is very indignant that some incredulous people should doubt the truth of his assertions, and points to the fact that transatlantic steamships, the telegraph, the X-ray, and many other inventions, were considered impossible at one time.

COMMERCIAL.

AUSTRALIAN ORANGES IN ENG-LAND. The London Daily Mail of September 22 contained the following in re-

LAND. The London Daily Mail of September 22 contained the following in regard to the shipment of California oranges recently made in England:
"Australia is sending us yet another article of food this autumn. Whether or not we shall accept it remains to be seen. It is certainly too early yet to judge the Australian orange, the very first consignment of which only reached Covent Garden last week, but later on it will come into direct contrast with the Floridas and Mt. St. Michaels, which the fruiterers have hitherto maintained to be the only salable fruits of this kind. Why we should not find the colonial orange as good as the Spanish or West Indian orange is not clear, but at all events we can each see for ourselves whether it is so or not. Meantime the Antipodeans declare that these grown in the colony are very much superior in flavor. They are very abundant, and if they do find favor, oranges ought to be even cheaper than they are at present. In any case better quality for the money should be insured."

Since then the news has been received Since then the news has been received by telegraph that the oranges have arrived, and were sold at a price which left so small a margin for profit for the producers that it is doubtful whether the experiment will soon be repeated.

GENERAL BUSINESS TOPICS.

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA MINES. The mining industry is progressing all over Southern California. An Acton pa-

The mining industry is progressing all over Southern California. An Acton paper notes that a large bar of gold was recently shipped by the owners of the Red Rover mine, near that place, in Los Angeles county, in which Henry T. Gage of this city is largely interested. The bar weighs about thirty pounds and was worth between \$8000 and \$9000, which is sufficient proof that the Red Rover is a first-class property.

Around Perris the mines are also doing well. The Santa Rosa now has a shaft over 500 feet deep. It is said that this mine has been netting over \$600 a day of late. Several adjoining prospects have been purchased by the Santa Rosa Company, and will be worked.

From other camps in Riverside and San Bernardino counties comes news of development, and good prospects all along the line. The wonderful Randsburg district continues to be the scene of much excitement, and promises to become a mining camp of world-wide reputation.

There is every prospect that during e coming year Southern California will take a prominent place among the mining sections of the United States.

LOCAL PRODUCE MARKET.

Wholesale Quotations Revised Daily. LOS ANGELES, Oct. 13, 1886.
There is little of note in the local markets,
Rex brands of provisions show some changes,
Beans are a drug in the market. Butter and
eggs do fairly well.

eggs do fairly well.

(The following jobbing quotations are for several grades of the products mentioned. For an extra choice article a somewhat better price than the highest quoted may be obtained, and for a decidedly inferior quality the seller will probably have to accept less than the lowest published quotation.) Provisions.

Flour-Los Angeles XXXX flour, 4.20 per barrel; extra Capitol Mills, roller process, 4.20 per barrel; northern. 4.60; full superfine, 3.15; eastern, 4.80ff5.00; Washington, 3.75; graham,

Rolled Oats-Per bbl., 4.75@5.00. Rolled Wheat-3.00. Millstuffs. Bran-Per ton, local, 16.00@17.50; northern,

7.00@18.00.
Shorts—Per ton, 18.00.
Rolled Barley—Per ton, 15.00.
Hay and Grain.

May and Grain.

Wheat-1.20@1.30.
Oats-1.10@1.25.
Barley-Seed, 75; imported, 75.
Corn-Small yellow, 95; large yellow, 90; racked, 95; white, 90.
Fred Meal-Per ctl., 1.00.
Hay-New stock: Good oat, 2.00; best oat, 00@211.00; alfalfa. native, baled, 8.00; loose, 00; barley, 8.00@10.00; wheat, 10.00@11.00; wheat and oat, 10.00.

Iemons-Per box cured, Eurokas and Liemons-Per box cured, Eurokas and Liemons-Per box cured.

Green Fruits.

Lemons—Per box, cured, Eurekas and Lisona. common, 1:50@2.00; fancy, 2:00@2.50; unued, fancy, 1:50.

Pears—Bartletts, 1:00@1.25.
Apples—Per box, 1:25; fancy, 1:50@1.75.

Bananas—2:30@2.05.

Strawberres—12@14.

Peaches—50@90.

Blackberries—Per crats, 1:75.

Guavas—5.

Watermelons—1:00@1.50.

as 5. rmelons—1.00@1.50. aloupes = 60@30. es—Black, 40@60; white, 40@60; Tokay,

Mgs-White, 40@65; black, 40@50. Piums-1.00.

Dried Products.

Beans-Lady Washington, 1.30@1.40; navy.
1.50@1.65; pinks, 1.30@1.25; Limas, 2.75@3.00;
black-syed, 2.00; peas, 3.50.

Cheese.

Cheese.—Southern California, large, 11;
Young America, 12; hand, 13; eastern cheddings and twins, 12@15; brick creams, 120%; jancy northern, 7@3; fair northern, 6@7; Lim-

burger, 12@14; American Swiss, 14@13; im-norted Swiss, 23:6724

orted Swiss, 23674.

Dried Fruits.

Apples—Evaporated, 697.

Apricots—596.

Peaches—Per lb., 498.

Prunes—Per lb., 14924.

Dates—Per lb., new. 5468.

Eggs-California ranch, 22@23; eastern, 20@ Honey and Beeswax.

Honey—Extracted, new. 405; white, 5404. Beeswax—Per lb., 20022. Butter.

Butter — Fancy local creamery, 52½@55; fancy Coast, 50@52½; dairy, 2-1b. squares, 42½@45; light-weight squares, 37½@40; fair to good, 27½@50; creamery, in tubs, 23@24. Vegetables. Squash—35. Beans—4. Corn—Sack, 90.

Corn—Sack, 90.

Pens—7.

Beets—Per 100 lbs., 85.
Cabbage—Per 100 lbs., 1.25@1.50.
Chiles—Dry, per string, 65@75; Mexican, per lb., 15; green, 2½.
Garlic—3½.
Onions—Yellow, 80.
Parsnips—Per 100 lbs., 1.23.
Potatoes—Per 100 lbs., 1.23.
Cornatoes—Ser 100 lbs., 1.23.
Turnips—Per sack, 80.
Turnips—Per sack, 80.
Turnips—Per sack, 80.
Turnips—Per sack, 80.
Radishes—15.
Rhubarb—85.
Cucumbers—Per box, 40@50.

Cucumbers—Per box, 40@50. Egg plant—50. Poultry.

Hens-3.50@4.25; young roosters, 3.25@4.00; old roosters, 3.50; broilers, 2.00@2.50; ducks, 3.00@4.00; turkeys, 10@12. Live Stock. Hogs—Per cwt., 2.874@3.00. Beef Cattle—2.25@2.50@2.62½. Lambs—Per tead, 1.00@1.25. Sheep—Per cwt., 1.50@1.75. Fresh Meats.

Butchers' prices for wholesale carcases: Beef—Prime, 4%@5. Veal—5@7. Mutton—4%@5; lambs, 5@6. Dreased Hogs—5@5½.

Hides and Wool. Hides—Sound, 10½; kip, sound, 9; calf, ound, 15; bulls, 6½; kip, sound, 9; calf, Wool-2½64½.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

Shares and Money.

Shares and Money.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WHEE)

NEW YORK, Oct. 13.—Speculative sentiment went around to the buil side today. The volume of business, however, was not particularly large or the distribution of the fortnightly settlements on the London Stock Exchange without friction was coupled, previous to the local opening, with cabled add.

Stock Exchange without friction was coupled, previous to the local opening, with cabled add.

To previous to the local opening, with cabled add.

To previous the stream confidence as to the control of the continued the continued as further sharp advance the tooks and the continued increasing export inquiry, exerted strong influence in shaping prices. Nevertheless buying other than by professionals was the exception. Announcement was also made of a further engagement of about \$800,000 in gold for import to this country, although experts figured that the advance yesterday to 2% per cent, in the London discount rate precluded imports on a regular exchange basis at above 4.8% for actual demand sterling. The exchange market was slightly easier today, actual demand being offered in some instances at 4.84 net. There is some comment over the extremely light return of the funds to this city that was forwarded earlier for crop-moving purposes. Commercial paper of the very best quality is in increased supply at 8 per cent., with a very light demand. Improvements in the forenoon share prices were very pronounced. Profit-taking around 1 o'clock caused a setback, in which Sugar and Manhattan were the chief sufferers. The decline was of brief duration, and renewed strength developed generally in the final hour, the best figures and showing met gains of 163 points.

Closing Stocks—Actual Sales.

Atchison 12½ U. S. Lord, gd. 45 (BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

Closing Si
Atchison
Adams Ex
Alton, T. H.
Am Express
Baltimore & O.
Can. Pacific
Can. South
Cen. Pacific
Cen. South
Cen. Pacific
Cen. South
Cen. Pacific
Con. Gas
Con R. G. W. Band Rock Island St. Paul st. Paul pfd.... St. Paul & O.... St. P. & O. pfd Southern Pac ... Hecking Val
Illinots Cen
St. Paul & D. 1
K. & T. pfd.
L. E. & W.
L. E. & W.
L. E. & W.
Lake Shore 1.
Lead Trust
Louis. & Nash
Louis. & N. A.
Man. Gon
Memphis & C.

Rond List.

8. n. 4s reg. .115½ L. & N. 4s 71½
8. n. 4s coup. 115½ C. P. 1sts, '95 ... 100
8. 5s reg. ... 10½ D. & R. G. 7s ... 110
8. 5s reg. ... 10½
9. 4s reg. ... 10½
8. 4s reg. ... 106
16. 6s, '95 ... 1004
9. 10634 G. H. & S. A. 7s ... 100
116. 6s, '95 ... 1004
9. 116. 6s, '95 ... 1004
9. 116. 6s, '95 ... 1004
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 100
9. 118. 1 Bond List.

bushels at Galveston, 100,000 bushels at New Orleans, 96,000 bushels at Louisville, 50,000 bushels at Kansas City and 43,000 bushels in Milwaukee private elevators. The only heavy decrease was 100,000 bushels at Fort William,

London Financial Market.

NEW YORK, Oct. 13.—The Evening Post's
London financial cablegram says the stock
markets opened dull today, and then railied
generally and considerably ment of effect in
generally and considerably ment of effect in
the improvement continued until near the
close, when there was a slight reaction on
further heavy gold exports, indicating a
strong probability of a rise in the bank rate.
The general belief here is that large amounts
of gold will return from America after the
election. American securities were good from
start to finish. There was a substantial recovery in other markets also, Erazil being the
principal feature.

Demand for Gold.

NEW YORK, Oct. 13.—An increased demand for cash gold is reported by bullion dealers without a perceptible change in the premium from yesterday. Lots of \$300 to \$10,000 are being purchased for the account of individuals and financial institutions in the West and Southwest. It is alleged that money, which in the ordinary course of events would have been remitted to New York, is coming back very slowly. Cash gold is quoted at 5-1669% per cent.; gold to arrive, \(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{3}{2}\)-16, and calls at 1\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\) be r cent.

Silver Colnage.

Silver Colange.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 13.—A statement prepared by the Bureau of the Mint showed that during September, 1896, the mints coined from silver builion purchased under the Act of July 16, 1890, 2,700,100 standard silver dollars containing 2,088,388 ounces of pure silver, the cost of which was \$1,886,671, giving a seignorage or profit of \$837,428 to the government which has been deposited in the treasury.

Treasury Statement. WASHINGTON, Oct. 13.—Today's statement of the condition of the treasury shows: Available cash balance, \$237,624,663; gold reserve, \$124,334,603.

Fruit at New York.

NEW YORK, Oct. 13.—The Earl Fruit Company sold today: Grapes, Tokay, 75@1.25;
half crates, assorted, 90.

Boston Stock Market.

BOSTON, Oct. 13.—Atchison, 13½; Bell Tele phone, 200; Burlington, 68½; Mexican, 9½. Petroleum. NEW YORK, Oct. 13.—Petroleum was dull, United closed 1.15 bid.

London Silver.

LONDON, Oct. 13.—Silver, 39%d; Consols

GENERAL EASTERN MARKETS. Grain and Produce.

Grain and Produce.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRIESS WIRE.)

CHICAGO, Oct. 13.—Wheat started with a jump of about 1½c, to the disgust of many of the buils who had sold their long wheat yesterday. The sudden advance was principally because of the strength with which the Liverpool market had started. Both wheat and corn in Liverpool opened at 1d advance upon yesterday's closing. This rise indicated independent reasons for higher prices, which was partially explained by a cablegram saying it was due to speculation. To the news of yesterday, too, was due part of the strength. With an acknowledged shrinkage in our own crop of nearly sixty million bushels from last year, an admitted shrinkage in Russia of 57, 600,000 bushels, over twenty million bushels in Argentina, with the news of disaster to the wheat crops of India and Australia, there is no longer room for reasonable doubt that America will be called upon for larger contributions than usual to the world's supply, with the ability to respond less than usual. The range of prices at the opening was a wide one. December sold at from 70% to 70%. The closing price yesterday was 60969½. The figures given marked almost the entire range of the forenoon's fluctuations, the only exception being a dip to 70%, the coloning price yesterday was 60969½. The figures given marked almost the entire range of the forenoon's fluctuations, the only exception being a dip to 70%. the coloning price yesterday was 60969½. The figures given marked almost the entire range of the forenoon's fluctuations, the only exception being a dip to 70%, the coloning price yesterday was 60960%. The principal bearish feature was a gain in the heaviness of domestic receipts. Chicago got 347 cars and Minneapolis and Duluth together 1438 cars, against 1289 cars a week ago and 1446 on the corresponding day of the year before. Bradstreet's supply statement showed an inseress in the world's cars and Minneapolis and Duluth together 1438 cars, against 1289 cars a rise for the day of 15c. Corn—The leading futures of the ea

69½ 70¼@70%

24,000

Chieago Live Stock Market.

CHICAGO, Oct. 13.—Cattle sales were on a basis of 3.40@3.75 for the poorest native dressed-beef steers up to 4.50@5.00 for choice to prime beeves. The bulk of the cattle went below 4.50. Stockers and feeders. 2.75@ 3.75; butchers and canning natives, 1.25@3.65; westorn range, 3.00@3.85 for steers and 2.50@ 3.35 for fair to choice cows and heifers. Hog sales were at 3.05@3.70 for coarse heavy to prime assorted lights, the syndicate advancing its price for light-weights to 3.60. Sheep—A fair business was transacted at 1.35@3.25 for inferior to prime sheep and at 3.00@4.56 for poor to choice lambs. Western range lambs again composed the great bulk of the offerings, and sales were mostly at 3.20@4.25 for lambs; feeders, 1.70@2.00.

Boston Wool Market. Chicago Live Stock Market.

Boston Wool Market.

Boston Wool Market.

BOSTON, Oct. 13.—The wool market continues firm and sales are being maintained at the advance. The market for Territory wools is firm, on the basis of 20e scoured. Fleece wools have felt the better tone, but sales have ruled moderately compared with Territory grades. Australian wools are firm with a steady demand. Territory wools: Montana, fine medium and fine, 9@10; scoured price, 29: staple, 30@31; Utah, Wooming, etc., fine medium and fine, 9@10; scoured price, 28@33; staple, 30. California wools: Northern spring, 9@12;s scoured, 25@27; free northern fall, '@8; scoured, 25@25. Australian wools: Scoured basis, combing, superfine, 45@47; good combing, 4938; Queensland combing, 40g42.

Liverpool Grain.

Liverpool Grain.

idlings-16.00@18.50 per ton; California 13.00@13.50; outside brands of bran Middling of the control of the contr

Vegetables—Early Rose potatoes, 25@30; common Salinas Burbank, 50@65; fancy, 75@90; river Burbank, 25@35; sweet potatoes, 75@90; river Burbank, 25@35; sweet potatoes, 75@90; river Burbank, 25@35; sweet potatoes, 75@40; summer squash, 30@40 per cental; cream squash, 25 per box; egg plant, 25@40; Alameda green corn, per crate, 1.00@1.25; Berkeley, 50@80; green peppers, 25@40; green ckrs, 40@65; dried okrs, 12%40; Lima beans, per sack, 1.00@1.50; string beans, 1.00@1.50; garlic, 1@2 per lb.

Fresh fruits—Fancy apples, 75@55; common, 25@60; strawberries, 2,50%4.00; blackberries, 2,00%4.00; cranberries, 2,00%4.00; cranberries, 7.00%4.00; respective, 4.00%5.00; cranberries, 7.00%4.00; respective, 10.00%4.00; respective, 10.00%4.00%4.00; respective, 10.00%4.00; respective, 10.00%4.00; respective, 10.00%4.00; respective, 10.00%4.00; respective, 10.00%4.00%

ons, 5.00g10.00 per 100: cantaloupes, loggeper crate; nutmegs, 25g60 per crate; choice
peaches, 85gf1.00; common peaches, 60gf1.50;
common pears, 25gf61 per box; quinces, 50gf65;
Mexican limes, 5.00gf5.50; California lemons,
1.00g12.5; good to choice, 1.50gf2.00; fancy,
1.00g12.5; good to choice, 1.50gf2.00; fancy,
1.50g3.00; bananas, 1.00gf2.00 per bunch; pineapples, 2.50g4.00 per dozen; Persian dates,
56% per lb.

Butter—Fancy creamery, 23gf24; second, 20gf
22; fancy dairy, 20gf2; second, 17gf9; pickled,
15g17; firkin, 15g16.

Cheese—Fancy mild, new, 9gf0; Young
American, -; eastern, 12gf3.

Eggs—Store, common, 18gf20 per dozen; selected, 22gf25; ranch, 274gf20; selected, 31gf
25%; eastern, 18gf2; duck eggs, 20gf2.
21gf1.00gf turkey goods, 50gf6.50; broilers,
10gf1.51; consters, old,
1.51; hare, 75gf1.00; gray geese, 2.00gf2.50; rabbits, 1.25 per dozen; milt, 1.25; young, 1.50g
1.75; hare, 75gf1.00; gray geese, 2.00gf2.50; rabbits, 1.25 per dozen; white geese, 1.00 per pair.

Receipts. Receipts.

Beceipts.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 13.—Flour, quarter sacks. 31,390: wheat centais, 43,856; barley, centais, 1535; oats, centais, 1590; corn, centais, 165; beans, sacks, 7379; ryc, centais, 260; potatoes, sacks, 1500; onlons, sacks, 1500; bran, sacks, 370; middlings, sacks, 370; hay tons, sacks, 370; middlings, sacks, 370; hay tons, sacks, 370; middlings, sacks, 370; hay tons, sacks, 371; mustardseed, sacks, 45; flaxseed, sacks, 312; wool, bales, 463; hides, number, 918; wine, gallons, 20,300; raisins, boxes, 1430; quicksilver, flasks, 110.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 13.—This was a very lively day on the floor of the local produce exchange. Wheat is heavily advancing on heavy orders from shippers. Three ships have been laden with wheat for Calcutta so far this month and continued large purchases for shipment in November and December wheat advanced today 4½ cents and May wheat 5½. December closed strong at 1.30½ and May at 1.33½. Barley was also strong today, having advanced from 6½ for low point of Settlement to 5½, becamber closed strong at 1.30½ and May at 1.33½. Barley was also strong today, having advanced from 6½ for low point of Settlement to 5½, becamber classification farmers will enjoy a period of unexampled prosperity.

Callboard Sales.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 13.—Wheat, very Lively Day in Grain.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 13.—Wheat, very strong; December, 1.30%; May, 1.33%; barley, strong; December, 87%; corn, large yellow, 85@87%; California bran, 13.00@13.50.

Fruit at Chicago.

CHICAGO, Oct. 13.—The Earl Fruit Company sold today: Grapes, Muscat, 2.35@2.40; half crates, 1.20@1.30; Tokay, 2.05@2.25; half crates, 1.05@1.16. Drafts and Silver.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 13.—Silver bars, 64%; Mexican dollars, 51½@52; Drafts, sight, par; drafts, telegraph, 2½.

London Hops. LONDON, Oct. 13.-Hops unchanged. REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

TUESDAY Oct. 13. TUESDAY Oct. 13.

(Figures in parentheses, unless otherwise stated, give volume and page of miscellaneous records containing recorded maps.)

Isabel E Beil to Clara S Watson, north 20 feet lots 12, 13, and 14, I H Mill's subdivision, Pasadena (7-85, 11200.

S A Rendell to Ida F Christie, lot 10 block I Bonnie Bras tract (55-5, 11500.

Emma A Newman to George E Smith, lot 20, block 9, New York tract (19-85, 1200.

Bernardino Ginarde et ux to Walter Lester, ½ lot 4, block 8, Woolen Mill Arract (42-403,) \$500.

POMONA.

POMONA, Oct. 13.—(Regular Correspondence.) Next Friday evening there spondence.) Next Friday evening there will be another Republican rally in Pomona, and Will A. Harris will speak in the McKinley Club tent, under the auspices of its managers, who have so successfully pushed the local campaign in Pomona and the surrounding valley. Mr. Harris is well known by many of the good citizens of this community as an easy, fluent and forcible orator, and will draw a good audience.

Last evening Judge H. C. Gooding of Los Angeles, formerly Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Arizona, addressed the voters of this city upon the money issues of the campaign, under the auspices of the McKinley Club in its tent.

During the entire address of two hours the Judge was listened to with rapt attention, and when interrupted by some wise financiers of the great Popocratic combination, he answered them

ocratic combination, he answered them with such arguments that left no doubt in the minds of any candid hearer as to who had the best of the debate. The Judge went even so far as to offer Democratic documents to prove his assertions, while in a number of cases "Coin's Financial School" was sufficient proof. The points made by the speaker were the plainest, fullest and most complete exposition of the financial question ever given to a Pomona audience.

Judge Gooding is forcible and strong ocratic combination, he answered the

Can So. Ms. 101 U. P. 1sts. 105.

O. R. A. S. 125.

San Francisco Mining Stocks.

San Francisco Mining

who applauded when Bryan's name was mentioned. The speaker invited questions and quite a number were put and answered courteously and in a manner that seemed entirely satisfactory to the audience. At the conclusion of the meeting three cheers were given for McKinley and three for Judge Gooding.

ing.

Notwithstanding the season that has just closed has been in many respects the most trying upon the grower of de-olduous fruits in this section, on account of the section of the section. the most trying upon the grower of deciduous fruits in this section, on account of a small crop and very low prices, yet it has been demonstrated by the North Pomona Deciduous Fruit Association that the cooperative plan adopted by the organized orchardists is the proper thing as it not only acts as a safeguard, but secures for them better prices. This will be sean from the average price received for the grower by this association for prunes handled for its members. The price is reported at \$22.04 net, while some extra large and fine netted as much as \$30 per ton.

J. A. Gallup leaves on the noon train today for San Francisco where he will attend the balance of the session of the Grand Lodge of Masons. Next week he will be in attendance on the twenty-fourth annual communication of the grand chapter of the Committee on Returns, which committee passes upon the reports of the secretaries of the subordinate chapters.

The eleven notaries public of Pomona have entered into an agreement fixing prices for drawing up and taking acknowledgments to certain legal documents and henceforth there is to be no cutting of fees.

The Al H. Tufts fishing party to New-

The Al H. Tutts fishing party to Newport has returned home.

The Bear Valley outing squad, composed of C. B. Olin, Calvin Egterly, Maj. George F. Robinson and son, Eddie, S. D. Moles, M. M. Dewey and S. C. Landon, are expected home the latter part of this week.

L. D. Rutan has been quite sick for several days past, but has sufficiently recovered to go to the beach.

The attendance from Pomona at the Sixth District Agricultural Fair has, so far this week, been less than upon any previous annual fair.

The boys of Co. D intend giving a ball in the new armory during the latter part of October.

WILL BE MARRIED.

Mary Gwendolin Caldwell to Wed Marquis des Marinvilles.

Wed Marquis des Marinvilles.
WASHINGTON, Oct. 13.—Miss Mary
Gwendolin Caldwell, founder of the divinity college of the Catholic University, in a letter to a friend here, announces that she will be married in
doctrine, October 5, to the Marquis des
Merinvilles. The marriage will be a
quiet one, owing to the recent death in
a yachting accident of Baron Zedwitz,
her brother-in-law Miss Caldwell comes
from a well-known family of Richmond, Va., and is related to the Breckinridge family of Kentucky. She inherited a large fortune from her father.
The first building of the Catholic University was erected with a donation of
\$300,000 from Miss Caldwell.

FREE TO EVERY MAN.

The Prescription of a Great Remedy White Cured Him After Everthing Else Falled.

Eise Falled.

Painful diseases are bad enough, but when a man is slowly wasting away with nervous weakness, the mental forebodings are ten times worse than the most severe pain. There is no let-up to the mental suffering day or night. Sleep is aimost impossible, and under such a strain men are scarcely responsible for what they do. For years the writer rolled and tossed on the troubled sea of sexual weakness, until it was a question whether he had not better take a dose of poison and thus end all his troubles. But providential inspiration came to his âid in the shape of a combination of medicine that not only completely restored his general health, but enlarged his weak, emachated parts to natural size and vigor, and he now declares that any man who will take the trouble to send his name and address may have the prescription of this wonderful remody free. Now when I say free, I mean aboulutely without cost, because I want every weakened man to get the benefit of my experience.

weakened man to get the benefit of my experience.

I am not a philanthropist, nor do I pose as an enthusiast, but there are thousands of men suffering the mental tortures of weakened manhood who would be cured at once could they but got such a remedy as the one that cured me. Send me your name and address today. Do not try to study out how I can afford to pay the few postage stamps necessary to mail the prescription, but send for the remedy and learn that there are a few things on earth that, although they cost nothing to get, they are worth a fortune to some men and mean a lifetime of happiness to most of us. Write to Thomas Stater, box 163, Kalamazoo, Mich., and the prescription will be mailed in a plain seeled envelope.

Boys and Girls.

The spectacle habit cured. Crooked eyes straightened, dissitions corrected, dull children brightened, puny children strengthened by liberating the focal nerves. The cause of pain, sickness, crime or unnatural con-dition instantly located. Method explained, and the natural remedy prescribed without charge or

drugs.
LEWIS HOWELL ROGERS, 43114 South Spring Street, Los Angeles, Cal.

Up-to-date.

Ten year old daughter of S. A. Gillett, 329 E. Sixth St., relieved of spectacles by nerve treatment without touching the eye, disposition improved by same.

E. Somerville, telegraph and news department Hotel Westminster, constipation, thirty years standing, cured by dilation.

We GiveYou a Pla te And 100 Cards, name only, handsomely engraved, for \$2.00. The Webb-Edwards-Peckham Co. 233 SOUTH SPRING ST.



Los Angeles Incubators and Brooders
Are the best. See them before buying.
POULTRY SUPPLIES.
Bene Cutters, Affalfa Cutters, Shell Grinders, Spray Pumps, Caponian greate, Spray Pumps, Caponian greate, Stray Pountains, Poultry Books, etc. Catalogue free.
JOHN D. MERCER, 117 E. Second st.

The W. H. PERRY Lumber Mfg. Co

Notice.

Sale of Assets of the City Bank
BY ORDER OF COURT A LARGE AMOUNT
of the real estate and all the notes, accounts,
judgments, personal property, etc., in the
hands of the receiver of the City Bank will
be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash at the Broadway entrance to the
county courthouse at 12 o'clock m. on Oct.
Sc, 1896.
A full list of the property to be sold can be
had at the East Side Bank, at the office of
John T. Jones. Fulton Block, 207 New High
sit, or at the office of the county clerk, among
the files in case of Margaret Miller vs. City
Bank.

W. J. WASHBURN,
Receiver.

John T. Jones, Allen & Flint, Att'ys.

Notice to Contractors.

LADIES SAVED....



From all the annoyances of Sunburn, Freckles, Tan. etc., by the "use of the great Skin Food and Tissue Builder, Mrs. Nettle Harrison."

LOLA MONTEZ CREAM. It removes wrinkles and all facial blemishes, nourishes and rebuilds the exhausted tissues of the skin, bringing back the natural beauty of youth. Price, 75c a pot, sufficient for 5 months.

Mrs. Harrison's 4-day Hair Restorer Not a bleach, but a harmless, quick-acting preparation, guaranteed to restore gray or faded hair to its natural color in a daya. Price \$1.00

MRS. NETTIE HARRISON.

Dermatologist, 40-42 Geary Street, San Francisco All Mrs. Harrison's Preparations for sale by H. M. Sale & Son, 230 S. Spring st. F. C. Heinzeman, 222 N. Main st., Mrs. C. F. Rogers, rooms 10, 11, Pirtle Block, Broadway

BANKS.

Oldest and Largest Bank in Southern California. Farmers' and Merchants' Bank of Los Angeles, Cal.

Capital (paid up)

Low Hellman, President; H. W. Hellman, Oracle of the Computer of the Comput

Fife

nor clin

wer Low with

SECURITY SAVINGS BANK,

5 per cent. interest paid on Term, 3 per cent. on Ordinary Deposits, Open Saturday evenings from 7 to 8 o'clock, to receive deposits,

THE NATIONAL BANK OF CALIFORNIA, Capital and Profits 8270, 000.00. OFFICERS:

President O. H. CHURCHILL, O. LOS ANGELES NATIONAL BANK-UNITED STATES DEPOS LINES OF TRAVEL. LOS ANGELES TERMINAL RAILWAY-—In effect— WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 23, 1896. Leave Los Angetes for Leave for Los Angel MAIN-STREET SAVINGS BANK-

| 12-40 am | 2-26 pm | 3-25 am | 3-26 pm | 3-26 pm | 4-23 pm | 6-10 pm | 6-25 pm | 6-10 pm | 6-25 pm | 6-2 Junction of Main, Spring and Temple sts.

(Temple Block,) Los Angeles,
CAPITAL, PAID UP.
Officers and Directors: A L. Duque, president; I. N. Van Nuys, vice-president; J. V.
Wachtel, cashier; H. W. Hellman, Kaspare
Cohn, H. W. O'Melveny, J. B. Lankershim,
O. T. Johnson, Abe Hass, W. G. Kerckhoff,
Money Leaned on Real Estate. Fire per cent interest paid on term deposits.
FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OF LOS ANGELES
Capital stock
Surplus and undivided profits over 220,000

MOUNT LOWE RAILWAY—
TIME CARD.
In effect October 8, 1896.

Leave Los Angeles of for Redondo.

*8:10 a.m. 9:30 a.m. daily 1:30 p.m. daily 5:00 p.m. daily *6:30 p.m.

ngeles Terminal Railway Angeles at 8:25 a.m. 3:20 p.m. Returning, arrive at 10:10 a.m. 5:00 p.m.



CHICAGO EXPRESS_DAILY. To Denver, Kansas City, Chicago, St. Louis, Leaves daily 10:15 am Arrives daily 1:25 pm

Leaves daily 10:15 am Arrives daily 1:25 pm

SAN DIEGO TRAINS.

Lv *9:05 am, 2:00 pm Ar 11:55 am, *7:15 pm

SAN BERNARDINO TRAINS.

P-Lv 7:30 am, 10:15 am, 4:00 pm, 5:30 pm

O-Lv 9:05 am, 5:10 pm

P-Ar 8:55 am, 9:15 am, 1:25 pm, 6:15 pm

O-Ar ***8:50 am, *11:35 am, 7:15 pm

P-Lv 7:30 am, 10:15 am, 4:00 pm

O-Lv 9:05 am, 5:10 pm

P-Ar 9:55 am, 1:25 pm, 6:15 pm

O-Ar ***8:50 am, 11:05 am, 7:15 pm

D-Ar 9:55 am, 1:25 pm, 6:15 pm

O-Ar ***8:50 am, 11:05 am, 7:15 pm

D-EDIANDS TRAINS.

O-Ar ***8:50 am, *11:55 am, 7:15 pm

P-Lv 7:30 am, 10:15 am, 4:00 pm

O-Lv 9:05 am, 10:15 am, 4:00 pm

O-Ar 9:05 am, 1:25 pm, 6:15 pm

O-Ar *11:55 am, 7:16 pm

PASADENA, MONROVIA AND AZUSA.

Lv 7:30 am, 10:15 am, 4:00 pm, 5:30 pm

Ar 8:56 am, 9:55 am, 1:25 pm, 6:15 pm Cars for Echo Mountain and Alpine Tavern leave Los Angeles, via Pasadena and Los Angeles Electric Railway, as follows: 8:00 a.m. 9:00 a.m. 10:30 a.m. 1:00 p.m. 3:00 p.m.] Returning, arrive at Los Angeles: 10:40 a.m. 4:00 p.m. 5:30 p.m. Via Los Angeles Terminai Railway, leave Los Angeles at

Ar 8:55 am. 9:55 am., 1:25 pm. 6:16 pm

ANAHEIM AND SANTA ANA TRAINS.
Lv 9:05 am., 2:00 pm., 5:10 pm

REDONDO BEACH TRAINS.
Lv 99:00 am., 10 am., *1:30 pm.
Ar 8:25 am., 3:55 pm., *5:22 pm., *6:13 pm.
Ar 8:25 am., 3:55 pm., *5:22 pm., *6:13 pm. SANTA MONICA TRAINS.

Ly **9:00 am. 10 am. **1:30 pm. 5:30 pm

Ar 8:55 am. 3:55 pm. **5:22 pm. **6:13 pm

LOS ANGELES AND REDONDO RAILWAY

——COMPANY.—

Los Angeles Depot, corner Grand avenue
and Jefferson street, PERRIS AND SAN JACINTO TRAINS. Lv-P *10:15 am, O *9:05 am Ar-P *1:25 pm, O *11:55 am Leavo Redondo for Los Angeles.

*7:00 a.m. daily 11:00 a.m. daily 3:45 p.m. daily *5:15 p.m. ELSINORE AND TEMECULA TRAINS. Ly-P *10:15 am, O *9:05 am Ar-P *1:25 pm, O *11:55 am

ESCONDIDO.

Lv *2:00 pm

Ar *11:55 am

Lv *2:05 pm

Ar *1:55 am

Ar *7:15 pm P-Via Pasadena; O-Via Orange; *dai ept Sunday; **Sunday only; all other TICKET OFFICE. 200 South Spring st.

(River Station only.)

Mount Lowe-Lu *3:20, 9:00 a.m. Ar *13 p.m.

Mount Lowe-Lu *3:20, 9:00 a.m. Ar *10:30

*Sunday p.m.

*Sunday p.m.

*Sunday are saturdays only: ***Sundays only.

All S. P. this atop at First street, except the four San Francisco trains, and Commercial street per saturdays only.

Trains for sea-beach points leave River Station 20 minutes earlier than from Arcade Depot.

No. 229 South Spring street, gene Arcade Depot, through and local. River Station, local. First street, local. Commercial street, local. Naud's Junction, local.

For Delicacy,

•6:30 p.m.

Take Grand-avenue electric, or Main-streamd Agricultural Park cars.

L. J. PERRY.

*Sundays only.

Superintendent CEANIC S.S. CO.

AUSTRALIA, HAWAII,
S.MOA, NEW ZEALAND.
S.S. AUSTRALIA
AUKLAND for SYDNEY, Oct. 13.
S.S. AUSTRALIA for HONOLULU and
Oct. 29, 10 a.m. Special party rates.
Line to COOLGARDIE, Aus., and CAPE
TOWN, So, Africa HUGH B. RICE, Agen t
122 W. Second St., Tel. 1297, Los Angeles. D. D. WHITNEY, 0 0 Mi'g. and Re'p'g. 423 S. Springs





ONLY 50c A TOOTH.

Schiffman Method Dental Co., orth Spring SL

Poland Rock Address

HERNCALIFORNIANEWS

PASADENA.

THE MOUNTAIN FIRES ARE AGAIN THREATENING SWITZER'S.

Fifty Men Employed to Fight th Flame—The Supreme Court Decides a Case Which Grew Out of A Quarrel Over Two Dollars.

PASADENA, Oct. 13.—(Regular Correspondence. The fire which began Monday in Saucer Cañon, under the favoring conditions of a high wind, extended during the night and today throughout Millard's Canon on the north slope, and shows tonight an inclination to work around into the ar-goo, where such gallant efforts have been made to subdue it. Should it do so, Switzer's Camp will inevitably be destroyed. From Pasadena today it ed as though the flames and smoke were but half a mile distant from Mt.
Lowe, but telephone communication
with the Echo Mountain House this evening revealed the fact that the fire has made but about an eighth of a mile advance in that direction, and is now about two miles and a half from

mow about two mines and many man-met. Lowe. This morning the conditions were such that the Mt. Lowe Railway man-ager telephoned that a force of men should be sent as soon as possible to combat the fire. Peter Stell and a crew of twenty men, many of whom had asshould be sent as soon as possible to combat the fire. Peter Stell and a crew of twenty men, many of whom had assisted in stamping out the arroyo fire, and had gained valuable experience in the work, went up, and later Mr. Royce of the Lake Vineyard Land and Water Company, and M. D. Painter sent up ten more. This evening an additional force of fifteen men were sent up, making about fifty men now ready to fight the fire. Ashes from the fire have been falling in the streets all day, and should a strong wind prevail in the mountains tonight, there is no force of men that could stand against the fire, as an asceding volume of fiame carries with its such intense heat that no fight could be made above it.

The question of who is to pay the enormous expense of fighting the fires is a grave one, and those who are incurring the responsibility are looking to the coulty for aid and believe that as

ring the responsibility are looking to county for aid, and believe that as they are protecting the interests of the county an appropriation sufficient for the purpose should be made, and they should receive the most generous support. The fire is now more serious in its aspect than at any time since it began, and apprehension is serious, not only that the improvements on Mt. Lowe will be destroyed, but that the water supply will be endangered. While, under favorable conditions, the force at hand is sufficient to quell the confiagration, the winds at this season are likely to prove dangerous, and to start other fires, as this in Millard's Cafion was started, at some distance from the original confiagration by the wind-carried embers falling on dry leaves and twigs.

The working crew that went up this morning lost some of their blankets and supplies, having left them in the cafion below, and the fire reached them and consumed them during the day.

A TUG-OF-WAR.

and consumed them during the day.

A TUG-OF-WAR.

The Pasadena Woodmen of the World made a visit to their neighbors of La Fiesta camp, Los Angeles, Monday night, and were most hospitably entertained. When the members of La Fiesta camp came up some time ago, a tug-of-war contest was one of the features of the amusement. Another tug-of-war was on the programme Monday night, and this time victory was with the Pasadena team, which, with a weight of 1024 pounds, pulled against the Los Angeles team, aggregating in weight 1134 pounds.

A TWO-DOLLAR LAWSUIT.

A TWO-DOLLAR LAWSUIT.

The case of J. W. Ritzman against F. E. Burnham, as mentioned in the The case of J. W. Ritzman against F. E. Burnham, as mentioned in the dispatches this morning, is one in which a dispute over \$2 led to the carrying of the matter to the Supreme ourt, and if the decision of the lower oburt is affirmed, as stated in the morning advices, Mr. Burnham is vindicated. The statement of the matter is as follows: Three years ago Mr. Burnham, proprietor of the White Cash Grocery Store here, lost a horse, which was found by J. W. Ritzman of Los Angeles, who demanded \$12\$ reward for finding and caring for the animal. Mr. Burnham offered him \$10\$, which Ritzman refused, and kept the horse. Burnham brought suit for the property and recovered judgment in the Justice Court for \$195\$. Ritzman appealed the case, and sued Burnham for \$700. The Superior Court gave judgment for Burnham in the full amount claimed, and Ritzman then appealed to the Supreme Court, which has now affirmed the two decisions already made in favor of Mr. Burnham. The dispatches erroneously state that Burnham was charged with the theft of a horse and buggy.

PASADENA BREVITIES.

rains

*2:25, 4:50, r 8:56

a.m., . 4:30 p.m.

n. Ar

n. Ar

L AF m. Ar

1:10. 12:17.

L Ar

p.m.

0 p.m.

3 p.m. *10:30

er Sta-

office)

PASADENA BREVITIES.

PASADENA BREVITIES.

At the meeting of the Patriotic League of soldiers and sallors of the Union armies, which was held at the wigwam Monday night, it was decided to unite with the State and National Patriotic League. It was also determined that the league should hold a grand rally at the wigwam where its own speakers should occupy the platform and that it should tender an invitation to Gen. Alger and the veterans who are touring the country with him in support of McKinley, to come to California and to Pasadena during the campaign. The Patriotic League is an enthusiastic and powerful adjunct to the other McKinley forces in Pasadena, and as it admits not only veterans but the Sens of Yeterans, and those who

empaign. The Fatriotic League is an enthusiastic and powerful adjunct to the other McKinley forces in Pasadena, and as it admits not only veterans but the Sons of Veterans, and those who are connected with the G.A.R. as well as those outside of it, large accessions have been made to its membership since its organization.

John Resley, who has been quoted by the Bryan people here as one of "seventeen old soldlers" whom they say will vote for Bryan, says that he never signed the roll of the club, is not a Bryan man, and will vote for McKinley. It is thought by those who are acquainted with the old soldlers here that the statement of the Bryan people regarding their vote is as untruthful in some other cases as this, although they do number in their list some "old soldlers" who fought under the "Stars and Bars," and are as earnest in their advocation of States' rights as they were in 1860.

The McKinley Club is making preparations for a grand rally at the wigwer in 1860.

The McKinley Club is making preparations for a grand rally at the wigwer in 1860.

The McKinley Club is making breparations for a grand rally at the wigwer in 1860.

The McKinley Club is making breparations for a grand rally at the wigwer in 1860.

The McKinley Club is making preparations for a grand rally at the wigwer in 1860.

The McKinley Club is making preparations for a grand rally at the wigwer in 1860.

The McKinley Club is making preparations for a grand rally at the wigwer in 1860.

The McKinley Club is making preparations for a grand rally at the wigwer in 1860.

The McKinley Club is making preparations for a grand rally at the wigwer in 1860.

The McKinley Club is making preparations for a grand rally at the wigwer in 1860.

The McKinley Club is making preparations for a grand rally at the wigwer in 1860.

The McKinley Club is making preparations for a grand rally at the wigwer in 1860.

meeting, at which an interesting pro-ramme will be rendered.

The directors of the Lake Vineyard and and Water Company have au-

thorised the construction of more tunneling above Devil's Gate. Since the completion of the 720-foot contract, 320 feet additional have been run, and the prospect of an adequate return for the work in a largely-increased supply of water has persuaded the company that it is good policy to continue it. It is supposed that the West Side Company will share a portion of the expense of the improvement.

Dr. M. P. Green and A. W. Hall will leave Pasadena on Wednesday for Anaheim Landing on a hunting trip. They will go by wagon, and will carry along with them all of the comforts of camp life. They are promising their Pasadena friends tributes of their skill, and as both are redoubtable nimrods, it is thought that they will be able to keep all such promises.

The case of Lugo vs. Cavarajelles was

keep all such promises.

The case of Lugo vs. Cavarajelles was on trial in Recorder Rossiter's court today. Lugo charged that Cavarajelles struck him with a bag of grapes, and a jury was called for, and a long and tedious trial was held, which developed the fact that the accused party called Lugo a vile name, but did him no further damage. The defendant was acquitted.

acquitted.

Mrs. Sarah Patton and G. R. Thomas have just concluded a real estate deal, by which Mrs. Patton becomes owner of a lot on Villa street, valued at \$1000, recently owned by Mr. Thomas, and Mr. Thomas purchases Mrs. Patton's house on First street for \$1500.

Mrs. Anna Schultz Pierce of Pass.

on First street for \$1500.

Mrs. Anna Schultz Pierce of Pasadena made an eloquent plea for the foreigners who have truly adopted America, in the woman's parliament today, and was enthusiastically applauded for her courage and earnestness.

The W. R. Staats Company sold for Dr. Radebaugh three acres of land and a house at the corner of Moline avenue and Claremont street, the consideration being \$1850. J. B. Myers was the purchaser.

being \$1800. J. B. Myers was the purchaser.

There will be a woman-suffrage precinct meeting on Thursday in the Presbyterian Church lecture-room at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, at which Mrs. F. A. Smith of Pomona will read a paper upon "Woman in the Law."

The contract for the great Rubio Cañon ditch, which will carry off the storm water from Rubio Cañon and protect a territory of 4200 acres to the northeast, was let today to a Pasadena man, James H. Dovey, for \$6500.

Hotel Green, which has been undergoing extensive repairs during the summer, will reopen for the season Wednesday, November 11, with a good prospect for a fine winter's business.

Mrs. W. B. Clapp has been engaged

prospect for a fine winter's business.

Mrs. W. B. Clapp has been engaged to fill the vacancy in the Methodist Episcopal choir caused by the resignation of Prof. Huebner, and will begin her duties as leader at once.

ner duties as leader at once.

Prof. R. A. Condit and wife and Miss
Nona Moore, Mrs. Condit's sister, who
have been the guests of the Misses
Moore on Hudson avenue, left today
for Cedar Rapids, Iowa.

nor Cedar Rapids, Iowa.

Mr. and Mrs. Bakewell Phillips have returned to their winter residence, No. 470 Palmetto Drive, having spent the summer at their cottage on the coast of New Jersey.

Arthur Gleason and C. H. Carey of Hotel Green clerical staff returned to-day from Asbury Park, N. J., where they have been employed in the same hotel.

Saturday night the McKinley Club will probably entertain the Marching Club of Los Angeles, who have been invited to participate in a grand rally. Mrs. S. R. Smith of Madison avenue eft Pasadena today for Milwaukee, accompanying the remains of her hus-band who died here a few weeks ago. Will Medill and Len Abbott have re-turned from a six weeks' camping and hunting trip in the Chilao region. They greatly enjoyed their outing.

The young people of the Universalist Church are making arrangements for a social to be given in the church par-lors Friday evening.

Miss Martha Helmke, daughter of Ja-cob Helmke, arrived in Pasadena today from Chicago, where she has been at-tending school. Dr. Radebaugh, who has spent the summer in Europe, is en route for Pas-adena and is expected home on Mon-

Mrs. Belle M. Jewett left today for Placerville, called thither by the seri-ous illness of her sister.

M. J. Quimby, who has spent two weeks at Wilson's Peak, returned to Pasadena today.

Hawley, King & Co., carriages, har-ness and bleycles, corner Broadway and Fifth street, Los Angeles. Pasa-dena cars pass our corner. Wanted, fresh cow, Union Market.

WHITTIER. WHITTIER, Oct. 13 .- (Regular Correspondence.) Tonight is the date set for the meeting of the Whittier McKinley Club at Assembly Hall. Preparations have been made for a very large at-

Club at Assembly Hall. Preparations have been made for a very large attendance, as the appearance of an old-time Democrat upon the platform, addressing a Republican audience, is an event peculiar to this campaign. It is also thought that many of Judge Ling's old adherents will be present to hear his remarks upon a new issue. The precinct committeemen have done well in securing the services of Judge Ling, for he is well and favorably known in this vicinity.

There is also an unwonted activity displayed among the Democrats and Populists. C. A. Barlow, the fusion candidate for Congress from this district, and Jud Rush are to hold forth upon the issues of the campaign in the Assembly Hall on Thursday evening. The members of the Free-silver Club are exerting themselves to infuse hope in the breast of thir candidat by giving him a good reception.

A warrant has been sworn out for the arrest of Levi Neal, who assaulted Mr. Williams, the editor of the Whittier Register. The warrant has not yet been served. Mr. Williams is to be seen at any time, but not so Mr. Neal.

Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Arnold returned last night from their camping trip in the Puente Hills, after an outling of nearly two weeks.

Mr. Wade is again on duty at the

nearly two weeks.

Mr. Wade is again on duty at the State school, having recovered from his recent indisposition.

SAN PEDRO.

SAN PEDRO, Oct. 13.—(Regular Cor-respondence.) There has been a de-cided clearing up of libel cases in court today. The three cases in which City Clerk Connor, City Attorney Stigglitz and City Marshal Grimshaw charged A. B. Bynon with criminal libel, were taken up by Justice Leanard of Computer Computer Computer Connections of the Connection of the Conn taken up by Justice Legnard of Comp-ton, sitting in Justice Patterson's court. On motion of Assistant Dist.-Atty. Williams and with consent of all parties interested these three cases were dismissed.

A meeting of free silverites was held

A meeting of free silverites was held Saturday evening. Speeches were made by H. C. Dillon, W. R. Burke, J. D. Steele and W. D. Morgan.
Capt. Lawson of Redondo, for many years a skipper, was in town today.
John D. Janette, Mr. Small and Mr. McIntyre went on a wildcat hunt Sunday. They bagged eight big ones of the bob-tail kind. Some of them were of such size as to be dangerous to a man unarmed.

ORANGE COUNTY.

WOMAN GIVES HER VIEWS OF EQUAL SUFFRAGE.

Infortunate Domestic Trouble Santa Ans.—Hobos Sentenced to Twenty Days in Jail for Fight-ing.—News Notes.

SANTA ANA, Oct. 13.—(Regular Cor-respondence.) Of all the newspapers in Orange county, but one is owned and edited by a woman and that one is the Orange Post, published in the town of Orange. Mrs. Alice Armor is the lady who edits the Post and this is what she has to say under the cap tion of "Equal Suffrage."

"There is but one ground upon which woman can claim the ballot and that is the promotion of the general good. If there are strong reasons for believing or even fearing the concession of the right to vote may prove harmful, the concession ought not to be made. "There are many professions and

the concession ought not to be made.

"There are many professions and callings which a woman can follow as well as a man or better than he. But there is one line of duty which is sacred to woman alone. God nimself has committed to her charge the budding life of the little one, linking that life vitally to her own for months before birth and scarcely less intimately for months afterward. This is an arrangement which cannot be changed by legislation. These are duties which cannot be delegated to another. Man can make shift to manage every other part of the world's work after a fashion, bungling it may be, but the function of motherhood has been assigned elsewhere by an unchangeable decree.

"Thus it came about from the earliest times, that since the little ones were weak and could not follow here and there, the mother was the bider at home, while the father went forth to war or to the chase, to protect and provide for his family. This, with the various modifications introduced by a civilization of growing complexity, is still the normal condition of the home, the mother the home keeper, the father, the provider and protector.

"The better classes of suffragists, those actuated by a genuine desire to improve the condition of the human race rather than by ambition or mere restlessness, claim that this order of things would not be at all infringed upon by granting the right of suffrage to woman; the opponents of the movement fear that its effects may eventually be hearefully.

tually be harmful if not destructive to the home.

"Here the question arises, why should women ask for a different sphere of activity? Higher they cannot have. The true mother occupies a position of greater usefulness and stronger influence than any the ballot could bestow. It is not better laws that we need, but better citizens. Bad laws are soon repealed, or become ineffective among good people. On the other hand, the best law is full of loopholes through which bad men will find a way to crawl. The mother more than any other has the training of the future citizen, lawmaker, executive and judge. Here, then, is the broadest scope, the highest incentive for the cuitivation of all her powers. How much is there yet to be learned and accomplished before the mothers even of our own progressive country become all that they should be?

much is there yet to be learned and accomplished before the mothers even of our own progressive country become all that they should be?

"But the suffragists claim that these new duties would not in any wise interfere with the home duties of the mother, but would rather increase her efficiency and influence. It may be so. The burden of proof rests with the affirmative in this case. But it would take long years of experiment to thoroughly test the scheme, and should it prove disastrous it would then be impossible to go back to the old order of things. 'Let well enough alone' may be a conservative motto, but it is a safe one.

"But where,' still demands the suffragist, 'is the danger?' In thrusting upon the mother, already over-burdened, a new line of duties; in opening up before her new fields of ambition; in calling off her interests from the home and centering them in public life. You think this will not be the effect? But woman is human, and she is as ambitious as man and if her ambitions are turned into abnormal channels there is no certainty that she will check them at the danger point. We ask our readers thoughfully to consider whether homes are not already suffering from the restlessness and discontent of women.

"But,' says the suffragist, 'there are many women who are not wives or

suffering from the restlessness and discontent of women.

"But, says the suffragist, 'there are many women who are not wives or mothers. Are single and childless women to be deprived of these privileges for the sake of the mothers?' We say emphatically, yes, if by granting them the powers they crave, the sacredness of the home will be endangered. The mother is the normal type of womanhood, and in framing the laws and establishing the customs of society her needs should be first considered. There are multitudes of women whose circumstances force or permit them to engage in business or in public life. No obstacles should be placed in their way except such as naturally exist from their peculiar relation to society. But that relation should be recognized as peculiar, as the exception and not the rule. Let the mother in the home surrounded by her children be acknowledged to be in her most fitting place, and let no laws be passed which shall force upon her duties in conflict with those which God Himself has entrusted to her and to her alone. Almost all occupations and professions and many public offices are open to such women, married or single, as wish to enter upon them and are fitted to do so. Let that suffice without forcing conditions which will be binding upon all women, no matter how unwilling they may be to undertake burdens which they feel to be unfitted to their shoulders."

Residents of the Fourth Ward in this

DOMESTIC TROUBLE.

DOMESTIC TROUBLE.

Residents of the Fourth Ward in this city were aroused at a late hour. Monday night by cries of murder, by a feminine voice. Neighbors rushed out into the streets, when they found a woman sitting on the ground and a man near her entreating her to go home with him. This the woman refused to do, claiming that the man would kill her if she did.

The parties were Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Johnson. The family have been very unfortunate in their domestic relations, the quarrel Monday night being the result of a number of previous dissensions.

the result of a number of previous dissensions.
Finally Mrs. Johnson was induced to
go back to her home with the husband
long enough for her to get her hat and
then she was driven to the home of her
mother, Mrs. Oliver, in Orange.
Mr. Johnson has been driver of one
of the city teams for some time, and
has already been considered a steady,
hard-working man. The parties have
been married for eighteen years and
have three children, one at home, one
with the wife's mother in Orange and
one in Los Angeles.

ORANGE COUNTY BREVITIES,
Four of the hobos who were arrested

Four of the hobos who were arrested Sunday near the railroad depots for fighting, were taken before Justice of the Peace Huntington Tuesday and sen-tenced to twenty days each in the Coun-

ty Jail. It is possible that a charge of assault with a deadly weapon will be made against two of the prisoners as soon as their sentences expire.

There was no regular meeting of the Town Council in Orange Monday evening, as there was not a quorum present. The meeting was therefore adjourned to the following evening.

Mrs. Garner, wife of J. H. Garner, deceased, was on Tuesday paid \$1000 insurance on the life of her, husband, by the local order of Maccabees.

Miss Jessie Patton of Santa Ana has

Miss Jessie Patton of Santa Ana has gone to Los Angeles for a visit of sev-eral days with friends. Born, in Santa Ana, Monday, Octo-ber 12, to Mr. and Mrs. R. M. Scarles,

ANAHEIM. ANAHEIM, Oct. 12.—(Regular Correspondence. Work on the railroad was pushed ahead all day Sunday, and the

ANAHEIM, Oct. 12.—(Regular Correspondence. Work on the railroad was pushed ahead all day Sunday, and the construction train has now completed the road to a point within three miles of the factory. The reason of the rush on the work is explained by the contract, binding the railroad company to reach the factory site not later than October 15.

Rev. George Irvine, formerly pastor of the Presbyterian Church, and one of the most esteemed citizens in Anaheim, died at his residence on Thursday. The deceased was a native of Madison, Ind., and at the age of 26 was a graduate of Hanover College, and licensed to preach by the local presbytery. In 1858 he was Superintendent of Public Schools at Fort Wayne, Ind., and during the war served as chaplain of the Eighty-eighth Indiana Volunteers, and was with his regiment during the campaign of Gen. Sherman to Atlanta. In 1886 he campe to Anaheim as pastor of the local Presbyterian congregation, and during the two years of his charge the church more than doubled its membership. In politics, Mr. Irvine was a staunch Republican. His manner was very unassuming, and he was highly esteemed by all who knew him. He was twice married, first at Paris, Ky., in 1846, and to his present widow, who survives him, in 1869. The funeral, which took place on Saturday, was largely attended.

Last week saw the nuptials celebrated between George Boyd and Miss Eva Littlefield. The Rev. Mr. Stone officiated. Besides the parents of the bride and bridegroom there was a select circle of friends and acquaintances present to witness the ceremony, after which the happy couple left for Santa Barbara. They will be at home to all callers on Thursday, at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. William Boyd.

If all the people and the papers say about W. L. Metcalfe, who has figured so prominently on the local Popocratic grace. Last week he drove over to Santa Ana in a hired buggy had to go over to claim his property, pay the horse's board for three days, and bring it home. A few days later, this little incident was follo

incident was followed up by Mr. Metcalfe's inability to pay for the printing
of the first number of the New Era, a
free-silver newspaper he had arranged
to publish in Anaheim. The first issue
was printed in Santa Ana, but on the
arrival of the paper in town the "editor" was no where to be found, nor
the silver to pay for its printing, and
now the Bryanite organ has been laid
in its grave a few weeks in advance of
the fad it was intended to advocate
and defend.

How is it that hardly a week passes
without some glaring theft being perpetrated, the items in greatest demand
being horses, harness sets and buggles?
A few weeks ago Rev. Mr. Stone lost
an expensive set of harness, and last
week a horse and buggy belonging to
I. H. Cox were stolen. In his hurry
to get away, the thief overturned the
rig opposite the brewery, where the
horse was found lying under the buggy.
An interesting event is looked for on
Thursday evening, when Gen. N. P.
Chipman of Red Bluff, and J. C. Cambell of San Francisco, will deliver addresses under the auspices of the Republican Central Committee. Both gentiemen are effective speakers, and will
be greeted by large audiences.

Miss Irene Smith, daughter of W. J.
and Mrs. Smith of Anaheim was married in New York last week, and her
parents have been receiving congratulations on the interesting event.

There must be something more than
talk about the Santa Fé Railroad
between Long Beach and Santa Ana. A
party of surveyors have been on the
proposed route for several days making
a preliminary survey. If the railroad
goes, it will tap Westminster and Garden Grove.

Mrs. Theo Rimpau received a telegram from Los Angeles informing her

Mrs. Theo Rimpau received a tele-gram from Los Angeles informing her of the dangerous illness of her son, Albert. She left for the city Friday

morning.

T. J. Jones and W. H. Chynoweth, candidates for the Senate and Assembly, respectively, continue to make a grand impression wherever they speak in public. The election of both candidates by large majorities is a foregone conclusion.

Delay is Apprehended on Disineor-poration Question- Notes.

LONG BEACH, Oct. 13.—(Regular Correspondence.) Citizens who had en-tertained hopes that the question as to whether the town is or is not a city would soon be determined by the Su-preme Court are feeling somewhat dis-couraged at the present outlook. The temporary injunction issued by Judge Van Dyke, restraining the men who Van Dyke, restraining the men who were City Trustees from meeting as such officials, or doing any business in that line save what is necessary to actually perfect disincorporation, has been made permanent pending the looked-for Supreme Court decision. The question whether the City Trustees shall be compelled, by writ of mandate, to canvass the vote of the disincorporation election is before the Supreme Court on Appeal. It was, up to a short time ago, hoped that this question would be considered by the Supreme Court at an early date, because of its urgency. It was, therefore, expected the matter would come before that tribunal at its October term in Los Angeles. geles.
Indications make it appear that other

Indications make it appear that other urgency matters, will take precedence. There are numerous election cases in which questions as to whether the names of certain candidates shall or shall not be printed on official ballots await decision. Until these are disposed of it is scarcely probable the disnocroporation case will be considered.

LONG BEACH BREVITIES.

SAN DIEGO COUNTY.

STIRRING CALL TO PATRIOTS TO

The Protest of Loyal Democrati Against the Anarchy Advocated in the Chicago Platform—A Meet-ing of Woman Suffragists.

SAN DIEGO, Oct. 13 .- (Regular Cor respondence.) Thousands of citizens watched the big McKinley parade last night and listened to speeches by particular Democrats on the Plaza. It was one of the biggest political meetings ever held in this county. George W. Marston was chairman of the meet-ing. He is a staunch Democrat but he reckons country above party. Among the vice-presidents of the meeting were Simon Levi, Judge E. S. Torrance, Dr. R. M. Powers, D. Evans, J. F. Brooks, C. H. Stuart, D. C. Reed, D. L. Kret-singer, Philip Morse, Dr. H. P. Wood-ward, Gilbert Rennie, J. H. Harbison,

C. F. Henking.
Chairman Marston said: "We Demo crats have got over a great deal of crats have got over a great deal of our prejudice against you Republicans, and it took a great deal of Christian grace to do it. But the urgency of the cause of honesty and national integrity in such that all kinds of men are flocking to support the Republican standard. Look at the letters of Robert G. Ingersoll and Archbishop Ireland. Where will you find two men more dissimilar? Yet they are united on the present political issue. One, with a broad and extremely liberal view of the whole field, strikes out with true Christian spirit against the financial heresy that is thrust upon us. The other, with the keen, clear-cut sentences for which he is famous the world over, clearly exposes this folly of folver can be any different from the com-mercial ratio. When Democrats like Mr. Hunsaker all over the land leave their party to vote according to their conscience on this question, it speaks volumes for their courage and patriot-

ited coinage of silver! Ah, that sounds good to you, my Populistic friends; almost as good as free lunch, or free beer. But there isn't much in it. We are a commercial nation, and we are proud of our standing in the world. We are growing greater and greater, but you are can't tell me we can do business with other nations on a standard less than the best, as recognized by the first-class nations of the earth. No, my Democratic brother and Populistic friend, the Democratic party has gone back on its record, and taken up the Populistic doctrines of four years ago. . . I am glad that I cannot follow the standard of Thomas V. Cator and George W. Monteith. You know George has grown. He's something of a financier. You'll find that's so, if you go down and search the courthouse insolvency records. George now has the nomination as the Populist candidate for Congress. I am glad to say that instead of following Cator and Monteith I can follow the leadership of George C. Perkins, your distinguished Senator. My Populistic friends, what has Cator ever done but talk, talk, talk, and scheme for office? And yet he is held up as your political savior. . . Another reason why I favor the Republican attandard-bearers is because the Supreme Court for 100 years has stood, and is now, the greatest tribunal ever instituted by man for the dispensation of justice. . . The Chicago platform says we will pack the Supreme Court. It is not deciding our way, so we will pull it down, corrupt it, destroy its sacred trust. I tell you, my friends, that Chicago platform is a burden of treason and disloyalty. It was not a greater menace to the safety of this nation when our misguided southern brethren fired upon Fort Sumter, and thus fired a nation's heart. . . I am that kind of a Democrat that I would have for the United States by the President acting according to law and for the enforcement of public order. Oh, my Democratic brethren, you will not support that abominable platform? You will not follow this doctrine of disloyality, this platform of good to you, my Populistic friends; al-most as good as free lunch, or free beer

country."

Mr. Hunsaker's patriotic speech aroused the highest enthusiasm and at the close he was applauded vociferously and cheered by thousands of interested listeners.

A JOYFUL ANNIVERSARY. Co. B, N.G.C., celebrated its fifteenth anniversary at its armory last night. The hall was elaborately decorated with flags and bunting. An address by Judge J. A. Gibson was read, reviewing the history of the company since it was first commanded by Douglas Gunn. Col. Thomas A. Nerney was the next commander, followed by Harry M. Schiller and the present Captain, R. V. Dodge. This company is now the crack organization of the National Guard of the entire State. After the literary exercises, Lieut. and Mrs. Mielke led the grand march and the festivities continued until midnight.

MILK TO BE INSPECTED.

The Supervisors address the Council Co. B. N.G.C., celebrated its fifteenth

The Supervisors address the Council urging that a milk inspector be appointed in this city. The Supervisors pointed in this city. The Supervisors have been urged to appoint a milk inspector but find that they have no jurisdiction so far as the city is concerned. The Supervisors say that they would gladly appoint a milk officer if it was within their power to do so and they respectfully ask the Council to take prompt action in the matter.

WOMAN SUFFRAGISTS.

WOMAN SUFFRAGISTS.

Mrs. Sloane addressed the Woman Suffrage Convention in a happy speech of welcome. Mrs. Porterfield soloed. Mrs. Catt was the orator. She held that the woman's rights movement dated back to about the beginning of the Christian era at the time when a council was held to determine whether woman was a human being possessing a soul and the chance of going to heaven. The ayes prevailed at the council. Woman was declared to be a human being. It was later decided that women possessed minds capable of culture and since then women have advanced along life's pathway with men.

LONG BEACH BREVITIES.

A meeting of free silverites Monday evening was addressed by T. E. Gibbon of Los Angeles.

A subscription for park maintenance has been secured, by which the city park will be watered and cared for, as well as protected from encroachment by animals.

A largely-attended meeting of Republicans was held at the Tabernacle Saturday evening, and was addressed by Will A. Harris of Los Angeles.

A few of the young local Nimrods have formed a gun club, and have the State court to determine who owns leased Watson's Lake, northwest of town, for their use.

the recent decision of Judge Ross before the State court.

In the case of Dr. J. C. Hearne vs. the San Francisco Chronicle wherein plaintiff was awarded \$10,000 damages, a motion for a new trial will be heard before Judge Shaw in Los Angeles on October 24.

Officers of Co. B. N.G.C., will go to Los Angeles on Saturday to help elect a lieutenant-colonel of the Seventh regiment in place of Col. Verney, who has been promoted to the staff of Gen. The final account in settlement of Jesse W. Clemens's estate has been filed in court. The value of the estate is about \$50,000. Thomas B. Clemens receives the ranch in Mission Valley.

Emma J. Bales has secured a di-vorce from J. A. Bales. Two permits have been taken out

I. Miles Jackson has married Amanda J. Percell. VENTURA COUNTY.

Politics Absorbing Attention-Strong Addresses by Republicans. VENTURA, Oct. 13.—(Regular Corre

spondence.) Politics and political dis-cussion have monopolised public atten-tion to the exclusion of all else during the past week, and the fever is growing n intensity as the time draws near when the final decision will be given. Every night meetings are being held in the various precincts of the county, and the time is about equally divided between sound and white flat money. The Bryanites yawp nightly and go over the old ground with a persistency which leads to the belief that they themselyes imagine that they are saying something new. So far, all that the free-sliver partisans have been treated to is a rehash of Ervan's pletitudes. free-silver partisans have been treated to is a rehash of Bryan's platitudes, that have lost their flavor with repetition, and what little value they may have had with the unthinking has vanished at second, third and fourth handling. John J. Boyce, Republican candidate for State Senator, hits off the situation with the statement that Bryan cannot find a fact in history, or a reason in logic to prove that free silver at the ratio of 16 to 1 is a tenable proposition.

AN ACTIVE CAMPAIGN.

The Republicans are prosecuting a very active campaign. From now until November 3 meetings will be held throughout the county every night. Speakers of State and national reputa-tion will be on hand to give out Repub-lican doctrine, and answer the many false statements with which the Bryan theorists are hoping to hoodwink

false statements with which the Bryan theorists are hoping to hoodwink the voters.

Monday night Maj. Kyle addressed a large audience in the assemtly-room of the Nordhoff school, and this evening he will speak at Hueneme. He handles the Demopops without gloves, and leaves a favorable impression.

J. J. Boyce of Santa Barbara spoke at El Rio Monday night to a large openair gathering. He treated of sound money and protection, speaking for nearly two hours, and holding the attention of his auditors. He was followed by E. Burke of Santa Barbara, who spoke in Spanish. Mr. Burke is a son of Miguel Burke, the well-known pioneer resident of Santa Barbara, and makes a telling speech in either English or Spanish. He outlined the fact that the solid business men of Santa Barbara, and makes a telling speech in either English of Hon. George C. Perkins as opposed to Thomas V. Cator, of unsavory personal record. W. E. Shepherd, Mr. Boyce who is pledged to Mr. Cator, whom the Examiner and anti-railroad press denounce as a tool of Huntington.

Mr. Boyce is a sound-money man and a protectionist of long standing, while his opponent stands for free silver, is a pronounced free trader, and has stated that he does not favor the employment of capital by Claus Spreckels in the building up of the beet-sugar industry.

employment of capital by C Spreckels in the building up of

Spreckels in the building up of the beet-sugar industry.

Mr. Shepherd is radical in his views, and has openly declared that this campaign is not political, but a contest of the masses against the classes. In this view he stands with the Socialist wing of the Populist party.

SENATOR PERKINS ON SUGAR.

In this view he stands with the Socialist wing of the Populist party.

SENATOR PERKINS ON SUGAR.

Saturday evening during the course of his argument Senator Perkins gave from personal knowledge a few facts relative to the beet-sugar industry at Watsonville, Cal. During the sugar-making season the beet farmers take out 1400 per day in cash and the factory pays out 1100 per day in labor, making a total of 3550 per day which is put in circulation by the beet-sugar factory. Under a protective tariff and bounty, which the Wilson-Gorman Bill cut off, this amount would be increased one-third in each branch. In Nebraska the beet-sugar industry grew steadily under the McKinley tariff. Bryan, the Populist-Democratic for essentiver candidate, now stumping the United States, was elected to Constituency was beaten for reelection. He then tried to secure a seat in the United States was elected to Constituency was beaten for reelection. He then tried to secure a seat in the United States Senate and was defeated by his own party, the honor being conferred on Senator Thurston, to his constituency was beaten for reelections.

The beet-sugar industry in Neb-aska has been retarded and American money is going abroad to purchase in the United States Senator Perkins suggested that the voters of Ventura county who have climatic and sand Santa Ynez on the 20th.

The beet-sugar industry in Neb-aska has been retarded and American money is going abroad to purchase soil conditions ready-made at their door, will do well to ponder deeply on the future before casting their votes for members of Congress and the State Legislature who are wedded to free trade and free silver.

BEDLANDS.

Bontwright Plends Guilty to Receiv-ing Stolen Goods.

REDLANDS, Oct. 13 .- (Regular Correspondence.) A large number of citi-zens were summoned to San Bernar-dino this morning to testify to the good dino this morning to testify to the good character of A. V. Boatwright, accused of receiving goods stolen from the store of the Robrer Furniture Company. When his case was called in the Superior Court, however, Boatwright took everybody by surprise by pleading gulity. The court announced that sentence would be pronounced next Monday.

REDLANDS BREVITIES.

REDLANDS BREVITIES.

J. B. Breed and I. L. Lyon have been appointed a committee to present to the presbytery the dissolution of the relation between Rev. J. H. Stewart and the Presbyterian Church. The congregation has passed resolutions of high commendation and regret.

James A. Graham is under \$50 cash bail for disturbing the Salvation Army meeting Sunday evening.

The Y. M. C. A. members have organized a debating society, with the following officers: B. G. Holmes, president; R. G. Rohrer, vice-president; F. E. Sanford, secretary and treasurer; R. R. Richey, sergeant-at-arms; Executive Committee, U. L. Dike, R. C. Cunnignham and Karl Wells.

Joe Thamann, who was recently severely burned by contact with an electric wire, was taken to the Sisters' Hospital, Los Angeles, and today both arms were amputated.

DISGRACEFUL TIRADE OF ABUSE

Disgusts His Andlence—Arrang-ing Basebatt Games With the Santa Monica Boys - Two Weddings-News Notes.

SANTA BARBARA, Oct. 13.-(Regular Correspondence.) There was a "free brass" exhibition at Channel City Hall last night under the auspices of the Free Silver Club. The speaker of the evening was one Dr. York of San Francisco. He took a hand in a street Francisco. He took a hand in a street quarrel just before the meeting, using several objectionable epithets. The chief characteristics of his two hours' harrangue in the hall were slimy mud and blackguarding. He characterized leading Republicans as devils and referred to Bryan as being an angel, he pictured John Sherman as a thief and murderer compared to whom Durrant was an archangel from seventh heaven. When the patience of his hearers was exhausted, he railed at them for leaving, saying "You will go to camp meeting and stay all night. This is my meeting. Stay and take your medicine." He left with fewer friends than he had when he came and did not make any votes for Bryan.

WANT TO PLAY BALL.

WANT TO PLAY BALL.

The secretary of the Santa Monica Basebail Club has written a very courteous letter to the boys here, asking if it would be agreeable for them to go to Santa Monica in the near future to play ball and suggesting that two games could be arranged, one for Saturday and one for Sunday. The invitation is appreciated by the Santa Barbara boys and the arrangement suggested suits them better than any other because they are practically all in school and cannot well leave any other time of the week. The boys are elated over the prospects of a trip to Santa Monica and a chance to play ball with experts. They are not boastful but are confident that they can make a much better showing than when playing the Saticoy team in the Examiner contest. If they make this trip they will prepare themselves for a stiff game.

LEAVING TO WED.

LEAVING TO WED.

George Kalthoff, a young man of this city, and a musician of ability, left on the early morning train today for Los Angeles where he has arranged to meet and wed Miss Elise Ackerman of Berlin, Germany. The only wedding tour planned is a return to this city within a few days, where Mr. and Mrs. Kalthoff will permanently reside.

George McComber, of the firm of W. C. Short, and Miss Emma Gallaher of this city, left also on the early morning train for Los Angeles, and the two will be one as soon as the train arrives in Los Angeles and the little preliminaries can be arranged. They will soon return to Santa Barbara and their many friends, and will make this their future home.

SANTA BARBARA BREVITIES. LEAVING TO WED.

SANTA BARBARA BREVITIES.
The Meigs vs. Doyle case was set for 10 a.m. today in the Superior Court. Doyle was absent all day, but the attorneys were there and did much arguling. The main point in the case seeems to be that the voters of Hope precinct, if denied the privilege of voting for a supervisor in the third district, are liable to cast a solid vote against Cope for Superior Judge, before whom the case is now being tried. This is a bit of political fun.

The new proprietors of the Morning Press of this city are wiping out the old marks on the walls, mopping up the failures of the past and preparing to give the Press a new lease of life on the morning of the 15th inst. The Fiag, a weekly publication, also promises "substantial improvements" soon after election.

The funeral of Prof. J. E. Green SANTA BARBARA BREVITIES.

after election.

The funeral of Prof. J. E. Green took place at 4 p.m today from his late residence on Bath street, under the auspices of the Foresters, of which body he was an honored member. The band boys of this city turned out en masse to pay their last tribute of respect to their departed leader and friend.

of grain and a large consignment of potatoes from the Lompoc Valley.

E. S. Lippitt, Republican speaker, will speak at Los Alamos on the 16th inst: Santa Maria, 17th; Garey, 19th, and Santa Ynes on the 20th.

H. A. C. McPhail leaves by tomorrow's stage for Lompoc, and will go from there by rail to San Francisco on a two weeks' business trip.

C. V. Ingerrieden and H. Lechler of Chicago, now at the Mascarel, are here for the purpose of buying walnuts for eastern shipment.

There will be a sacred recital on Wednesday evening, conducted by Lewis Thwaites and his choir.

A motherhood meeting was held at the residence of Mrs. J. N. Calkins this afternoon at 3 o'clock.

Judge J. L. Campbell of San Bernardino presided in the Superior Court of this county yesterday.

A marriage license was issued yesterday to Thomas Ontiveros and Miss Paulina Gonzalez.

Hiram Pierce and Francis W. Wilson are in the San Rafael Mountains for a week's outing.

Miners Quit Work. COLUMBUS (O.,) Oct. 13.—About one hundred and fifty miners quit work at Corning today, refusing to accept a reduction from 61 to 45 cents.

HOW WILL THE STATE GO A colored chart for the vest pocket, show-ing the electoral vote of each State since 1864, sent free to any address. The Ice and Gold Storage Company of Los Angeles.

SEE the elegant Shaw plano which is offered by The Times in the windows of the Southern California Music Company, Nos. 216 and 217 West Third street.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Mme. Emma M. Girard, dressmaker, would like to inform her customers that she has removed to No. 312 South Hill street, and invites her customers to call evenings, or write.

APPLICATIONS for admission to the training class of the Lee Angeles Public Library will be received up to and including October 24. For information apply at the library.

LETTERS OF A BOSS

HOW THE WHEELS OF THE PO-LITICAL MACHINE WORK.

Correspondence Between a Cam paign Manager and His Licuten-ants on the Eve of Election.

HOW THE FUNDS ARE HANDLED.

CALLING OFF THE ORATORS WHO MAKE BAD BREAKS.

Genuine Transcripts from Letters Written and Received by a Party Leader, Showing How a Ross Controls Politics.

(CONTRIBUTED TO THE TIMES.) A generation ago it was said: "For mystery there is no place to equal the editorial sanctum." But to meet the altered conditions of the present day that sentence should be amended to read: "Except the office of a party boss on the eve of an important election." At such a time the campaign manager can be compared only to a general on the eve of a battle. There are a thousand and one matters of detail to claim every moment of his attention. The final alignment of his forces, the distribution of supplies and the exact plan of the tattle must be settled. The boss must altered conditions of the present of supplies and the exact plan of the lattle must be settled. The boss must be in every part of the State, or, if he be a national boss, in every part of the country, at once. He must meet every demand upon his time, and exercise a personal supervision over every division of his army.

The successful political boss does all this and more, but he is so well screened from public view, and his work is carried on so quietly, that the great body of citizens, whose action he probably controls to a considerable

work is carried on so quietly, that the great body of citizens, whose action he probably controls to a considerable extent, see only the result and know little or nothing of the process which accomplishes that result. That is known only to the trained politicians who surround the campaign manager. The extent of the field covered by the operations of the political general requires him to carry on a large part of his work by means of letters to his lieutenants and to others interested in the campaign work, and thus from the necessities of the situation has grown up a special form of political literature made up of the letters exchanged by politicians during the progress of a campaign. The extent of this epistolary literature is not generally appreciated. Several hundred letters are received and sent out every day from important political headquarters in a busy campaign like the present one, and though many of these are identical in form and subject, all of them together cover almost the entire field of political activity, and a few selections from them will show concisely how a great campaign is carried on.

In the following series of letters the names are, of course, fictitious, but in the subject matter itself every letter is paralleled by one written or received by one of the most astute of the men who are known today as the real leaders of their party. Only a few of the most significant and suggestive letters have been selected from the great bulk of a busy politicaln's correspondence, but these tell in outline the story of how a political battle was actually generalled. The first letter is in a measure prefatory to the others and is included to show how a well-establishel State boss may be able to control even a national thairman so far as the conduct of the campaign in his own State is concerned. The others follow in regular order and explain themselves. great body of citizens, whose he probably controls to a considerable

FROM THE STATE BOSS TO THE NATIONAL CHAIRMAN.

The State Boss to the National Executive Committee that the present committee is not riendly to the party candidate and will continue to do so in any event.

Second—You are aware that the importance of the State in a national election requires the expenditure of the party in this State has been due to not breath of the campaign; also, that the conditional continue to the party fund from this State are usually larger than in any other. A number of large continues to the party in this State has been due to not party mandous to the party in this State has been due to not prove mandous to the party in this State has been due to not prove mandous to the party in this State has been due to not proven mandous to the party in this State has been due to not prove mandous to the party in this State has been due to not prove mandous to believe that the neighborhood of \$200,000, are kind neough to believe that the success of the party in this State has been due to not prove the party in this State has been due to not prove the party in this State has been due to not prove the party in this State has been due to not prove the party in this State has been due to not prove the party in this State has been due to not prove the party in this State has been due to not prove the party in this State has been due to not prove the party in this State has been due to not prove the party in this State has been due to not prove the party in this State has been due to not prove the party in this State has been due to not prove the party in this State has been due to not prove the party in this State has been due to not prove the party in this State has been due to not prove the party in this State has been due to not prove the party in this State has been due to not prove the party in this state has been due to not prove the party in this state has been due to not prove the party in this state has been due to not prove the party in this state has been due to not prove the party in the state that the success of the party in this state ha

in the national convention, we did so under instructions from our constituents. The State Executive Committee is now working hard for the success of the party candidate and will continue to do so in any event.

Second—You are aware that the importance of this State in a national election requires the expenditure of large sums of money in the conduct of the campaign; also, that the contributions to the party fund from this State are usually larger than in any other. A number of large contributors, whose gifts usually run up into the neighborhood of \$200,000, are kind enough to believe that the success of the party in this State has been due in some measure to my efforts, and the party in this State has oeen due in some measure to my efforts, and they prefer to make their contributions through me. They inform me that they shall follow that course this year and if another man is appointed to carry on the campaign in this State, they on the campaign in this State, they will turn the money over to the State Committee to be expended as that com-

My Dear Mr. Pruett: Let me assure you that there hasn't been the slightest intention of deposing you from the management of the campaign for the national ticket in your State. On the confrary, we expect your long experience and recognized ability, to be a large factor in rolling up a goodsized majority. Please advise me more fully as to the present situation as you see it, and the extent of the contributions you mention. Very truly yours,

J. R. CLARK,
Chairman National Committee.

TO A LIEUTENANT.

Oct. 23, 189—,
Mr. S. M. Jones—Dear Sir: The
election, as you are aware, is less than
two weeks ahead and much lively work two weeks ahead and much lively work is still needed to insure a victory. The other side is making a desperate appeal to the prejudices of the workingmen and we must meet and beat them on their own ground. You will therefore appreciate the necessity of earnest work between now and November 5.

In order to find out exactly where we stand, and what the present drift of opinion is, I desire you to supplement your earlier report on the situation in your county with another based on a canvass of the voters which you will make as complete and accurate as possible. This will also be a good opportunity for a little energetic personal campaign work.

tunity for a little energetic personal campaign work.

From reports which have already come to me, it is evident that it will be necessary to get out every vote and to bring our usual majority in your district up a few hundred higher Don't say that it can't be done, for it must be done, and you are just the man to be done, and you are just the man to do it. Kindly report to me without delay, the exact situation as it stands

today, and what aid, if any, you will need from the State organization to bring the vote up to the figures I have suggested. Don't hesitate to ask for what you need, but remember that it is a close fight this year, and don't call on us for more than you absolutely require. Yours, etc.,

JAMES S. PRUETT.

FROM A COUNTY CHAIRMAN.

Oct. 24, 189—
James S. Pruett—My Dear Sir: I take the liberty of caling your attention to the need of extra effort to hold French county in line this year. As this is the home of Wilbur, the candidate of the opposition party for Governor, they are doing everything to carry the county, and I must admit it looks a little dubious for us at present. You know we generally have a majority of from 500 to 1000 without calling on the central organization for help, but this year we can't do it. We're a little shaky on the Legislature, too. We want to put a Republican there, and I imagine you do, too, for you've always found the French county men right with you, and Mr. Darby wishes me to say that he expects to stand by you as well if elected.

The argument of the opposition has been: "What' a great thing it would be to have a French county man for Governor." You know how such an argument takes hold, too. They have had Senator Wetherow up here, and next week Congressman Barrett, their star orator, is coming. Then, too, they have loads of money, and are going to use it where it will do the most good. Naturally, our boys are a little discouraged at seeing so much soap in sight on the other side, while we can't do anything for them.

If we can have one good speaker for a big demonstration next week, and \$1200 to use on or before election day, we can beat Wilbur in his own home and send Darby to the Legislature—and we wont' forget where the credit for it belongs, I assure you. Respectfully, SILAS G. SMITH. Chairman French County Committee. FROM A COUNTY CHAIRMAN.

Chairman French County Committee.

Oct. 25, 189—.

Mr. Silas G. Smith—My Dear Mr. Smith: Your letter of two days ago I brought to the attention of the Executive Committee, and they have decided to leave the matter with me. I want to do whatever is necessary to beat Wilbur in French county, if it takes both money and men. If you will arrange for a big meeting on the Saturday night before election, I will wire to Col. Porter to stop off there on his way home and make a speech. He is our "star" orator, and you must get up a demonstration that will knock theirs all hollow.

You seem to be in thorough accord with Mr. Darby, whom I have not yet had the pleasure of meeting. I wish that you would acquaint him with the exact requirements in your district, and tell him that I would like to have him come down and call on me on Saturday or Sunday. I can then talk things over with him, and make him the bearer of whatever I can spare you. Tell the boys not to be discouraged. We may be able to do something for them yet. There is another matter that I wish to call to your attention. Will you thoroughly investigate Wilbur's record and see if there is anything that we can spring at this late day that will hurt his chances. Be very careful about it and address whatever you find out to me, giving the exact facts and also suggesting the best way they can be used. Let me know about it as soon as you can. Yours, etc..

FROM ANTI-MACHINE LEADER.

FROM ANTI-MACHINE LEADER.

October 25, 189-. Mr. James S. Pruett-My Dear Sir You will no doubt be surprised to hear You will no doubt be surprised to hear from me, since we have been on opposite sides in the recent fight for control in this county. But I address you because I believe it is better for both sides to speak frankly in this matter and to work together for the success of the ticket which we are both supporting, than to indulge either in explanations or recriminations after the election. Frankly, then, it seems to me that Sandbar county is hardly receiving a fair share of attention from the State Committee.

FRANCIS G. WENDELL.

Chairman Sandbar County Committee,

Mr. Francis G. Wendell—Dear Sir: Your letter reached me this morning and I at once consulted with the members of the Executive Committee on the subject which you touch upon. While there certainly is no disposition on our part to treat any county or bers of the Executive Committee on the subject which you touch upon. While there certainly is no disposition on our part to treat any county or any committee unfairly, you understand that the judgment of the whole committee determines the proper use of the means at our disposal. Those, as you know, are very limited this point on the committee, they will do most good. To show you that this is not a matter which rests with me, I will say that in my own county not a cent of money or a campaign speaker is supplied from headquarters. My subscription to the fund there came out of my own pocket and is backed up by generous contributions from nearly every member of the party. Word comes to me that they are going to put the county in the right column on election day, and it seems to me that Sandbar, which contains more wealthy and prominent clitizens, should be able to do as well as little Sago. I am glad that you spoke so frankly on the position of your Legislative candidates. Of course my only object in bringing the matter up so early was the good of the party and the exist of the party and the exist of the position of your Legislative candidates. Of course my only object in bringing the matter up so early was the good of the party and the desire that we might be worthily represented in the Senate. The man whom I mentioned for the place could not be excelled in the matter of fitness and I think that he will receive the support of the party if we are fortunate enough to control the Legislature. Trusting that we may hear from Sandbar in no uncertain tones on election day, I remain, yours, etc.

JAMES S. PRUETT.

TO MACHINE LEADER IN SAME

John R. Blaisdell, our next Governor: I am very glad that I can feel confined the able to do as mistake in addressing you as I have. From pressing you as I have placed to the way and we must be lection with the coles, but with the margin on the right side. However, a very little might turn this ide.



DR. LIEBIG & CO.

123 South Main Street.

In all private diseases of Men

Not a Dollar Need Be Paid Until Cured CATARRH a specialty. We cure the worst cases a two to three months.

GLEET of years standing cared promptly. Wasting brains of all kinds in manor woman speedily stopped

Examination, Including Analysis, Free No matter what your trouble is, nor who has failed, come and see us. You will not regret it. In Nature's laboratory there is a remedy for every disease. We have the rem say for yours. Come and get it. The poor treated free on Fridays from toil. 123 SOUTH MAIN STREET.

PRESTON& MERRILL'S BAKING POWDER

~ alifornia outhern arpet Sale.

326-30 S. Main

treated us. He seems to think that they can't carry the county without some help from us. He tells me, too, that his candidates for the Legislature may support Burritt for Senator, though they don't want to pledge themselves. That means, of course, that they want my help to get in so that they want my help to get in so that they can fight me tooth and nail after they are in. Wendell didn't get anything but a letter urging him to continue in the good work. I can hardly be expected to furnish money to fight against myself.

Now Fenton, I want you to undertake a delicate task, one that I wouldn't impose on anybody less trustworthy. I wouldn't write if there was time for you to come and see me, but there isn't. You will appreciate the necessity of destroying this letter. I want you to carefully look over the ground and see if your judgment coincides with mine, which is that a very few votes from the solid organization me of Sandbar might decide the election either way. If so, carefully sound Squires, strictly on the q. t., of course, and see if he considers a seat in the Legislature worth a vote for the Pruett candidate for Senator. If he does, ask him to call on me, but don't let him know you have heard from me. It might not be the worst calamity for the party or for ourselves, to have Sandbar represented in the Legislature by the opposition for once. This matter requires carefull handling, but you are the man to do it without bungling. Don't let the cat out too soon.

JAMES S. PRUITT.

James S. Pruett: Oct. 28, 189—.

James S. Pruett: O.K.—S. will meet you at American Hotel tomorrow evening at 8 o'clock. FENTON.

TO NATIONAL CHAIRMAN.
Oct. 27, 189—.

J. R. Clark—Dear Sir: Am pleased to say that the campaign is progressing most satisfactorily here. If we keep up the pace we have set and bring the campaign to a fitting climax, we shall be all right. Your recommendation to Treasurer Blair was promptly acted upon and fixes that end of the work all right. Now, I want to ask if you won't fix the other end for us as well. I am told that our candidate will make but three speeches, the ones already scheduled, and I would respectfully suggest that he make a fourth and that the fourth and last be delivered here November 1 or 2, and certainly the political importance of this city and State justifies such recognition. Respectfully,

JAMES S. PRUETT.

CANDIDATE FOR GOVERNOR.

John R. Blaisdell, our next Governor:
I am very glad that I can feel confi-I am very glad that I can feel confident I have not made a mistake in addressing you as I have. From present indications the election will be close, but with the margin on the right side. However, a very little might turn the scale the other way and we must look out for any mantraps the opposition may set. They will undoubtedly try to spring something on us at the eleventh hour, and we must be prepared for them. We may also be able to show them that two can play at such a game.

For the rest of the campaign I think that it would be advisable to keep me informed of your movements, so that I can place myself in instant communication with you if necessary.

something in sight for them. I've got all dockmen and canal boatmen in line, but I can't hold them unless they's something for them to warm their fingers on election day. I can give you a list showing just how much we need and just how many votes it means. Then if you can come down to the proper tune the old sixth will roll them up for the ticket, and I'll bury Murphy out of sight.

Yours very respectfully,

DAN W. O'BRIEN,
Chairman Sixth Dist. Committee.

FROM A COUNTY CHAIRMAN.

FROM A COUNTY CHAIRMAN.

October 29, 189—
James S. Pruett—Dear Fried: Don't you think you had better call off Col. Walker? He made bad breaks in his Marsden and Exford speeches by referring to the striking workmen as loafers. The railway workers, who are strong here, are down on him, and I'm afraid there'il be trouble if he tries to speak here on Thursday, as he is scheduled to do. At any rate, a speech from him would do us more harm than good in this town now. Can't you give us some one else?

THERON B. WILSON.

Chairman Westend County Com.

October, 30, 189—.
C. P. Walker, Dear Col: The Executive Committee have decided that we need you here at headquarters to help manage the bureau of speakers, so Congressman Brown will fill out the list of dates. Will you come down at once if you can? Trusting that this arrangement is satisfactory to you, I am yours, etc.

am yours, etc., JAMES S. PRUETT.

James S. Pruett—Dear Pruett: I have carried out your request of the 25th with this result: Before Wilbur came here, thirty years ago, he was director of a bank in Wexford, Stafford county. It was not a large concern, but did an extensive business in small deposits, Wilbur was on the bond of a young book-keeper who was a distant relation, I believe. This young fellow skipped out with about \$5000 of the bank's money, and it was found, after his flight, that his bond had been withdrawn a few weeks before. There was some ugly talk and charges of complicity in the embezzlement against Wilbur. The bank officials weren't inclined to push the matter, but Wilbur insisted on a trial and after he had been acquitted, he paid back the money, saying that he had intended to do so all along. Before Wilbur came here, thirty years

You see, if you can publish the first part of this, stopping with the acquitpart of this, stopping with the acquittal, it ought to raise the mischlef, but
of course it must be held off till the
day before election, so that there won't
be time for Wilbur's explanation to
catch up with it. It wouldn't do to publish it in French county or the adjoining counties, for it would instantly be
denied and would only hurt our 6wn
ticket, Yours respectfully,
SILAS G. SMITH.

CIRCULAR LETTER TO COUNTY CHAIRMAN.

CIRCULAR LETTER TO COUNTY
CHARMAN.

Oct. 31, 188—
Mr. ——Dear Sir: The inclosed slip, in relation to the past record of candidate Wilbur. explains itself. Please see that the party papers in your district publish it on the day before election, but not sooner, as it will prove a boomerang if it is given out prematurely. If there are no papers coming out on that day, make it as public as you can by other means, hand-bills or something of that sort. Remember the date and make no mistakes about that, as the whole election may depend on it.

Please send in your final report on November 1 or 2, and make it as correct as possible. Yours, etc.

JAMES S. PRUETT.

Mr. Thomas S. Burritt—Dear Tom:
You will probably be considerably worked up tomorrow and so I write this to assure you that you are perfectly safe and you can say tomorrow night, as you have said before, that Jim Pruett never goes back on his word. When I said that I'd see you in the United States Senate I meant, it, and by thunder you'll pull through if the whole State ticket has to go under. Just put this note out of the way wnen you get through with it, as that last wouldn't make pretty reading in case anybody got hold of it. Remember I'll call on you in Washington next winter. As ever,

WHO WILL WIN?

The Nation, the State, the Congress District—Who Will Carry Which, and By How Much?-And How Many Votes Will the Woman-Suffrage Amendment Receive in the State?

THE TIMES Inaugurates a Guessing Contest-Everybody Invited-No Restrictions on Account of Age, Sex or Politics. Make as Many Guesses as You Please Every Day

ON THE PRESIDENCY

THE PRIZES:

1. For the closest guess as to who will receive the plurality of the popular vote for President of the United States, The Times will give the Shaw Piano described below, valued at \$600, 2. For the closest guess as to the electoral majority for President, The Times will give a Lady's Gold Watch, valued at \$35.00.

3. For the closest guess as to the plurality of the popular vote for President in California, The Times will give lot No. 20, Block K, in the Menlo Park Tract, described below, valued at \$350. 4. For the closest guess as to the majority for Congressman in the Sixth California District, The Times will give the choice of either a Keating or a Victor Bicycle, model of 1896, as described below, valued at \$100.

5. For the closest guess as to the total number of votes cast in favor of the Sixth or Woman's Suffrage Amendment to the Constitution of California, The Times will give a White Sewing Machine, as described below, valued at \$65.00.

GENERAL INFORMATION FOR GUESSERS.

Whole namber of electoral votes...... 447 California's electoral vote is..... Popular vote in the United States in 1892, 12,089,950. Cleveland, 5,551,143; Harrison, 5,178,581;

Total vote of California in 1892, 269,585. Cleveland, 118,151; Harrison, 118,027; Weaver, 25,311;

Vote of California for Governor in 1894, 284,548. Budd, 111,944; Estee, 110,738; Webster, 51,304; French, 10,561.

Guesses will be numbered and filed as soon as received. If two or more persons make the same guess, the prize will be awarded to the person who made his or her guess first, as shown by the number. No guesses will be received later than 12 o'clock noon. November 2, 1896. Send five coupons in a bunch.

Matchless Shaw Piano=-Worth \$600 in Cash.



This magnificent instrument is the finest and and best we could procure in what is conceded to be the largest and best music house in Los Angeles. The Shaw Piano, according to the best expert testimony available, is honestly what it purports to be, matchless in tone, touch and finish. There is none better. The cash price of this instrument we offer is \$600. It, and cheaper pianos of the same excellent make, can be seen at the beautiful rooms of the

Southern California Music Co.,

216-218 West Third Street,

Bradbury Bullding.

Lot 20, Block K, Menlo Park Tract, Worth \$350 Cash.

This lot 40 by 150 feet in size, is in Easton, Eldridge & Co's. beautiful Menlo Park tract. It fronts on Twenty-second street and is midway between Menlo and Griffith avenues. The net cash price of this lot was \$350. Menlo Park is ten minutes' ride from the corner of Second and Spring streets by Central avenue or Maple avenue electric cars, in the direct line of the city's growth south and east. It is fine residence property. Street work, including grading, graveling, cement curbs and sidewalks, has already been, or will be completed on every street in the tract without expense to the purchasers. Beautiful shade trees, city water, building restrictions in every deed guaranteeing highclass improvements are among the inducements to purchasers. For map or any other information concerning the lot offered as a prize, inquire at the office of

EASTON, ELDRIDGE & CO.,

121 South Broadway.

Or at the Adams Street office on the tract

Keating and Victor Bicycles---None Better.



HAWLEY, KING & CO.

FR RECREATION \$



The Victor Bicycle is not a mongrel; it is a thoroughbred. Its pedigree is known and registered. From tires to saddle, from rims to post, from cranks to bar, from balls to grips, the Victor is made in ONE FACTORY.

HAWLEY, KING & CO., Southern California Agents

Drop-head Cabinet Sewing Machine.

Agents at Pasadena-E. R. Braley & Co.

Solid Gold Watch.



M. LISSNER & CO., M. LISSNER & CO., gold and silversmiths. South Spring St., Los Angeles, and Broadway and 18th St. Oakland. The watch is handsomely engraved, artistic in design, and contains a fine movement of the celebrated Waltham Watch Co.'s manufacture. Messrs. Lissner & Co. guarantee it to be an accurate and reliable timepiece in every respect. This prize may be seen at Lissner's elegant Los Angeles establishment,



The New "Eldridge B" elaborated, ornamented Sewing Machine; nickel-plated face-plate and flywheel; self-threading shuttle, tension releaser; automatic bobbin winder, self-setting needle face." self-setting needle, fancy foot attachments; warranted for ten years; with bent wood work, oak finish. Agents' price \$75.00, but sold by the

Los Angeles Sewing Machine Co.,

239 S. Spring Street,

(who sell all makes) for \$20.00 to \$35.00 on the 'no-

GUESSING COUPON. Guess on one or all

Carefully fill out the coupons (five in a bunch) and mail them to the Los Angeles Times Prize Department 1. The popular plurality of for President of the United States will be 2 The electoral majority of. for President of the United States will be

5. The aggregate vote for the Woman Suffrage Amendment to the State Constitution will be

Sign your name and address plainly, or you will be the loser.) Particular Netice -On No. 2 (the electoral majority) but one guess will be allowed to any one person.